

Supplemental Financial Information

SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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OVERVIEW

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NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION





PREMIER US LODGING REIT

S&P

500

COMPANY

\$11.8

BILLION

MARKET CAP(1)

\$16.4

BILLION

ENTERPRISE VALUE(1)

LUXURY & UPPER UPSCALE CONSOLIDATED HOTELS PORTFOLIO(2)

08

HOTELS

45,400

ROOMS

20

TOP US MARKETS

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The Company is followed by the analysts listed above. Please note that any opinions, estimates or forecasts regarding the Company's performance made by these analysts are theirs alone and do not represent opinions, forecasts or predictions of the Company or its management. The Company does not by its reference above imply its endorsement of or concurrence with any of such analysts' information, conclusions or recommendations.

OVERVIEW



ABOUT HOST HOTELS & RESORTS

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc., herein referred to as "we," "Host Inc.," or the "Company," is a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust that owns hotel properties. We conduct our operations as an umbrella partnership REIT through an operating partnership, Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. ("Host LP"), of which we are the sole general partner. When distinguishing between Host Inc. and Host LP, the primary difference is approximately 1% of the partnership interests in Host LP held by outside partners as of September 30, 2021, which is non-controlling interests in Host LP in our consolidated balance sheets and is included in net (income) loss attributable to non-controlling interests in our consolidated statements of operations. Readers are encouraged to find further detail regarding our organizational structure in our annual report on Form 10-K.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This supplemental information contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities regulations. These forward-looking statements include forecast results and are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "should," "plan," "predict," "project," "will," "continue" and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future results. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made. These risks include, but are not limited to: the duration and scope of the COVID-19 pandemic and its short and longer-term impact on the demand for travel, transient and group business, and levels of consumer confidence; actions governments, businesses and individuals take in response to the pandemic, including limiting or banning travel or the size of gatherings; the impact of the pandemic and actions taken in response to the pandemic on global and regional economies, travel, and economic activity, including the duration and magnitude of its impact on unemployment rates, business investment and consumer discretionary spending; the pace of recovery when the COVID-19 pandemic subsides; general economic uncertainty in U.S. markets where we own hotels and a worsening of economic conditions or low levels of economic growth in these markets; the effects of steps we and our hotel managers take to reduce operating costs in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; other changes (apart from the COVID-19 pandemic) in national and local economic and business conditions and other factors such as natural disasters and weather that will affect occupancy rates at our hotels and the demand for hotel products and services; the impact of geopolitical developments outside the U.S. on lodging demand; volatility in global financial and credit markets; operating risks associated with the hotel business; risks and limitations in our operating flexibility associated with the level of our indebtedness and our ability to meet covenants in our debt agreements; risks associated with our relationships with property managers and joint venture partners; our ability to maintain our properties in a first-class manner, including meeting capital expenditure requirements; the effects of hotel renovations on our hotel occupancy and financial results; our ability to compete effectively in areas such as access, location, quality of accommodations and room rate structures; risks associated with our ability to complete acquisitions and develop new properties and the risks that acquisitions and new developments may not perform in accordance with our expectations; our ability to continue to satisfy complex rules in order for us to remain a REIT for federal income tax purposes; risks associated with our ability to effectuate our dividend policy, including factors such as operating results and the economic outlook influencing our board's decision whether to pay further dividends at levels previously disclosed or to use available cash to make special dividends; and other risks and uncertainties associated with our business described in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K, guarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC. Although the Company believes the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions, it can give no assurance that the expectations will be attained or that any deviation will not be material. All information in this supplemental presentation is as of November 3, 2021, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to conform the statement to actual results or changes in the Company's expectations.

ALL OWNED HOTEL PRO FORMA OPERATING STATISTICS AND RESULTS AND NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES



To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics (i.e., Total RevPAR, RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this supplemental information on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance (discussed in "Hotel Property Level Operating Results"). However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and its effects on operations, there is little comparability between periods. For this reason, we temporarily are suspending our comparable hotel presentation and instead present hotel operating results for all consolidated hotels and, to facilitate comparisons between periods, we are presenting results on a pro forma basis, including the following adjustments: (1) operating results are presented for all consolidated hotels owned as of September 30, 2021, but do not include the results of operations for properties sold through the reporting date; and (2) operating results for acquisitions as of September 30, 2021 are reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the year-over-year comparison includes periods prior to our ownership, the changes will not necessarily correspond to changes in our actual results. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for further information on these pro forma statistics and the limitations on their use.

Included in this supplemental information are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP (U.S. generally accepted accounting principles), within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) EBITDA (for both the Company and hotel level), (ii) EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre, (iii) Net Operating Income (NOI) and (iv) All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Operating Statistics and Results. Also included are reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measures. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for definitions of these measures, why we believe these measures are useful and limitations on their use.

Also included in this supplemental information is our leverage ratio, unsecured interest coverage ratio and fixed charge coverage ratio, calculated in accordance with our credit facility, along with our EBITDA to interest coverage ratio, indenture indebtedness test, indenture secured indebtedness test, and indenture unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness test, calculated in accordance with our senior notes indenture covenants. Included with these ratios are reconciliations calculated in accordance with GAAP. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for information on how these supplemental measures are calculated, why we believe they are useful and limitations on their use.



OVERVIEW

PROPERTY LEVEL DATA

CAPITALIZATION

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NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION





(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT HOTEL STATISTICS AND PER ROOM BASIS)

Quarter	ended	September	30.	2021
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Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR ⁽¹⁾	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room ⁽²⁾	
Maui/Oahu	4	2,007	\$514.34	82.8%	\$425.86	\$117.3	\$635.28	
Jacksonville	1	446	465.60	68.7	319.90	28.0	683.35	
Miami	3	1,276	364.54	55.2	201.40	40.4	333.79	
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,842	314.16	45.2	141.93	48.6	286.62	
Phoenix	4	1,822	245.88	57.7	141.92	53.9	321.83	
Orlando	2	2,448	332.90	37.4	124.35	51.4	228.19	
Los Angeles/Orange County	5	2,119	218.60	71.1	155.40	42.1	216.04	
Philadelphia	2	810	191.85	79.1	151.74	16.6	223.07	
San Diego	3	3,288	247.61	72.1	178.55	85.0	281.14	
Houston	4	1,716	149.60	66.6	99.67	21.1	133.88	
Atlanta	4	1,682	178.31	56.6	100.94	22.0	142.30	
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	169.41	60.6	102.70	18.0	156.44	
San Antonio/Austin	3	1,960	181.37	56.1	101.79	27.4	152.09	
Washington, D.C. (CBD) (4)	5	3,238	185.06	37.1	68.65	28.9	96.94	
Denver	3	1,340	169.25	65.4	110.75	17.5	141.64	
Chicago	4	1,816	191.01	62.4	119.27	25.0	149.38	
New York	3	4,261	217.90	46.2	100.72	51.3	130.88	
Seattle	2	1,315	202.49	53.5	108.25	15.7	130.03	
New Orleans	1	1,333	136.76	54.3	74.30	11.2	91.66	
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,530	163.42	50.0	81.72	43.5	104.30	
Boston	3	2,715	204.56	48.1	98.46	29.4	117.58	
Other	8	2,759	252.92	53.8	136.07	48.0	189.18	
Other property level (3)						1.4		
Domestic	79	45,975	236.65	55.7	131.82	843.7	199.00	
International	5	1,499	90.99	51.4	46.77	9.2	66.43	
All Locations - Nominal US\$	84	47,474	\$232.40	55.6%	\$129.14	\$852.9	\$194.82	
Pro forma adjustments (5)		,				(9.4)		
Total	84	47,474	_	_	_	\$843.5	_	

⁽¹⁾ RevPAR is the product of the average daily room rate charged and the average daily occupancy achieved.

⁽²⁾ Total Revenues per Available Room ("Total RevPAR") is a summary measure of hotel results calculated by dividing the sum of room, food and beverage and other ancillary service revenue by room nights available to guests for the period. It includes ancillary revenues not included within RevPAR.

⁽³⁾ Other property level includes certain ancillary revenues.

CBD refers to the central business district.

⁽⁵⁾ Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired as of September 30, 2021. The AC Hotel Scottsdale North is a new development hotel located in Phoenix that opened in January 2021. Therefore, there were no operations for the hotel prior to January 2021 and no adjustments made for pro forma results of the hotel for periods prior to its opening. In addition, hotel results exclude the Laura Hotel, a luxury downtown Houston hotel, acquired in July 2021, as it was closed for the entirety of the quarter. Results for the five hotels sold subsequent to quarter end are included, as they were owned for the entirety of the periods presented.



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT HOTEL STATISTICS AND PER ROOM BASIS)

Quarter ended September 30, 2020

	Quarter ended September 50, 2020								
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room		
Maui/Oahu	4	2,007	\$172.74	11.3%	\$19.47	\$4.6	\$25.42		
Jacksonville	1	446	419.23	43.3	181.67	15.7	383.23		
Miami	3	1,276	209.34	26.8	56.08	12.0	98.65		
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,842	288.56	33.7	97.38	33.0	194.67		
Phoenix	3	1,657	201.12	22.0	44.33	16.8	110.66		
Orlando	2	2,448	433.28	7.0	30.40	14.2	63.13		
Los Angeles/Orange County	5	2,119	182.68	26.4	48.15	12.1	62.24		
Philadelphia	2	810	147.01	32.2	47.36	5.1	68.09		
San Diego	3	3,288	203.85	15.6	31.78	15.9	52.66		
Houston	4	1,716	105.12	32.4	34.07	7.6	47.93		
Atlanta	4	1,682	139.03	31.6	43.89	9.4	60.57		
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	157.90	19.7	31.11	5.0	43.91		
San Antonio/Austin	3	1,960	130.06	15.4	20.04	5.1	28.10		
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	163.25	6.3	10.22	3.7	12.42		
Denver	3	1,340	122.10	21.5	26.24	4.3	34.58		
Chicago	4	1,816	124.78	17.6	21.95	4.5	26.96		
New York	3	4,261	187.37	11.0	20.70	9.1	23.16		
Seattle	2	1,315	172.32	6.1	10.48	1.5	12.33		
New Orleans	1	1,333	112.64	26.6	30.00	4.4	35.57		
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,530	165.35	13.1	21.59	11.3	27.13		
Boston	3	2,715	135.30	4.9	6.62	2.3	9.43		
Other	8	2,759	198.70	26.0	51.63	18.7	73.67		
Other property level (1)						1.7			
Domestic	78	45,810	184.34	17.6	32.40	218.0	51.32		
International	5	1,499	88.93	11.3	10.08	1.9	13.50		
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	47,309	\$182.37	17.4%	\$31.69	\$219.9	\$50.13		
Pro forma adjustments (2)						(21.5)			
Total	83	47,309	_	_	_	\$198.4	_		

⁽¹⁾ Other property level includes certain ancillary revenues.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired as of September 30, 2021.



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT HOTEL STATISTICS AND PER ROOM BASIS)

Quarter ended September 30, 2019

	Quarter ended September 30, 2019								
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room		
Maui/Oahu	4	2,007	\$385.51	91.5%	\$352.78	\$101.1	\$554.15		
Jacksonville	1	446	363.69	69.0	251.05	21.2	516.90		
Miami	3	1,276	235.65	73.9	174.18	35.7	294.09		
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,842	242.93	61.6	149.63	51.2	302.07		
Phoenix	3	1,657	197.07	57.9	114.19	43.8	287.59		
Orlando	2	2,448	250.13	61.0	152.55	71.0	315.38		
Los Angeles/Orange County	5	2,119	229.84	86.3	198.43	56.5	289.80		
Philadelphia	2	810	207.13	88.2	182.60	22.0	295.52		
San Diego	3	3,288	256.92	83.5	214.41	112.8	372.78		
Houston	4	1,716	170.32	67.0	114.07	25.2	159.84		
Atlanta	4	1,682	168.37	85.6	144.09	34.0	219.82		
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	199.70	72.7	145.09	25.0	217.46		
San Antonio/Austin	3	1,960	171.99	70.8	121.83	32.9	182.42		
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	211.15	84.4	178.19	75.9	254.63		
Denver	3	1,340	184.28	84.5	155.64	26.9	218.16		
Chicago	4	1,816	220.91	85.5	188.78	43.8	264.29		
New York	3	4,261	271.11	92.0	249.40	133.9	341.59		
Seattle	2	1,315	260.45	90.2	234.96	35.3	291.64		
New Orleans	1	1,333	156.82	77.0	120.78	21.5	175.05		
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,530	266.18	84.2	224.20	125.6	301.99		
Boston	3	2,715	243.00	91.1	221.28	72.8	291.41		
Other	8	2,759	199.21	80.2	159.70	62.5	245.36		
Other property level (1)						1.6			
Domestic	78	45,810	236.51	80.5	190.47	1,232.2	291.96		
International	5	1,499	159.14	75.9	120.86	23.0	166.88		
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	47,309	\$234.20	80.4%	\$188.26	\$1,255.2	\$288.00		
Pro forma adjustments (2)		,,,,,				6.6			
Total	83	47,309	_	_	_	\$1,261.8	_		

⁽¹⁾ Other property level includes certain ancillary revenues.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired as of September 30, 2021.



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT HOTEL STATISTICS AND PER ROOM BASIS)

Year-to-date ended September 30, 2021

	Year-to-date ended September 30, 2021								
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room		
Maui/Oahu	4	2,007	\$470.97	67.4%	\$317.20	\$262.3	\$480.87		
Jacksonville	1	446	506.77	57.8	293.02	71.6	587.76		
Miami	3	1,276	472.94	57.4	271.38	152.3	424.17		
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,842	416.57	54.8	228.24	214.6	426.68		
Phoenix	4	1,822	301.23	56.5	170.12	171.1	346.53		
Orlando	2	2,448	398.72	27.3	108.98	131.2	196.25		
Los Angeles/Orange County	5	2,119	190.62	53.1	101.25	80.1	138.42		
Philadelphia	2	810	169.58	58.7	99.52	32.6	147.38		
San Diego	3	3,288	218.39	45.3	98.85	139.7	155.68		
Houston	4	1,716	140.32	59.7	83.73	53.0	113.03		
Atlanta	4	1,682	170.45	48.0	81.83	51.1	111.31		
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	161.62	44.3	71.60	36.7	107.52		
San Antonio/Austin	3	1,960	162.63	43.8	71.26	55.6	103.90		
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	161.96	42.2	68.41	71.8	81.26		
Denver	3	1,340	149.35	42.1	62.95	29.4	80.24		
Chicago	4	1,816	168.03	37.4	62.92	38.5	77.59		
New York	3	4,261	189.90	31.7	60.17	87.3	75.05		
Seattle	2	1,315	188.47	27.8	52.43	22.9	63.79		
New Orleans	1	1,333	128.95	37.6	48.51	23.9	65.71		
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,530	153.68	31.5	48.40	77.7	62.82		
Boston	3	2,715	180.00	25.7	46.18	41.9	56.54		
Other	8	2,759	245.69	43.7	107.40	114.0	151.39		
Other property level (1)						4.6			
Domestic	79	45,975	240.30	42.5	102.15	1,963.9	156.04		
International	5	1,499	85.10	28.0	23.85	14.0	34.15		
All Locations - Nominal US\$	84	47,474	\$237.03	42.1%	\$99.68	\$1,977.9	\$152.19		
Pro forma adjustments (2)		•				(86.4)			
Total	84	47,474	_	_	_	\$1,891.5	_		

⁽¹⁾ Other property level includes certain ancillary revenues.

²⁾ Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired as of September 30, 2021. The AC Hotel Scottsdale North is a new development hotel located in Phoenix that opened in January 2021. Therefore, there were no operations for the hotel prior to January 2021 and no adjustments made for pro forma results of the hotel for periods prior to its opening. In addition, hotel results exclude the Laura Hotel, a luxury downtown Houston hotel, acquired in July 2021, as it was closed for the entirety of the quarter. Results for the five hotels sold subsequent to quarter end are included, as they were owned for the entirety of the periods presented.



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT HOTEL STATISTICS AND PER ROOM BASIS)

Year-to-date ended September 30, 2020

	Year-to-date ended September 30, 2020								
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room		
Maui/Oahu	4	2,007	\$415.84	29.7%	\$123.66	\$101.4	\$186.54		
Jacksonville	1	446	405.40	42.8	173.66	43.6	356.40		
Miami	3	1,276	370.39	35.3	130.64	76.6	211.54		
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,842	369.22	40.7	150.28	158.9	314.92		
Phoenix	3	1,657	317.49	32.0	101.46	108.1	238.55		
Orlando	2	2,448	347.84	21.5	74.64	107.2	159.82		
Los Angeles/Orange County	5	2,119	204.60	33.9	69.42	58.2	100.22		
Philadelphia	2	810	160.15	35.2	56.35	19.5	88.08		
San Diego	3	3,288	234.30	26.4	61.82	108.2	120.05		
Houston	4	1,716	145.80	35.9	52.30	36.2	76.89		
Atlanta	4	1,682	171.23	34.7	59.48	42.2	91.63		
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	187.00	26.7	50.00	27.4	79.88		
San Antonio/Austin	3	1,960	176.22	23.1	40.72	35.4	65.85		
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	223.18	21.5	48.07	61.0	68.76		
Denver	3	1,340	145.92	26.5	38.63	20.9	56.80		
Chicago	4	1,816	134.05	25.0	33.45	22.5	45.13		
New York	3	4,261	190.05	32.4	61.49	102.3	87.59		
Seattle	2	1,315	191.36	20.4	38.98	20.0	55.62		
New Orleans	1	1,333	176.44	30.6	54.04	28.6	78.28		
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,530	266.39	25.5	67.87	122.1	98.41		
Boston	3	2,715	173.40	19.3	33.48	37.9	50.97		
Other	8	2,759	187.25	32.7	61.21	67.0	88.43		
Other property level (1)						5.7			
Domestic	78	45,810	235.37	28.5	67.02	1,410.9	111.88		
International	5	1,499	121.49	24.3	29.53	18.0	44.01		
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	47,309	\$232.27	28.3%	\$65.84	\$1,428.9	\$109.73		
Pro forma adjustments (2)		,,,,,			,	(75.7)	,		
Total	83	47,309	_	_	_	\$1,353.2	_		

⁽¹⁾ Other property level includes certain ancillary revenues.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired as of September 30, 2021.



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT HOTEL STATISTICS AND PER ROOM BASIS)

Year-to-date ended September 30, 2019

	Year-to-date ended September 30, 2019							
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room	
Maui/Oahu	4	2,007	\$401.92	90.9%	\$365.45	\$312.6	\$577.41	
Jacksonville	1	446	383.37	77.2	296.02	79.5	652.91	
Miami	3	1,276	318.31	80.1	254.98	144.8	401.39	
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,842	340.73	72.8	247.94	255.7	507.99	
Phoenix	3	1,657	292.22	71.7	209.42	213.2	472.19	
Orlando	2	2,448	285.49	70.7	201.76	275.4	412.06	
Los Angeles/Orange County	5	2,119	223.42	86.0	192.10	164.9	285.12	
Philadelphia	2	810	216.10	85.4	184.46	66.7	301.70	
San Diego	3	3,288	255.81	81.2	207.62	334.4	372.41	
Houston	4	1,716	178.46	72.4	129.22	86.5		
Atlanta	4	1,682	193.72	79.7	154.41	110.9	241.44	
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	208.03	72.1	150.02	84.0	245.90	
San Antonio/Austin	3	1,960	192.68	76.3	146.98	120.8	225.63	
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	246.65	83.1	204.99	259.1	293.15	
Denver	3	1,340	175.15	76.3	133.61	71.7	195.92	
Chicago	4	1,816	207.76	76.2	158.28	110.2	224.27	
New York	3	4,261	268.50	83.0	222.99	383.3	329.67	
Seattle	2	1,315	231.59	84.3	195.17	91.9	256.01	
New Orleans	1	1,333	188.24	79.9	150.35	79.8	219.33	
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,530	279.15	81.5	227.38	389.5	315.49	
Boston	3	2,715	238.71	82.8	197.72	201.0	271.22	
Other	8	2,759	193.55	77.3	149.55	169.5	224.34	
Other property level (1)						4.9		
Domestic	78	45,810	252.14	79.7	200.84	4,010.3	320.24	
International	5	1,499	154.30	71.1	109.74	65.1	159.00	
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	47,309	\$249.36	79.4%	\$197.95	\$4,075.4	\$315.13	
Pro forma adjustments (2)						59.5		
Total	83	47,309	_	_	_	\$4,134.9	_	

⁽¹⁾ Other property level includes certain ancillary revenues.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired as of September 30, 2021.



OVERVIEW

PROPERTY LEVEL DATA

CAPITALIZATION

COVID-19 DATA

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION



COMPARATIVE CAPITALIZATION



(IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT SECURITY PRICING AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Shares/Units	As of September 30, 2021	As of June 30, 2021	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020	As of September 30, 2020
Common shares outstanding	714.0	713.9	706.1	705.4	705.3
Common shares outstanding assuming conversion of OP Units ⁽¹⁾	721.3	721.3	713.4	712.7	712.7
Preferred OP Units outstanding	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Security pricing					
Common stock at end of quarter (2)	\$16.33	\$17.09	\$16.85	\$14.63	\$10.79
High during quarter	17.32	18.43	18.42	15.65	12.06
Low during quarter	14.86	16.51	13.50	10.45	10.19
Capitalization					
Market value of common equity (3)	\$11,779	\$12,327	\$12,021	\$10,427	\$7,690
Consolidated debt	5,545	5,542	5,540	5,541	5,638
Less: Cash	(1,038)	(1,450)	(2,008)	(2,335)	(2,430)
Consolidated total capitalization	16,286	16,419	15,553	13,633	10,898
Plus: Share of debt in unconsolidated investments	142	143	144	145	142
Pro rata total capitalization	\$16,428	\$16,562	\$15,697	\$13,778	\$11,040
	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended
	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,
	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00

⁽¹⁾ Each OP Unit is redeemable for cash or, at our option, for 1.021494 common shares of Host Inc. At September 30, 2021, June 30, 2021, March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, and September 30, 2020, there were 7.1 million, 7.2 mi

⁽²⁾ Share prices are the closing price as reported by the NASDAQ.

⁽³⁾ Market value of common equity is calculated as the number of common shares outstanding including assumption of conversion of OP units multiplied the closing share price on that day.

CONSOLIDATED DEBT SUMMARY



(IN MILLIONS)

Rate	Maturity date	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
3 3/4%	10/2023	\$399	\$399
4%	6/2025	498	497
4 1/2%	2/2026	398	397
37/8%	4/2024	398	398
3 %%	12/2029	641	640
31/2%	9/2030	734	734
1.8%	1/2024	498	498
1.8%	1/2025	499	499
1.7%	1/2024	1,475	1,474
		5,540	5,536
8.8%	2/2024	5	5
		\$5,545	\$5,541
		55%	55%
		3.0%	3.0%
		4.2 years	5.0 years
		\$1,500	
		12	
	4% 4½% 3½% 3½% 3½% 1.8% 1.8% 1.7%	4% 6/2025 4½% 2/2026 3½% 4/2024 3½% 12/2029 3½% 9/2030 1.8% 1/2024 1.8% 1/2025 1.7% 1/2024	4% 6/2025 498 4½% 2/2026 398 3¾% 4/2024 398 3¾% 12/2029 641 3½% 9/2030 734 1.8% 1/2024 498 1.8% 1/2025 499 1.7% 1/2024 1,475 5,540 8.8% 2/2024 5 \$5,545 55% 3.0% 4.2 years

Assets encumbered by mortgage debt

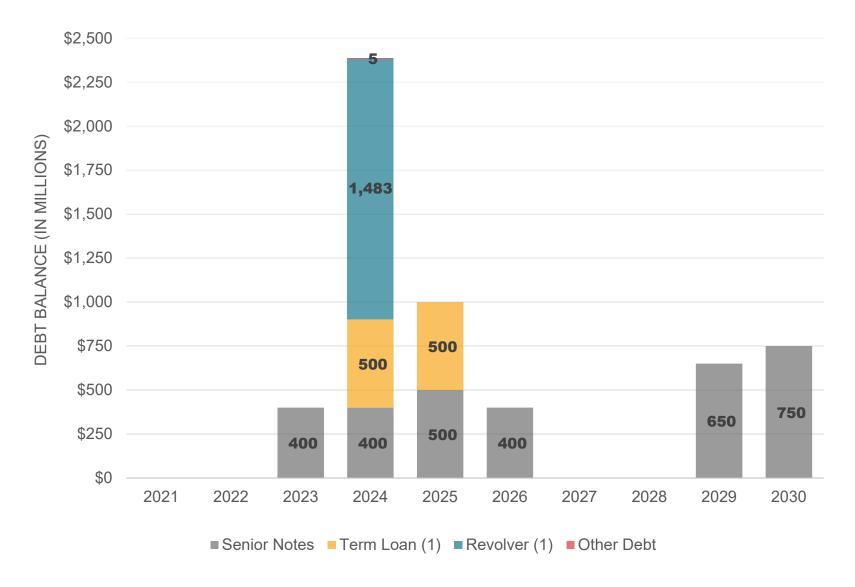
⁽¹⁾ The interest rate shown is the rate of the outstanding credit facility revolver borrowings at September 30, 2021, based on LIBOR plus 150 basis points. Depending on Host L.P.'s unsecured long-term debt rating, Prior to the termination of the covenant relief period, interest on revolver borrowings is equal to LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 117.5 to 185 basis points, with a 15 bps LIBOR floor. Following the waiver period, the margin is reduced by 40 bps.

⁽²⁾ In accordance with GAAP, total debt includes the debt of entities that we consolidate, but of which we do not own 100%, and excludes the debt of entities that we do not consolidate, but of which we have a non-controlling ownership interest and record our investment therein under the equity method of accounting. As of September 30, 2021, our share of debt in unconsolidated investments is \$142 million and none of our debt is attributable to non-controlling interests

⁽³⁾ Total debt as of September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020 includes net discounts and deferred financing costs of \$43 million and \$47 million, respectively.

CONSOLIDATED DEBT MATURITY AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021









As of December 31, 2020

	As of December 31, 2020					
		essor Institutio		Current	Expiration after all potential	
	No. of rooms	Type	Minimum rent	expiration	options ⁽¹⁾	
1Boston Marriott Copley Place	1,144	Public	N/A (2)	12/13/2077	12/13/2077	
2Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Spa	300	Public	1,378,850	10/31/2062	10/31/2078	
3 Denver Marriott West	305	Private	160,000	12/28/2028	12/28/2058	
4 Houston Airport Marriott at George Bush Intercontinental	573	Public	1,560,000	10/31/2053	10/31/205	
5 Houston Marriott Medical Center/Museum District	395	Non-Profit	160,000	12/28/2029	12/28/2059	
6Manchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	1,628	Public	6,600,000	5/31/2067	5/31/2083	
7 Marina del Rey Marriott	370	Public	1,991,076	3/31/2043	3/31/204	
8Marriott Downtown at CF Toronto Eaton Centre	461	Non-Profit	384,900	9/20/2082	9/20/208	
9Marriott Marquis San Diego Marina	1,360	Public	7,650,541	11/30/2061	11/30/208	
0 Newark Liberty International Airport Marriott	591	Public	2,476,119	12/31/2055	12/31/205	
11Philadelphia Airport Marriott	419	Public	1,230,278	6/29/2045	6/29/204	
2San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter	1,000	Private	700,000	12/31/2033	12/31/206	
3San Francisco Marriott Marquis	1,500	Public	1,500,000	8/25/2046	8/25/207	
14San Ramon Marriott ⁽⁵⁾	368	Private	675,941	5/29/2034	5/29/206	
5Santa Clara Marriott	766	Private	90,932	11/30/2028	11/30/205	
16Tampa Airport Marriott	298	Public	1,463,770	12/31/2043	12/31/204	
17The Ritz-Carlton, Marina del Rey	304	Public	1,453,104	7/29/2067	7/29/206	
8The Ritz-Carlton, Tysons Corner	398	Private	993,900	6/30/2112	6/30/211	
19The Westin Cincinnati	456	Public	100,000	6/30/2045	6/30/2075	
20The Westin Los Angeles Airport ⁽⁵⁾	747	Private	1,225,050	1/31/2054	1/31/2074 (4	
21The Westin South Coast Plaza, Costa Mesa	393	Private	178,160	9/30/2025	9/30/202	
22W Hollywood	305	Public	366,579	3/28/2106	3/28/2106	
Weighted average remaining lease term (assuming all ext	ension options) ⁽⁵⁾	53 years				

Percentage of leases (based on room count) with Public/Private/Non-Profit

53 years

lessors⁽⁵⁾

71%/22%/7%

(1) Exercise of Host's option to extend is subject to certain conditions, including the existence of no defaults and subject to any applicable rent escalation or rent re-negotiation provisions.

⁽²⁾ All rental payments have been previously paid and no further rental payments are required for the remainder of the lease term.

⁽³⁾ No renewal term in the event the Lessor determines to discontinue use of building as a hotel.

⁽⁴⁾ A condition of renewal is that the hotel's occupancy compares favorably to similar hotels for the preceding three years.

⁽⁵⁾ The San Ramon Marriott and Westin Los Angeles Airport are considered held for sale at September 30, 2021. Therefore, the lease terms for these properties have been excluded from our calculation of the weighted average remaining lease term and the room counts have been excluded from the percentage of leases with Public/Private/Non-Profit lessors.

PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS



	Sales Price (in millions)	Net income Cap Rate (5)	Cap Rate (3)	Net income multiple (5)	EBITDA multiple (4)
2021 completed sales (1)	\$551	4.7%	6.2%	21.2x	14.2x
Hyatt Regency Austin	\$161	8.5%	10.0%	11.8x	8.8x
Four Seasons Resort Orlando	\$610	3.2%	4.7%	31.6x	16.8x
Ka'anapali golf courses	\$28	3.3%	5.3%	30.6x	17.6x
Baker's Cay Resort Key Largo	\$200	4.4%	6.2%	23.0x	14.5x
The Laura Hotel	\$65	7.6%	9.6%	13.2x	9.2x
Alila Ventana Big Sur	\$150	6.9%	9.6%	14.4x	9.3x
2021 completed acquisitions (2)	\$1,214	4.8%	6.5%	21.0x	13.1x

							Renewal &	Hotel Net
	Total			Hotel Net	Plus:	Equals: Hotel	Replacement	Operating
	Revenues	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Income	Depreciation	EBITDA	funding	Income
2021 completed sales (1)	\$176.0	\$135.47	\$207.62	\$26.0	\$21.3	\$47.3	(\$7.9)	\$39.4

							Renewal &	Hotel Net
	Total			Hotel Net	Plus:	Equals: Hotel	Replacement	Operating
	Revenues	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Income	Depreciation	EBITDA	funding	Income
Hyatt Regency Austin	\$52.2	\$188.55	\$319.37	\$13.6	\$4.6	\$18.2	(\$2.1)	\$16.1
Four Seasons Resort Orlando	\$149.6	\$561.47	\$923.19	\$19.3	\$16.9	\$36.2	(\$7.5)	\$28.7
Ka'anapali golf courses	\$9.9	-	-	\$0.9	\$0.7	\$1.6	(\$0.1)	\$1.5
Baker's Cay Resort Key Largo	\$33.9	\$304.25	\$464.38	\$8.7	\$5.1	\$13.8	(\$1.4)	\$12.4
The Laura Hotel	\$20.7	\$182.35	\$254.32	\$4.9	\$2.1	\$7.0	(\$0.8)	\$6.2
Alila Ventana Big Sur	\$40.3	\$1,319.93	\$1,869.98	\$10.4	\$5.7	\$16.1	(\$1.7)	\$14.4
2021 completed acquisitions (2)	\$306.6	\$373.52	\$611.39	\$57.8	\$35.1	\$92.9	(\$13.6)	\$79.3

- (1) 2021 dispositions include the sale of five properties through November 3, 2021. The 2021 dispositions use 2019 full year results as the trailing twelve months is not representative of normalized operations
- (2) 2021 acquisitions include five properties and two golf courses acquired in 2021, through November 3, 2021. The Hyatt Regency Austin, Four Seasons Resort Orlando and Ka'anapali golf courses use full year 2019 results. Baker's Cay Resort Key Largo is based on 2021 forecast operations at acquisition, as the property was under renovation and closed for part of 2019. The Laura Hotel is based on forecast normalized results, which assumes a new manager, brand and operations in line with the 2019 results of comparable Houston properties. Alila Ventana Big Sur is based on 2021 forecast operations at acquisition, as the property was under renovation for 2019. Due to the impact of COVID-19, results in 2020 are not reflective of normal operations of the hotels. Any forecast incremental increases to net income compared to net income at underwriting would be equal to the incremental increases in Hotel EBITDA.
- (3) The cap rate is calculated as the ratio between net operating income (NOI) and the sales price (plus avoided capital expenditures for dispositions). Avoided capital expenditures for 2021 sales represents \$85 million of estimated capital expenditure spend requirements for the properties in excess of escrow funding over the next 5 years.
- (4) The EBITDA multiple is calculated as the ratio between the sales price (plus avoided capital expenditures for dispositions) and Hotel EBITDA. Avoided capital expenditures for 2021 sales represents \$122 million of estimated capital expenditure spend requirements for the properties including escrow funding over the next 5 years.
- (5) Net income cap rate is calculated as the ratio between net income and the sales price. Net income multiple is calculated as the ratio between the sales price and Hotel net income.

HISTORICAL PRO-FORMA RESULTS



Historical Pro forma Hotel Metrics (1) (2)

			Thre	e Months En	ded			Full Year		Three Mon	ths Ended		Full Year
	March	June	September	March	June	September	December	December	March	June	September	December	December
	31, 2021	30, 2021	30, 2021	31, 2020	30, 2020	30, 2020	31, 2020	31, 2020	31, 2019	30, 2019	30, 2019	31, 2019	31, 2019
Number of hotels	84	84	84	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83
Number of rooms	47,474	47,474	47,474	47,309	47,309	47,309	47,309	47,309	47,309	47,309	47,309	47,309	47,309
Pro Forma RevPAR - All													
Owned Hotels	\$66.32	\$102.86	\$129.14	\$151.93	\$14.26	\$31.69	\$41.89	\$59.82	\$196.87	\$208.82	\$188.26	\$192.67	\$196.62
Pro Forma Occupancy - All													
Owned Hotels	27.0%	43.3%	55.6%	59.0%	8.8%	17.4%	19.9%	26.2%	75.7%	82.0%	80.4%	76.1%	78.6%
Pro Forma ADR - All Owned													
Hotels	\$245.89	\$237.59	\$232.40	\$257.41	\$162.94	\$182.37	\$210.48	\$228.12	\$259.99	\$254.68	\$234.20	\$253.05	\$250.26

Historical Pro Forma Hotel Revenues (1) (2)

			Thre	e Months En	ded			Full Year		Three Mon	ths Ended		Full Year
	March	June	September	March	June	September	December	December	March	June	September	December	December
	31, 2021	30, 2021	30, 2021	31, 2020	30, 2020	30, 2020	31, 2020	31, 2020	31, 2019	30, 2019	30, 2019	31, 2019	31, 2019
Total Revenues	\$399	\$649	\$844	\$1,052	\$103	\$198	\$267	\$1,620	\$1,390	\$1,483	\$1,262	\$1,334	\$5,469
Add: Revenues from asset													
acquisitions	43	34	9	62	4	25	34	125	88	68	57	68	281
Less: Revenues from													
asset dispositions	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(11)	(1)	(3)	(1)	(16)	(110)	(99)	(64)	(26)	(299)
Pro Forma Revenue - All													
Owned Hotels	<u>\$442</u>	<u>\$683</u>	<u>\$853</u>	<u>\$1,103</u>	<u>\$106</u>	\$220	\$300	1,729	<u>\$1,368</u>	<u>\$1,452</u>	<u>\$1,255</u>	<u>\$1,376</u>	<u>\$5,451</u>

HISTORICAL PRO-FORMA RESULTS



Historical Pro forma Adjusted EBITDAre (1) (2)

Interest expense 42 43 43 37 40 66 51 194 43 43 43 46 90 Depreciation and amortization 165 169 171 164 168 166 167 665 170 166 159 167 Income taxes (46) (22) (13) (37) (46) (73) (64) (220) 2 16 4 8 EBITDA(3) 8 129 81 161 (194) (157) 88 (102) 404 515 581 346 1 Gain on dispositions 1 (1) (1) (148) (149) (2) (57) (273) (2) (57) Non-cash impairment	Year	Full `		ths Ended	Three Mon		Full Year			ded	e Months En	Thre			
Net income (loss) \$(153) \$(61) \$(120) \$(3) \$(356) \$(316) \$(66) \$(741) \$189 \$290 \$372 \$81 \$189 Interest expense 42 43 43 37 40 66 51 194 43 43 46 90 Depreciation and amortization 165 169 171 164 168 166 167 665 170 166 159 167 Income taxes (46) (22) (13) (37) (46) (73) (64) (220) 2 16 4 8 EBITDA(3) 8 129 81 161 (194) (157) 88 (102) 404 515 581 346 1 Gain on dispositions - - - 1 (1) (1) (148) (149) (2) (57) (273) (2) (0	mber	Decei	December	September	June	March	December	December	September	June	March	September	June	March	
Interest expense 42 43 43 37 40 66 51 194 43 43 46 90 Depreciation and amortization 165 169 171 164 168 166 167 665 170 166 159 167 Income taxes (46) (22) (13) (37) (46) (73) (64) (220) 2 16 4 8 EBITDA(3) 8 129 81 161 (194) (157) 88 (102) 404 515 581 346 1 Gain on dispositions 1 (1) (1) (148) (149) (2) (57) (273) (2) (Non-cash impairment	2019	31, 2	31, 2019	30, 2019	30, 2019	31, 2019			30, 2020	30, 2020					
Depreciation and amortization 165 169 171 164 168 166 167 665 170 166 159 167 Income taxes (46) (22) (13) (37) (46) (73) (64) (220) 2 16 4 8 EBITDA(3) 8 129 81 161 (194) (157) 88 (102) 404 515 581 346 1 Gain on dispositions 1 (1) (1) (148) (149) (2) (57) (273) (2) (57) Non-cash impairment	\$932		\$81	\$372	\$290	\$189	\$(741)	\$(66)	\$(316)	\$(356)	\$(3)	\$(120)	\$(61)	\$(153)	Net income (loss)
amortization 165 169 171 164 168 166 167 665 170 166 159 167 Income taxes (46) (22) (13) (37) (46) (73) (64) (220) 2 16 4 8 EBITDA(3) 8 129 81 161 (194) (157) 88 (102) 404 515 581 346 1 Gain on dispositions - - - 1 (1) (1) (148) (149) (2) (57) (273) (2) (57) Non-cash impairment	222		90	46	43	43	194	51	66	40	37	43	43	42	Interest expense
Income taxes (46) (22) (13) (37) (46) (73) (64) (220) 2 16 4 8															Depreciation and
EBITDA ⁽³⁾ 8 129 81 161 (194) (157) 88 (102) 404 515 581 346 1 Gain on dispositions 1 (1) (1) (148) (149) (2) (57) (273) (2) (Non-cash impairment	662		167	159	166	170	665	167	166	168	164	171	169	165	amortization
Gain on dispositions 1 (1) (1) (148) (149) (2) (57) (273) (2) (57) (273)	30							(64)	(73)	(46)	(37)	(13)		(46)	Income taxes
Non-cash impairment	1,846	•		581	515		(102)	88	(157)	(194)	161	81	129	8	EBITDA ⁽³⁾
'	(334)	((2)	(273)	(57)	(2)	(149)	(148)	(1)	(1)	1	-	=	-	Gain on dispositions
expense 92 6 8															Non-cash impairment
5.P 0 0	14		8	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92	-	-	expense
Equity investment															Equity investment
adjustments:															adjustments:
Equity in (earnings)															
	(14)		(1)	(4)	(4)	(5)	30	4	5	25	(4)	(2)	(25)	(9)	
Pro rata EBITDAre of															
equity investments 6 7 8 6 (20) (1) 3 (12) 9 6 6 4	26		4				-						7		. ,
	1,538		355	316	460	406	(233)	(53)	(154)	(190)	164	179	111	5	
Adjustments to EBITDAre:															Adjustments to EBITDAre:
Severance expense															•
(reversal) at hotel															,
properties (2) (1) (2) - 1 43 21 65	-		-	-	-	-	65	21	43	1	-	(2)	(1)	(2)	
Gain on property															
insurance settlement (4)	(4)					<u> </u>									
	1,534		355	312	460	406	(168)	(32)	(111)	(189)	164	177	110	3	•
Add: EBITDA from asset															
acquisitions 9 13 6 17 (16) (6) 5 - 26 17 14 19	76		19	14	17	26	-	5	(6)	(16)	17	6	13	9	•
Less: EBITDA from asset															
	(92)		(6)	(20)	(31)	(35)	(3)		(1)	1	(3)				•
Pro forma Adjusted															
EBITDAre ⁽³⁾ \$12 \$123 \$183 \$178 \$(204) \$(118) \$(27) \$(171) \$397 \$446 \$306 \$368 \$1	<u>1,518</u>	\$1	<u>\$368</u>	<u>\$306</u>	<u>\$446</u>	<u>\$397</u>	<u>\$(171)</u>	<u>\$(27)</u>	<u>\$(118)</u>	<u>\$(204)</u>	<u>\$178</u>	<u>\$183</u>	<u>\$123</u>	<u>\$12</u>	EBITDAre ⁽³⁾

HISTORICAL PRO FORMA RESULTS CONT.



Historical All Owned Hotels Pro Forma EBITDA(1) (2)

			Thre	e Months En	ded			Full Year		Three Mon	ths Ended		Full Year
	March	June	September	March	June	September	December	December	March	June	September	December	December
	31, 2021	30, 2021	30, 2021	31, 2020	30, 2020	30, 2020	31, 2020	31, 2020	31, 2019	30, 2019	30, 2019	31, 2019	31, 2019
Net income (loss)	\$(153)	\$(61)	\$(120)	\$(3)	\$(356)	\$(316)	\$(66)	\$(741)	\$189	\$290	\$372	\$81	\$932
Depreciation and													
amortization	165	169	263	164	168	166	167	665	170	166	165	175	676
Interest expense	42	43	43	37	40	66	51	194	43	43	46	90	222
Provision (benefit) for													
income taxes	(46)	(22)	(13)	(37)	(46)	(73)	(64)	(220)	2	16	4	8	30
Gain on sale of property and corporate level													
income/expense	15	(3)	19	17	34	23	(171)	(97)	11	(44)	(263)	13	(283)
Severance expense (reversal) at hotel													
properties	(2)	(1)	(2)	-	1	43	21	65	-	-	-	-	-
Pro forma adjustments	9	13	6	14	(15)	(7)	5	(3)	(9)	(14)	(6)	13	(16)
All Owned Hotels Pro													
Forma EBITDA ⁽³⁾	\$30	<u>\$138</u>	<u>\$196</u>	<u>\$192</u>	<u>\$(174)</u>	\$(98)	<u>\$(57)</u>	<u>\$(137)</u>	<u>\$406</u>	<u>\$457</u>	<u>\$318</u>	\$380	\$1,561

⁽¹⁾ The tables above include pro forma adjustments for six assets acquired as of September 30, 2021, one property sold in 2020, 14 properties sold in 2019 and one property acquired in 2019. The sale of five assets occurred subsequent to quarter end; therefore, the hotels were owned as of September 30, 2021 and their results are included above.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma results represent adjustments for the following items: (i) to remove the results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) to include the results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired as of September 30, 2021.

⁽³⁾ EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, All Owned Hotels Pro Forma EBITDA, and Pro Forma Adjusted EBITDAre are non-GAAP financial measures within the meaning of the rules of the Securities and Exchange commission. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for discussion of these non-GAAP measures.



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FINANCIAL COVENANTS: CREDIT FACILITY AMENDMENTS



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

Subsequent to quarter end, we terminated the Credit Facility covenant relief period prior to its expiration, as we met the minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 1.0x required for our first phase-in guarterly test period. Following this test period, the fixed charge coverage ratio covenant returns to a minimum of 1.25x for subsequent quarters. We will be required to meet the modified phase-in financial covenant thresholds set forth below for the following five quarters and, after that time, will be subject to the original covenant levels in the credit facility prior to amendment.

Maximum	8.50x	8.50x	8.00)x	8.00x	7.50x	7.25x	
Leverage Ratio	4Q '21	1Q '22	2Q '	22	3Q '22	4Q '22	Beyond	
Fixed C	harge Cover	age Ratio		Minimum 1.25x				
Unsecured	I Interest Co	verage Ratic)		Minim	um 1.75x ⁽¹⁾		

The following table sets forth the financial performance test under our credit facility necessary to exit the covenant relief period as well as the ratio achieved at quarter end:

		At Septemb	per 30, 2021 ⁽²⁾
Credit Facility Financial Performance Tests Under Amendments	Permitted	GAAP Ratio	Covenant Ratio
Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	Minimum 1.0x	(2.7)x	3.4x

⁽¹⁾ If the leverage ratio is greater than 7.0x then the unsecured interest coverage ratio minimum becomes 1.50x.

⁽²⁾ Per the terms of the credit facility amendments, the fixed charge coverage ratio is calculated by using the annualized credit facility fixed charge coverage ratio EBITDA of the quarter prior to terminating the covenant relief period. The GAAP ratio is not relevant for the purpose of the financial covenants. See the following pages for a reconciliation of the equivalent GAAP measure. The foregoing reflects certain terms of the amended credit facility agreement, but does not purport to be a complete description of the terms of the amendments and such description is qualified in its entirety by reference to the amendments, copies of which are filed with the SEC.

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: CREDIT FACILITY AND SENIOR NOTES FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE TESTS



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

Covenant ratios are calculated using Host's credit facility definitions and are for informational purposes only, as the covenants are not currently in effect under the Amendments. The GAAP ratio is not relevant for the purpose of the financial covenants. See the subsequent pages for a reconciliation of the equivalent GAAP measure. The following tables present the financial performance tests for our credit facility and senior notes:

		At Septem	iber 30, 2021
Credit Facility Financial Performance Tests	Permitted	GAAP Ratio	Covenant Ratio
Leverage Ratio	Maximum 7.25x	(13.9x)	16.6x
Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio	Minimum 1.75x ⁽¹⁾	(2.2x)	2.1x
Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	Minimum 1.25x	(2.2x)	1.0x
		At Septemb	per 30, 2021 ⁽²⁾
Bond Compliance Financial Performance Tests	Permitted	GAAP Ratio	Covenant Ratio
Indebtedness Test	Maximum 65%	44%	26%
Secured Indebtedness Test	Maximum 40%	0%	0%
EBITDA-to-interest Coverage ratio	Minimum 1.5x	(2.2x)	1.7x
Ratio of Unencumbered Assets to Unsecured Indebtedness	Minimum 150%	229%	390%

As of September 30, 2021, the Company has met the minimum financial covenant levels under our senior notes indentures, which reinstates our ability to incur additional debt so long as we maintain these covenant levels and subject to the provisions of our credit facility and senior notes indentures.

⁽¹⁾ If the leverage ratio is greater than 7.0x then the unsecured interest coverage ratio minimum becomes 1.50x.

⁽²⁾ Covenant ratios are calculated using Host's senior notes indenture definitions. The GAAP ratio is not relevant for the purpose of the financial covenants. See the following pages for a reconciliation of the equivalent GAAP measure.

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: RECONCILIATION OF GAAP LEVERAGE RATIO TO CREDIT FACILITY LEVERAGE RATIO



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

The following tables present the calculation of our leverage ratio using GAAP measures and used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	GAAP Leverage Ratio
	Trailing Twelve Months
	September 30, 2021
Debt	\$5,545
Net loss	(400)
GAAP Leverage Ratio	(13.9x)

The following table presents the calculation of our leverage ratio as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	Leverage Ratio per Credit Facility
	Trailing Twelve Months
	September 30, 2021
Net debt (1)	\$4,607
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA (2)	277
Leverage Ratio	16.6x

(1) The following presents the reconciliation of debt to net debt per our credit facility definition:

September 30, 2021
\$5,545
(938)
\$4,607

(2) The following presents the reconciliation of net loss to EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA per our credit facility definition in determining leverage ratio:

	Trailing Twelve Months	Annualized
	September 30, 2021	Q3, 2021
Net loss	(\$400)	(\$480)
Interest expense	179	172
Depreciation and amortization	672	684
Income taxes	(145)	(52)
EBITDA	306	324
Gain on dispositions	(148)	-
Non-cash impairment expense	92	368
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(32)	(8)
Pro rata EBITDA <i>re</i> of equity investments	24	32
EBITDA <i>r</i> e	242	716
Severance at hotel properties	16	(8)
Adjusted EBITDAre	258	708
Less: Severance	(17)	8
Pro forma EBITDA - Acquisitions	32	19
Restricted stock expense and other non-cash items	17	18
Non-cash partnership adjustments	(13)	(33)
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$277	\$720

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: RECONCILIATION OF GAAP INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO TO CREDIT FACILITY UNSECURED INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

The following tables present the calculation of our unsecured interest coverage ratio using GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio		Unsecured Interest Coverage per Credit Facility Ratio
	Trailing Twelve Months		Trailing Twelve Months
	September 30, 2021		September 30, 2021
Net loss	(\$400)	Unencumbered consolidated EBITDA per credit facility definition (1)	\$353
Interest expense	179	Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense (2)	166
GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio	(2.2x)	Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio	2.1x
` ,	•	I Consolidated EBITDA per our credit facility definition. See Reconcilia on of net income to Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA:	ation of GAAP
		Trailing Twelve	Months
		September 30,	2021
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA			\$277
Corporate overhead			78

	September 30, 2021
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$277
Corporate overhead	78
Interest income	(2)
Unencumbered Consolidated EBITDA per credit facility definition	\$353

Trailing Twelve Months

September 30, 2021

GAAP Interest expense

\$179

(2) The following reconciles GAAP interest expense to interest expense per our credit facility definition:

Debt extinguishment costs

Deferred financing cost amortization

Capitalized interest

Pro forma interest adjustments

(8)

(7)

4

Pro forma interest adjustments

Adjusted Credit Facility Interest Expense (2)

\$166

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: RECONCILIATION OF GAAP INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO TO CREDIT FACILITY FIXED CHARGE COVERAGE RATIO



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

The following tables present the calculation of our GAAP Interest coverage ratio and our fixed charge coverage ratio as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	GAAP Fixed Charge C	overage Ratio		Credit Facility Fixed Cha	arge Coverage Ratio
	Trailing Twelve Months	Annualized		Trailing Twelve Months	Annualized
	September 30, 2021	Q3, 2021		September 30, 2021	Q3, 2021
Net loss	(\$400)	(\$480)	Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA (1)	\$164	\$551
Interest expense	179	179	Fixed charges (2)	161	161
GAAP Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	(2.2x)	(2.7x)	Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	1.0x	3.4x

(1) The following reconciles Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA. See Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio for calculation and reconciliation of Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA.

	Trailing Twelve Months	Annualized
	September 30, 2021	Q3, 2021
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$277	\$720
Less: 5% of hotel property gross revenue	(113)	(169)
Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA	\$164	\$551

(2) The following table calculates the fixed charges per our credit facility definition. See Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio for reconciliation of GAAP interest expense to adjusted interest expense per our credit facility definition.

	Trailing Twelve Months
	September 30, 2021
Adjusted Credit Facility Interest Expense	\$166
Cash taxes on ordinary income	(5)
Fixed Charges	\$161

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: RECONCILIATION OF GAAP INDEBTEDNESS TEST TO SENIOR NOTES INDENTURE INDEBTEDNESS TEST



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

The following tables present the calculation of our total indebtedness to total assets using GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture:

Debt Total assets GAAP Total Indebtedness to Total Assets	September 30, 2021 \$5,545 12,712 44%
Total assets	
GAAP Total Indebtedness to Total Assets	44%
	otal Indebtedness to Total Assets per Senior Notes Indenture
	September 30, 2021
Adjusted indebtedness (1)	\$5,573
Adjusted total assets (2)	21,791
Total Indebtedness to Total Assets	26%
(1) The following reconciles our GAAP total indebtedness to our total indebtedness per our senior notes indenture:	September 30, 2021
Debt	\$5,545
Add: Deferred financing costs	28
Adjusted Indebtedness per Senior Notes Indenture	\$5,573
(2) The following presents the reconciliation of total assets to adjusted total assets per the financial covenants of our senior n	otes indenture definition:
	September 30, 2021
Total assets	\$12,712
Add: Accumulated depreciation	9,368
Add: Prior impairment of assets held	217
Add: Current impairment of assets held	92
Add: Prior year inventory impairment at unconsolidated investment	14
Less: Intangibles	(20)
Less: Right-of-use assets	(592)
Adjusted Total Assets per Senior Notes Indenture	\$21,791

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: RECONCILIATION OF GAAP SECURED INDEBTEDNESS TEST TO SENIOR NOTES INDENTURE SECURED INDEBTEDNESS TEST



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

The following table presents the calculation of our secured indebtedness using GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture:

	GAAP Secured Indebtedness
	September 30, 2021
Mortgage and other secured debt	\$5
Total assets	12,712
GAAP Secured Indebtedness to Total Assets	0%
	Secured Indebtedness per Senior Notes Indenture September 30, 2021
Secured indebtedness (1)	\$5
Adjusted total assets (2)	21,791
Secured Indebtedness to Total Assets	0%
(1) The following presents the reconciliation of mortgage debt to secured inde	
	September 30, 2021
Mortgage and other secured debt	\$5

(2) See Reconciliation of GAAP Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Indebtedness Test for reconciliation of GAAP Total Assets to Adjusted Total Assets per our senior notes indenture.

Secured Indebtedness

\$5

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: RECONCILIATION OF GAAP INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO TO SENIOR NOTES INDENTURE EBITDA-TO-INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

The following tables present the calculation of our interest coverage ratio using our GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of the senior notes indenture:

	GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio
	Trailing Twelve Months September 30, 2021
Net loss	(\$400)
Interest expense	179
GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio	(2.2x)
	EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio
	Trailing Twelve Months
	September 30, 2021
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA (1)	\$277
Non-controlling interest adjustment	1
Adjusted Senior Notes EBITDA	\$278
Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense (2)	166
EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio	1.7x

⁽¹⁾ See Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio for the calculation of Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA and reconciliation to net income.

⁽²⁾ See Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio for reconciliation of GAAP interest expense to adjusted interest expense per our credit facility definition. This same measure is used for our senior notes.

FINANCIAL COVENANTS: RECONCILIATION OF GAAP ASSETS TO INDEBTEDNESS TEST TO SENIOR NOTES UNENCUMBERED ASSETS TO UNSECURED INDEBTEDNESS TEST



(UNAUDITED, IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT RATIOS)

The following tables present the calculation of our total assets to total debt using GAAP measures and unencumbered assets to unsecured debt as used in the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture:

	GAAP Assets / Debt
	September 30, 2021
Total assets	\$12,712
Total debt	5,545
GAAP Total Assets / Total Debt	229%
	Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Debt per Senior Notes Indenture
	September 30, 2021
Unencumbered Assets (1)	\$21,715
Unsecured Debt (2)	5,568
Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Debt	390%

(1) The following presents the reconciliation of adjusted total assets to unencumbered assets per the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture definition:

	September 30, 2021
Adjusted total assets (a)	\$21,791
Less: Partnership adjustments	(62)
Less: Prior year inventory impairment at unconsolidated investment	(14)
Unencumbered Assets	\$21,715

- (a) See reconciliation of GAAP Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Indebtedness Test for reconciliation of GAAP Total Assets to Adjusted Total Assets per our senior notes indenture.
- (2) The following presents the reconciliation of total debt to unsecured debt per the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture definition:

	September 30, 2021
Total debt	5,545
Deferred financing costs	28
Less: Secured indebtedness (b)	(5)
Unsecured Debt	5.568

(b) See reconciliation of GAAP Secured Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Secured Indebtedness Test for the reconciliation of mortgage and other secured debt to senior notes secured indebtedness.



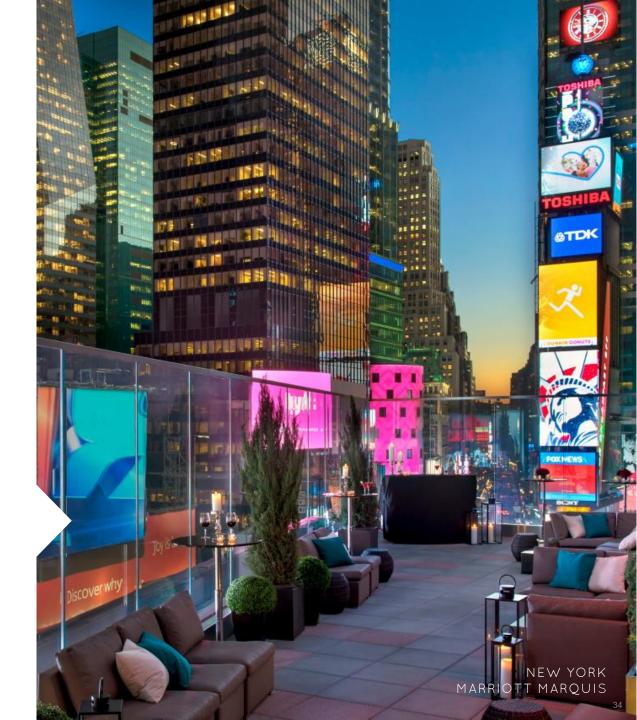
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ALL OWNED HOTEL PRO FORMA OPERATING STATISTICS AND RESULTS

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics (i.e., Total RevPAR, RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this presentation on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance (discussed in "Hotel Property Level Operating Results" below). However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and its effects on operations, there is little comparability between periods. For this reason, we temporarily are suspending our comparable hotel presentation and instead present hotel operating results for all consolidated hotels and, to facilitate comparisons between periods, we are presenting results on a pro forma basis, including the following adjustments: (1) operating results are presented for all consolidated hotels owned as of September 30, 2021, but do not include the results of operations for properties sold through the reporting date; and (2) operating results for acquisitions as of September 30, 2021 are reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the year-over-year comparison includes periods prior to our ownership, the changes will not necessarily correspond to changes in our actual results.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Included in this supplemental information are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) EBITDA*re* and Adjusted EBITDA*re*, (iii) NOI, (iv) All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Operating Statistics and Results, (v) Credit Facility Financial Performance Tests, and (vi) Senior Notes Financial Performance Tests. The following discussion defines these measures and presents why we believe they are useful supplemental measures of our performance.

EBITDA AND NOI

Earnings before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") is a commonly used measure of performance in many industries. Management believes EBITDA provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations because it helps us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Management also believes the use of EBITDA facilitates comparisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners that are not REITs and other capital-intensive companies. Management uses EBITDA to evaluate property-level results and EBITDA multiples (calculated as sales price divided by EBITDA) as one measure in determining the value of acquisitions and dispositions and, like Funds From Operations ("FFO") and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, it is widely used by management in the annual budget process and for our compensation programs. Management also uses NOI when calculating capitalization rates ("Cap Rates") to evaluate acquisitions and dispositions. For a specific hotel, NOI is calculated as the hotel or entity level EBITDA less an estimate for the annual contractual reserve requirements for renewal and replacement expenditures. Cap Rates are calculated as NOI divided by sales price. Management believes using Cap Rates allows for a consistent valuation method in comparing the purchase or sale value of properties.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (continued)

EBITDAre AND ADJUSTED EBITDAre

We present EBITDAre in accordance with NAREIT guidelines, as defined in its September 2017 white paper "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate," to provide an additional performance measure to facilitate the evaluation and comparison of the Company's results with other REITs. NAREIT defines EBITDAre as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses on disposition of depreciated property (including gains or losses on change of control), impairment expense of depreciated property and of investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in value of depreciated property in the affiliate, and adjustments to reflect the entity's pro rata share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated affiliates.

We make additional adjustments to EBITDAre when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDAre, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of net income, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. Adjusted EBITDAre also is similar to the measure used to calculate certain credit ratios for our credit facility and senior notes. We adjust EBITDAre for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDAre:

- Property Insurance Gains We exclude the effect of property insurance gains reflected in our consolidated statements of operations because we believe that including them in Adjusted EBITDAre is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our assets. In addition, property insurance gains could be less important to investors given that the depreciated asset book value written off in connection with the calculation of the property insurance gain often does not reflect the market value of real estate assets.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the
 year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.
- Severance Expense In certain circumstances, we will add back hotel-level severance expenses when we do not believe that such expenses are reflective of the ongoing operation of our properties. Situations that would result in a severance add-back include, but are not limited to, (i) costs incurred as part of a broad-based reconfiguration of the operating model with the specific hotel operator for a portfolio of hotels and (ii) costs incurred at a specific hotel due to a broad-based and significant reconfiguration of a hotel and/or its workforce. We do not add back corporate-level severance costs or severance costs at an individual hotel that we consider to be incurred in the normal course of business.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust EBITDAre for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. The last adjustment of this nature was a 2013 exclusion of a gain from an eminent domain claim.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (continued)

LIMITATIONS ON THE USE OF EBITDA, EBITDAre, ADJUSTED EBITDAre AND NOI

EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, and NOI, as presented, may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies. We calculate EBITDAre in accordance with standards established by NAREIT, which may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies that do not use the NAREIT definition of EBITDAre. In addition, although EBITDAre is a useful measure when comparing our results to other REITs, they may not be helpful to investors when comparing us to non-REITs. We also calculate Adjusted EBITDAre, which is not in accordance with NAREIT guidance and may not be comparable to measures calculated by other REITs or by other companies. This information should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating profit, cash from operations or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Cash expenditures for various long-term assets (such as renewal and replacement capital expenditures, with the exception of NOI), interest expense (for EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and NOI purposes only) severance expense related to significant property-level reconfiguration and other items have been, and will be, made and are not reflected in the EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, and NOI presentations. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance.

Our consolidated statements of operations and consolidated statements of cash flows ("Statements of Cash Flows") in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q include interest expense, capital expenditures, and other excluded items, all of which should be considered when evaluating our performance, as well as the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures. Additionally, EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and NOI should not be considered as a measure of our liquidity or indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions.

Similarly, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre, include adjustments for the pro rata share of our equity investments. Our equity investments consist of interests ranging from 11% to 67% in seven domestic and international partnerships that own a total of 10 properties and a vacation ownership development. Due to the voting rights of the outside owners, we do not control and, therefore, do not consolidate these entities. The non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships primarily consist of the approximate 1% interest in Host LP held by outside partners, and a 15% interest held by outside partners in a partnership owning one hotel for which we do control the entity and, therefore, consolidate its operations. These pro rata results for EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre were calculated as set forth in the definitions above. Readers should be cautioned that the pro rata results presented in these measures for equity investments may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of our investments in these entities.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (continued)

HOTEL PROPERTY LEVEL OPERATING RESULTS

We present certain operating results for our hotels, such as hotel revenues, expenses, food and beverage profit, and EBITDA (and the related margins), on a hotel-level pro forma basis as supplemental information for our investors. Our hotel results reflect the operating results of our hotels as discussed in "All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Operating Statistics and Results" above. We present all owned hotel pro forma EBITDA to help us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our hotels after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization expense). Corporate-level costs and expenses also are removed to arrive at property-level results. We believe these property-level results provide investors with supplemental information about the ongoing operating performance of our hotels. All owned hotel pro forma results are presented both by location and for the Company's properties in the aggregate. While severance expense is not uncommon at the individual property level in the normal course of business, we eliminate from our hotel level operating results severance costs related to broad-based and significant property-level reconfiguration that is not considered to be within the normal course of business, as we believe this elimination provides useful supplemental information that is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our ongoing operating performance. We also eliminate depreciation and amortization expense because, even though depreciation and amortization expense are property-level expenses, these non-cash expenses, which are based on historical cost accounting for real estate assets, implicitly assume that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. As noted earlier, because real estate values historically have risen or fallen with market conditions, many real estate industry investors have considered presentation of historical cost accounting for operating results to be insuf

Because of the elimination of corporate-level costs and expenses, gains or losses on disposition, certain severance expenses and depreciation and amortization expense, the hotel operating results we present do not represent our total revenues, expenses, operating profit or net income and should not be used to evaluate our performance as a whole. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statements of operations include such amounts, all of which should be considered by investors when evaluating our performance.

While management believes that presentation of all owned hotel results is a supplemental measure that provides useful information in evaluating our ongoing performance, this measure is not used to allocate resources or to assess the operating performance of each of our hotels, as these decisions are based on data for individual hotels and are not based on all owned hotel results in the aggregate. For these reasons, we believe all owned hotel operating results, when combined with the presentation of GAAP operating profit, revenues and expenses, provide useful information to investors and management.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (continued)

CREDIT FACILITY - LEVERAGE. UNSECURED INTEREST COVERAGE AND CONSOLIDATED FIXED CHARGE COVERAGE RATIOS

Host's credit facility contains certain financial covenants, including allowable leverage, unsecured interest coverage and fixed charge ratios, which are determined using EBITDA as calculated under the terms of our credit facility ("Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA"). The leverage ratio is defined as net debt plus preferred equity to Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA. The unsecured interest coverage ratio is defined as unencumbered Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA to unsecured consolidated interest expense. The fixed charge coverage ratio is defined as Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA divided by fixed charges, which include interest expense, required debt amortization payments, cash taxes and preferred stock payments. These calculations are based on pro forma results for the prior four fiscal quarters, except as noted under the amendments, giving effect to transactions such as acquisitions, dispositions and financings as if they occurred at the beginning of the period. The credit facility also incorporates by reference the ratio of unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness test from our senior notes indentures, calculated in the same manner, and the covenant is discussed below with the senior notes covenants.

Additionally, total debt used in the calculation of our leverage ratio is based on a "net debt" concept, under which cash and cash equivalents in excess of \$100 million are deducted from our total debt balance. Management believes these financial ratios provide useful information to investors regarding our compliance with the covenants in our credit facility and our ability to access the capital markets, in particular debt financing.

SENIOR NOTES INDENTURE – INDEBTEDNESS TEST, SECURED INDEBTEDNESS TO TOTAL ASSETS TEST, EBITDA-TO-INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO AND RATIO OF UNENCUMBERED ASSETS TO UNSECURED INDEBTEDNESS

Host's senior notes indentures contains certain financial covenants, including allowable indebtedness, secured indebtedness to total assets, EBITDA-to-interest coverage and unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness. The indebtedness test is defined as adjusted indebtedness, which includes total debt adjusted for deferred financing costs, divided by adjusted total assets, which includes undepreciated real estate book values ("Adjusted Total Assets"). The secured indebtedness to total assets is defined as secured indebtedness, which includes mortgage debt and finance leases, divided by Adjusted Total Assets. The EBITDA-to-interest coverage ratio is defined as EBITDA as calculated under our senior notes indenture ("Adjusted Senior Notes EBITDA") to interest expense as defined by our senior notes indenture. The ratio of unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness is defined as unencumbered adjusted assets, which includes Adjusted Total Assets less encumbered assets, divided by unsecured debt, which includes the aggregate principal amount of outstanding unsecured indebtedness plus contingent obligations.

Under the terms of the senior notes indentures, interest expense excludes items such as the gains and losses on the extinguishment of debt, deferred financing charges related to the senior notes or the credit facility, amortization of debt premiums or discounts that were recorded at issuance of a loan to establish its fair value and non-cash interest expense, all of which are included in interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations. As with the credit facility covenants, management believes these financial ratios provide useful information to investors regarding our compliance with the covenants in our senior notes indentures and our ability to access the capital markets, in particular debt financing.



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (continued)

LIMITATIONS ON CREDIT FACILITY AND SENIOR NOTES CREDIT RATIOS

These metrics are useful in evaluating the Company's compliance with the covenants contained in its credit facility and senior notes indentures. However, because of the various adjustments taken to the ratio components as a result of negotiations with the Company's lenders and noteholders they should not be considered as an alternative to the same ratios determined in accordance with GAAP. For instance, interest expense as calculated under the credit facility and senior notes indenture excludes the items noted above such as deferred financing charges and amortization of debt premiums or discounts, all of which are included in interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of performance. In addition, because the credit facility and indenture ratio components are also based on pro forma results for the prior four fiscal quarters, giving effect to transactions such as acquisitions, dispositions and financings as if they occurred at the beginning of the period, they are not reflective of actual performance over the same period calculated in accordance with GAAP.