UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): May 7, 2020

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Maryland (State or Other Jurisdiction 001-14625 (Commission 53-0085950 (IRS Employer

	of Incorporation)	File Number)	Identification No.)
	4747 Bethesda Avenue, Suite 1300 Bethesda, Maryland (Address of Principal Executive Offices)		20814 (Zip Code)
		Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (240) 744-1000	
	Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to	simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of	the following provisions:
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Ac	et (17 CFR 230.425)	
]	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
]	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under	the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))	
]	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under	the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))	
	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of Each Class Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	Trading Symbol HST	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered New York Stock Exchange
of this	• •		of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-
	Emerging growth company $\ \Box$		
3(a) of	If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrethe Exchange Act. \Box	ant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying wi	th any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On May 7, 2020, Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. issued a press release announcing its financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2020. The press release referred to supplemental financial information for the quarter that is available on the Company's website at www.hosthotels.com. A copy of the press release and the supplemental financial information are furnished as Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, respectively, to this Report.

The information in this Report, including the exhibits, is provided under Item 2.02 of Form 8-K and shall not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. Furthermore, the information in this Report, including the exhibits, shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into the filings of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 regardless of any general incorporation language in such filings.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

 Exhibit No.
 Description

 99.1
 Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.'s earnings release for the first quarter 2020.

 99.2
 Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. First Quarter 2020 Supplemental Financial Information.
 104

Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

Date: May 7, 2020

By: /s/ BRIAN G. MACNAMARA

Name: Brian G. Macnamara

Title: Senior Vice President, Principal Financial Officer, Treasurer, Corporate Controller



Tejal Engman, Vice President 240.744.5116

NEWS RELEASE

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. REPORTS RESULTS FOR FIRST QUARTER 2020 AND PROVIDES UPDATE ON COVID-19 RESPONSE

BETHESDA, MD; May 7, 2020 - Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (NYSE: HST) (the "Company"), the nation's largest lodging real estate investment trust ("REIT"), today announced results for the first quarter of 2020.

James F. Risoleo, President and Chief Executive Officer, said, "This is an unprecedented time for Host, the travel industry, the nation, and the world. On behalf of the management team, I'd like to express our deepest sympathies for those affected by COVID-19, as well as our gratitude for the incredible work being done by first responders, healthcare workers, and others on the front lines. As a company, we continue to prioritize the health and safety of our employees, guests and partners, while protecting the long-term strength of our business. In March, as states began imposing travel restrictions and mandatory stay-at-home orders to slow the spread of COVID-19, Host responded swiftly to the rapid decline in lodging demand by significantly reducing expenses and further strengthening our liquidity position. We believe the strategic actions we have taken to date will position us for success as the nation begins to reopen in the coming months."

Risoleo continued, "We began the first quarter with the strongest balance sheet in the Company's history reflecting our prudent and disciplined capital allocation strategy that prioritizes maximizing balance sheet capacity and liquidity toward the end of the cycle. We continue to operate from a position of financial strength and flexibility, with more than \$2.5 billion of cash on hand, no near-term debt maturities, and a best-in-class ability to withstand prolonged business disruption. Our enterprise analysics and asset management platforms, together with our world-class operators, are navigating this downturn efficiently while strategically focusing on maximizing operational profitability during the recovery. Despite the lack of visibility for near-term lodging demand, we believe that the strength of our investment-grade balance sheet, the quality of our iconic and irreplaceable hotels and the geographic and demand diversity of our revenues will continue to create long-term value for all our stakeholders."

COVID-19 RESPONSE

The Company and its hotel operators have taken the following substantial actions to mitigate the operational and financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic:

Hotel Operations

- Suspended operations at 35 hotels as of May 6, 2020, while continuing to operate the remaining 45 hotels at reduced capacity so long as they generate revenue greater than the incremental costs associated with staying open;
- · Hotel operators implemented portfolio-wide cost reductions, including:
 - o Furloughing as much as 80% of the hotel's workforce
 - Reducing shared services fees
 - Suspending food and beverage outlet operations
 - Closing guestroom floors and meeting space
 - Temporary suspension of most brand standards;
- Expect to reduce portfolio-wide hotel operating costs by approximately 70% to 75% in April, compared to initial forecasts;
- Accrued approximately \$35 million in the first quarter for benefits that will be provided to hotel employees furloughed by the Company's hotel managers through June 1, 2020;

- · Rebooked almost 12% of 2020 group revenue that had been canceled as of May 4, with the majority rescheduled for the second half of the year; and
- Had average occupancy of 29% in March and expect April occupancy of approximately 12% despite mandatory quarantines in many states, due in part to accommodating alternative sources of demand, including from governmental authorities and local organizations seeking temporary accommodations for groups, such as medical personnel, first responders and military personnel.

Capital Expenditures

• Suspended contributions to hotels' FF&E escrow accounts; and suspended or deferred non-essential capital projects, to reduce anticipated full year capital expenditures spending by approximately \$100 to \$125 million compared to initial February 2020 forecast, representing approximately 50% of the projects not already completed, in construction or already procured.

CARES Act

• Evaluated the benefit of obtaining stimulus relief available under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and the Federal Reserve's Primary Market Corporate Credit Facility (PMCCF). The Company, which bears the expense for the wages and benefits of all persons working at its hotels, understands that its operators are reviewing the opportunity to file for the Employee Retention Credit to partially offset the costs for its furloughed hotel employees under Title II of the CARES Act. The Company has not filed for any relief under the CARES Act.

Balance Sheet, Capital Allocation and Expense Management

- Increased liquidity by accessing \$1.5 billion under the revolver portion of Host's credit facility in March 2020 as a precautionary measure in order to increase the Company's cash position and preserve financial flexibility. The Company has engaged with its credit facility lenders for flexibility in covenant requirements;
- Anticipates temporarily suspending or paying a nominal dividend until further notice. The first quarter dividend paid in April 2020 totaled approximately \$141 million. All future dividends are subject to approval by the Company's Board of Directors; and
- Anticipates reducing corporate expenses by 10-15% compared to initial February 2020 forecast through reduced travel, compensation and other overhead.

As a result of the above initiatives, the Company anticipates that it will significantly reduce its monthly cash expenditures. Even in an extreme downside scenario that assumes all properties are effectively closed through the end of 2020, management would anticipate cash flow losses, including corporate expenses and interest payments to average approximately \$120 million to \$140 million per month. The only investing and financing activities assumed in this scenario are the reduced level of capital expenditures.

The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company remains fluid, as does the Company's corporate and property-level response, together with the response of its hotel operators. There remains a great deal of uncertainty surrounding the trends and duration of the COVID-19 pandemic and the Company is monitoring developments on an ongoing basis. The Company, as well as its hotel managers, may take additional actions in response to future developments to continue meeting the needs of the Company's stakeholders.

BALANCE SHEET

The Company maintains a robust balance sheet with the following values at March 31, 2020:

- Total assets of \$13.4 billion:
- Cash balance of approximately \$2.8 billion and FF&E escrow reserves of \$165 million;
- · Debt balance of \$5.3 billion, with no significant maturities until 2023 and monthly interest expense of approximately \$13 million;
- Expects to remain in compliance with its financial covenants through the second quarter of 2020. Additional detail on the Company's first quarter covenant levels is available in the First Quarter 2020 Supplemental Financial Information available on the Company's website at www.hosthotels.com;
- Has an adjusted cash balance of approximately \$2.5 billion following the first quarter dividend payment in April and other payments.

OPERATING PERFORMANCE

The Company's previous presentation of comparable hotel performance is no longer relevant given the impact of COVID-19. Hotel operating results, including RevPAR, are being reported on an All Owned Hotel pro forma basis, which includes all consolidated properties owned as of March 31, 2020 and does not include the results of operations for properties sold in 2019. Additionally, operating results for acquisitions in the prior year are reflected for the full 2019 calendar quarter, to include results for periods prior to the Company's ownership. See the Notes to Financial Information – All Owned Hotel Operating Statistics and Results for further information on these pro forma statistics.

The Company started 2020 with RevPAR growth in January and February in the low single-digits and did not experience sharp RevPAR declines until March, when many states and localities implemented mandatory quarantines and travel restrictions, most of which are ongoing.

Due to low occupancy levels and/or state mandates, operations have been suspended at 35 hotels in the Company's portfolio as of May 6, 2020. The Company has provided a complete list of these suspended hotels on page 35 of its First Quarter 2020 Supplemental Information available on the Company's website.

OPERATING RESULTS (unaudited, in millions, except per share and hotel statistics)

Quarter er	Percent	
2020	2019	Change
\$ 1,052	\$ 1,390	(24.3)%
1,052	1,314	(19.9)%
(3)	189	N/M
164	406	(59.6)%
245.75	311.04	(21.0)%
147.31	192.03	(23.3)%
_	0.25	(100.0)%
0.23	0.48	(52.1)%
	2020 \$ 1,052 1,052 (3) 164 245.75 147.31	\$ 1,052 \$ 1,390 1,052 1,314 (3) 189 164 406 245,75 311.04 147.31 192.03 — 0.25

N/M = Not meaningful.

*Additional detail on the Company's results, including data for 22 domestic markets and top 40 hotels by Total RevPAR, is available in the First Quarter 2020 Supplemental Financial Information available on the Company's website at www.hosthotels.com.

The Company's customers fall into three broad groups: transient business, group business and contract business, which accounted for approximately 61%, 35%, and 4%, respectively, of its 2019 room sales.

During the quarter, transient room nights were down 20% leading to a revenue decline of 22%. Group room nights were down 25% with a decline in revenues of 25% for the quarter compared to the prior year.

As of May 4, 2020, 1.5 million net group room nights for the year have been cancelled. This equates to an estimated \$630 million in total cancelled group revenue of which approximately 62% is rooms revenue. Approximately 90% of the group room revenue lost was for the first half of the year. While the low levels of cancellations for the second half of the year are encouraging, the Company believes that the near-term pace of group and transient business remains uncertain until the consumer feels comfortable travelling again. At this time, there are not material cancellations for 2021.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

For 2020, the Company has reduced its projected capital expenditures spending, which is now expected to range from \$450 million to \$525 million, representing a \$100 million to \$125 million reduction from its previous range

NAREIT Funds From Operations ("FFO") per diluted share, Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDA'e, Adjusted EBITDA'e and all owned hotel results (pro forma) are non-GAAP (U.S. generally accepted accounting principles) financial measures within the meaning of the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). See the Notes to Financial Information on why the Company believes these supplemental measures are useful, reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, and the limitations on the use of these supplemental measures.

	Quarter ended N	Quarter ended March 31, 2020		New 2020 Full Year Forecast			
	Actu	als		Low-end of range		High-end of range	
ROI - Marriott transformational capital program	\$	42	\$	180	\$	200	
ROI - All other ROI projects		34		110		140	
Total ROI project spend		76		290		340	
Renewals and Replacements		55		160		185	
Total Capital Expenditures	\$	131	\$	450	\$	525	

The forecast ROI capital expenditures for 2020 include \$180 million to \$200 million for the Marriott transformational capital program, for which Marriott will be providing operating profit guarantees of approximately \$20 million in 2020, including \$2 million that was received in the first quarter of 2020.

The Company has prioritized major capital projects in those assets and markets that are expected to recover faster, such as leisure and drive-to destinations, as well as previously announced major return on investment projects. Where restrictions related to essential services permit, the Company is utilizing the low occupancy environment to accelerate certain projects and minimize future disruption.

SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM AND DIVIDENDS

Early in the quarter, the Company repurchased 8.9 million shares at an average price of \$16.49 per share for a total of \$147 million. The Company has suspended repurchases and anticipates the suspension will remain in effect for the remainder of 2020.

The Company paid a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.20 per share on its common stock on April 15, 2020 to stockholders of record as of March 31, 2020. All future dividends are subject to approval by the Company's Board of Directors.

CREDIT RATINGS

The Company's debt is rated investment grade by all of its three rating providers, S&P, Moody's and Fitch, which updated their outlooks as follows:

- On March 25, 2020, Moody's lowered the Company's outlook from Stable to Negative but retained its Baa2 credit rating;
- On March 20, 2020, S&P lowered the Company's outlook from Stable to CreditWatch Negative but retained its BBB- credit rating; and
- On April 3, 2020, Fitch downgraded the Company's credit rating from BBB to BBB- while maintaining its stable outlook.

2020 OUTLOOK

Given the global economic uncertainty COVID-19 has created for the travel, airline, lodging and tourism and event industries, among others, the Company cannot provide full year guidance for its operations or fully estimate the effect of COVID-19 on operations because of the uncertainty of the depth and duration of the pandemic. The Company anticipates the possibility of further hotel closures and erosion in operations and does not expect to see a material improvement until government restrictions have been lifted and business and leisure travelers are comfortable that the risks associated with traveling and contracting COVID-19 are significantly reduced. The Company does not intend to provide further updates unless deemed appropriate.

James F. Risoleo, President and Chief Executive Officer, said, "We have worked diligently with our operators to implement portfolio-wide cost reductions that are unprecedented in their magnitude. Although no one knows what the recovery will look like, we are collaborating with our operators to implement innovations and standards that we believe will help address customers' heightened safety and hygiene concerns and structurally improve the Company's long-term operating model. Finally, we remain confident that the relative strength of Host's liquidity position and balance sheet position the Company to endure this crisis and capitalize on future opportunities to create long-term value."

ABOUT HOST HOTELS & RESORTS

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. is an S&P 500 company and is the largest lodging real estate investment trust and one of the largest owners of luxury and upper-upscale hotels. The Company currently owns 75 properties in the United States and five properties internationally totaling approximately 46,500 rooms. The Company also holds non-controlling interests in six domestic and one international joint ventures. Guided by a disciplined approach to capital allocation and aggressive asset management, the Company partners with premium brands such as Marriotte, Ritz-Carlton®, Westin®, Sheraton®, W®, St. Regis®, The Luxury Collection®, Hyatt®, Fairmont®, Hilton®, Swissôtel®, ibis® and Novotel®, as well as independent brands. For additional information, please visit the Company's website a twww.hosthotels.com.

Note: This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities regulations. These forward-looking statements include forecast results and are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "should," "predict," "project," "will," "continue" and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made. These risks include, but are not limited to: the duration and scope of the COVID-19 pandemic and its short and longer-term impact on the demand for travel, transient and group business, and levels of consumer confidence; actions governments, businesses and individuals take in response to the pandemic, including limiting or banning travel; the impact of the pandemic and actions taken in response to the pandemic on opposition on the demand for travel, transient and group business, and levels of consumer discretionary spending; the pace of recovery when the COVID-19 pandemic subsides; general economic uncertainty in U.S. markets where we own hotels and a worsening of economic conditions or low levels of economic growth in these markets; the effects of steps we and our hotel managers take to reduce operating costs in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; on hational and local economic and business conditions and other factors such as natural disasters and weather that will affect occupancy rates at our hotels and the demand for hotel products and services; the impact of geopolitical developments outside the U.S. on lodging demand; volatility in global financial and credit markets; operating risks associated with the hotel business; risks and limitations in our operating flexibility associated with the level of our indebtedness and our ability to meet covenants in

* This press release contains registered trademarks that are the exclusive property of their respective owners. None of the owners of these trademarks has any responsibility or liability for any information contained in this press release.

*** Tables to Follow ***

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc., herein referred to as "we," "Host Inc.," or the "Company," is a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust that owns hotel properties. We conduct our operations as an umbrella partnership REIT through an operating partnership, Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. ("Host LP"), of which we are the sole general partner. When distinguishing between Host Inc. and Host LP, the primary difference is approximately 1% of the partnership interests in Host LP held by outside partners as of March 31, 2020, which is non-controlling interests in Host LP in our consolidated balance sheets and is included in net income attributable to non-controlling interests in our consolidated statements of operations. Readers are encouraged to find further detail regarding our organizational structure in our annual report on Form 10-K.

2020 OPERATING RESULTS	PAGE No.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019	7
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) Quarter Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019	8
Earnings per Common Share (unaudited) Quarter Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019	9
Hotel Operating Data Hotel Operating Data for Consolidated Hotels (by Location)	10
Schedule of All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results	11
Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre	12
Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share	13
Notes to Financial Information	14

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited, in millions, except shares and per share amounts)

		March 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	ASSETS				
Property and equipment, net		\$	9,628	\$	9,671
Right-of-use assets			598		595
Due from managers			37		63
Advances to and investments in affiliates			61		56
Furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund			165		176
Other			161		171
Cash and cash equivalents			2,796		1,573
Total assets		\$	13,446	\$	12,305
	LIABILITIES NON CONTROLLING INTERESTS AND FOLLIT				
D-I+ (1)(2)	LIABILITIES, NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS AND EQUITY				
Debt (1)(2)		•	0.777	•	0.770
Senior notes		\$	2,777	\$	2,776
Credit facility, including the term loans of \$997			2,489		989
Other debt			29		29
Total debt			5,295		3,794
Lease liabilities			609		606
Accounts payable and accrued expenses			222		263
Other			166		175
Total liabilities			6,292		4,838
Redeemable non-controlling interests - Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.			84		142
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity:					
Common stock, par value \$.01, 1,050 million shares authorized,					
704.9 million shares and 713.4 million shares issued and outstanding,			_		_
respectively			7		7
Additional paid-in capital			7,580		7,675
Accumulated other comprehensive loss			(72)		(56)
Deficit			(451)		(307)
Total equity of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders			7,064		7,319
Non-redeemable non-controlling interests—other consolidated partnerships			6		6
Total equity			7,070		7,325
Total liabilities, non-controlling interests and equity		\$	13,446	\$	12,305

Management's primary mitigation plan to avoid a default under its credit facility is to obtain a waiver from its creditors. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain a waiver in a timely manner, or on acceptable terms, if at all. The failure to obtain a waiver, or otherwise repay the debt, could lead to an event of default which would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, which gives rise to substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Please see our First Quarter 2020 Supplemental Financial Information for more detail on our debt balances and financial covenant ratios under our credit facility and senior notes indentures.

We are currently in compliance with all our debt covenants and expect to remain so through the second quarter of 2020. Additionally, absent a breach of credit facility covenants, described below, we believe we have sufficient liquidity to fund cash flow shortfalls through the next twelve months. We also have no significant debt maturities until 2023. However, due to the current level of operations, we believe that it is probable we would breach certain of our credit facility covenants based on third quarter of 2020 results. Therefore, we are currently in discussions with the lenders under our credit facility form these covenants. We note that over the past month several other companies in the lodging industry have already negotiated waivers under their agreements and have obtained, among other terms, waiver of their covenants for 12 months. Any covenant waiver may lead to increased costs, increased interest rates, additional restrictive covenants and other lender protections. If we were not able to obtain a waiver and an event of default were to occur, this could lead to the potential acceleration of amounts due under the credit facility, we continue to have ample access to other sources of liquidity including \$2.5 billion of available cash as of April 30, 2020, access to capital markets, or we could choose to raise cash by selling hotel properties, although there can be no assurances we would be successful on terms favorable to use

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

	Quarter ended March 31,		
	 2020		2019
Revenues			
Rooms	\$ 626	\$	857
Food and beverage	330		433
Other	 96		100
Total revenues	1,052		1,390
Expenses			-
Rooms	187		217
Food and beverage	245		285
Other departmental and support expenses	319		327
Management fees	30		54
Other property-level expenses	93		92
Depreciation and amortization	164		170
Corporate and other expenses(1)	 25		29
Total operating costs and expenses	 1,063		1,174
Operating profit (loss)	(11)		216
Interest income	6		8
Interest expense	(37)		(43)
Other gains/(losses)	(1)		5
Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives	(1)		_
Equity in earnings of affiliates	 4		5
Income (loss) before income taxes	(40)		191
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	 37		(2)
Net income (loss)	(3)		189
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	 		(3)
Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc.	\$ (3)	\$	186
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ _	\$.25

(1) Corporate and other expenses include the following items:

		Quarter ended March 31,			
	2020			2019	
General and administrative costs	\$	22	\$		25
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense		3			4
Total	\$	25	\$		29

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Earnings per Common Share (unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

		Quarter ended March 31,				
	20	020	2019			
Net income (loss)	\$	(3) \$	189			
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		_	(3)			
Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc.	\$	(3) \$	186			
Basic weighted average shares outstanding		708.1	740.6			
Assuming distribution of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans, less shares assumed purchased at market		_	.2			
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding (1)		708.1	740.8			
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$.25			

Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred operating partnership units ("OP Units") held by minority partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP Units. No effect is shown for any securities that were anti-dilutive for the period.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Hotel Operating Data for Consolidated Hotels (1)(2)

d Hotels (pro forma) by Location in Constant US\$

	As of March 3	31, 2020	-	Quarter ended Mare	ch 31, 2020		Quarter ended March 31, 2019				
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Percent Change in RevPAR
Maui/Oahu	4	1,983	\$ 469.81	74.5%	\$ 350.05	\$ 513.46	\$ 437.66	89.0%	\$ 389.36	\$ 584.39	(10.1)%
Miami	3	1,276	443.30	70.9	314.11	498.35	408.86	85.9	351.13	522.30	(10.5)
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,841	430.81	70.8	305.01	619.05	439.30	83.1	364.98	702.94	(16.4)
Phoenix	3	1,654	369.52	67.1	248.11	552.93	373.48	82.7	308.80	644.54	(19.7)
Jacksonville	1	446	363.41	57.0	207.28	466.16	367.78	78.6	289.04	690.11	(28.3)
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,528	295.37	59.3	175.08	254.37	305.80	77.3	236.51	330.84	(26.0)
San Diego	3	3,288	244.32	61.2	149.44	291.18	252.91	76.9	194.59	349.55	(23.2)
Los Angeles	4	1,726	217.17	68.7	149.12	221.85	223.86	86.5	193.59	289.21	(23.0)
New Orleans	1	1,333	202.36	65.3	132.09	197.80	209.79	81.6	171.18	249.87	(22.8)
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	230.32	54.0	124.28	183.71	247.89	73.3	181.79	257.64	(31.6)
New York	3	4,261	220.61	56.1	123.75	197.15	236.38	72.0	170.27	267.69	(27.3)
Orlando	1	2,004	215.31	57.1	123.02	288.47	208.20	79.0	164.41	385.22	(25.2)
Atlanta	4	1,682	192.55	63.1	121.49	196.11	227.57	76.7	174.60	272.88	(30.4)
Orange County	2	925	197.46	58.4	115.30	202.33	201.08	79.0	158.85	269.03	(27.4)
Philadelphia	2	810	173.70	62.8	109.04	180.62	190.16	78.1	148.48	242.24	(26.6)
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	206.66	52.7	108.90	180.68	210.16	65.7	138.09	239.65	(21.1)
Houston	4	1,716	175.23	61.3	107.38	162.63	182.60	75.8	138.36	201.04	(22.4)
Seattle	2	1,315	193.42	54.0	104.51	149.34	194.12	77.4	150.15	203.91	(30.4)
Boston	3	2,715	177.13	53.0	93.85	141.90	190.33	69.4	132.03	196.44	(28.9)
Denver	3	1,340	161.52	50.1	80.92	125.09	161.82	64.7	104.75	158.27	(22.7)
San Antonio	2	1,512	186.32	43.0	80.16	122.14	196.01	77.4	151.75	229.98	(47.2)
Chicago	4	1,816	142.48	47.5	67.69	95.61	148.27	60.4	89.50	128.94	(24.4)
Other	6	2,509	166.44	57.3	95.36	134.38	168.26	73.1	122.94	175.07	(22.4)
Domestic	75	45,170	253.53	59.1	149.75	250.37	256.56	76.2	195.38	316.95	(23.4)
International	5	1,499	138.21	53.3	73.70	106.43	134.63	67.6	91.07	132.89	(19.1)
All Locations - Constant US\$	80	46,669	250.18	58.9	147.31	245.75	253.07	75.9	192.03	311.04	(23.3)

d Hotels (pro forma) in Nomina		
--------------------------------	--	--

	As of March	31, 2020		Quarter ended N	March 31, 2020			Quarter ended M	larch 31, 2019		
				Average				Average			Percent
	No. of	No. of	Average	Occupancy			Average	Occupancy			Change in
	Properties	Rooms	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	RevPAR
International	5	1,499	\$ 138.2	1 53.3%	\$ 73.70	\$ 106.43	\$ 143.88	67.6%	\$ 97.32	\$ 140.81	(24.3)%
Domestic	75	45,170	253.5	3 59.1	149.75	250.37	256.56	76.2	195.38	316.95	(23.4)
All Locations	80	46,669	250.1	58.9	147.31	245.75	253.34	75.9	192.23	311.30	(23.4)

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics and operating results for the periods included in this presentation on a comparable hotel basis. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and its effects on operations there is little comparability between periods. For this reason we are revising our presentation to instead present hotel operating results for all consolidated hotels and, to facilitate comparisons between periods, we are presentation a pro forma basis including the following adjustments: (1) operating results for all consolidated properties owned as of March 31, 2020 but do not include the results of operations for properties sold in 2019; and (2) operating results for acquisitions in the current and prior year are reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the year-over-year comparison includes periods prior to our ownership, the changes will not necessarily correspond to changes in our actual results. See the Notes to Financial Information — All Owned Hotel Operating Statistics and Results for further information on these pro forms statistics and — Constant US\$ and Nominal US\$ for a discussion on constant US\$ presentation. Nominal US\$ for a location refers to the central business district.

Hotel RevPAR is calculated as room revenues divided by the available room nights. Hotel Total RevPAR is calculated by dividing the sum of rooms, food and beverage and other revenues by the available room nights. (1) (2)

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Schedule of All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results (1) (unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

		Quarter ended March 31,				
	202	0	2019			
Number of hotels		80	80			
Number of rooms		46,669	46,669			
Change in hotel Total RevPAR -						
Constant US\$		(21.0)%	_			
Nominal US\$		(21.1)%	_			
Change in hotel RevPAR -						
Constant US\$		(23.3)%	_			
Nominal US\$		(23.4)%	_			
Operating profit (loss) margin ⁽²⁾		(1.0)%	15.5%			
All Owned Hotel Pro Forma EBITDA margin (2)		16.9%	30.4%			
Food and beverage profit margin (2)		25.8%	34.2%			
All Owned Hotel Pro Forma food and beverage profit margin (2)		25.8%	34.4%			
Net income (loss)	\$	(3)	\$ 189			
Depreciation and amortization		164	170			
Interest expense		37	43			
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(37)	2			
Gain on sale of property and corporate level						
income/expense		17	11			
Pro forma adjustments (3)		<u></u>	(15)			
All Owned Hotel Pro Forma EBITDA	\$	178	\$ 400			

		Q	uarter ended Marc	h 31, 202	20	Quarter ended March 31, 2019							
			Adjustmen	ts					Adjustr	ments			
	GAA	P Results	Depreciation corporate le items		All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results(3)	GAA	AP Results	Pro fo		Depreciation an corporate level items		Pro	rned Hotel Forma sults(3)
Revenues													
Room	\$	626	\$	_	\$ 626	\$	857	\$	(49)	\$	_	\$	808
Food and beverage		330		_	330		433		(20)		_		413
Other		96			96		100		(7)		_		93
Total revenues		1,052		_	1,052		1,390		(76)		_		1,314
Expenses													
Room		187		_	187		217		(14)		_		203
Food and beverage		245		_	245		285		(14)		_		271
Other		442		_	442		473		(33)		_		440
Depreciation and amortization		164		(164)	_		170		_	(1	170)		_
Corporate and other expenses		25		(25)	_		29		_	· i	(29)		_
Total expenses		1,063		(189)	874		1,174		(61)	(1	199)		914
Operating Profit (Loss) - All Owned Hotel Pro Forma EBITDA	\$	(11)	\$	189	\$ 178	\$	216	\$	(15)	\$ 1	199	\$	400

⁽¹⁾

⁽²⁾

See the Notes to Financial Information for a discussion of non-GAAP measures and the calculation of all owned hotel pro forma results, including the limitations on their use. For additional information on hotel EBITDA by location, see the First Quarter 2020 Supplemental Financial Information posted on our website.

Profit margins are calculated by dividing the applicable operating profit by the related revenue amount. GAAP profit margins are calculated using amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Hotel margins are calculated using amounts presented in the above tables.

Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: () the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired during the presented periods. For this presentation, we no longer adjust for certain items such as gains on insurance settlements, the results of our leased office buildings and other non-hotel revenue and expense items, and they are included in the All Owned Hotel Pro Forma results. (3)

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre (1) (unaudited, in millions)

		Quarter ended	l March 31,	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2020		2019
Net income (loss)	\$	(3)	\$	189
Interest expense		37		43
Depreciation and amortization		164		170
Income taxes		(37)		2
EBITDA		161		404
(Gain) loss on dispositions (2)		1		(2)
Equity investment adjustments:				
Equity in earnings of affiliates		(4)		(5)
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments		6		9
EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	164	\$	406

See the Notes to Financial Information for discussion of non-GAAP measures. Reflects the sale of one hotel in 2019.

Page 12 of 17

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share (1) (unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

		Quarter e March		
	2020		31,	2019
Net income (loss)	\$	(3)	\$	189
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests				(3)
Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc.		(3)		186
Adjustments:				
(Gain) loss on dispositions (2)		1		(2)
Depreciation and amortization		164		169
Equity investment adjustments:				
Equity in earnings of affiliates		(4)		(5)
Pro rata FFO of equity investments		4		9
Consolidated partnership adjustments:				
FFO adjustment for non-controlling partnerships		_		1
FFO adjustments for non-controlling interests of Host L.P.		(2)		(2)
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	\$	160	\$	356
For calculation on a per share basis (3):				
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding - EPS		708.1		740.8
Assuming issuance of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans		0.4		
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding - NAREIT FFO and Adjusted	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.4	-	
FFO		708.5		740.8
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	_	\$.25
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$.23	\$.48

Refer to the corresponding footnote on the Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to EBITDA, EBITDA'e and Adjusted EBITDA'e.

Diluted earnings per common share, NAREIT FFO per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share are adjusted for the effects of dilutive securities. Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred OP units held by non-controlling partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP units. No effect is shown for securities if they are anti-dilutive.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

ALL OWNED HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS AND RESULTS

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics and operating results for the periods included in this presentation on a comparable hotel basis (discussed in Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics below). However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and its effects on operations there is little comparability between periods. For this reason we are temporarily suspending our comparable hotel presentation and instead present hotel operating results for all consolidated hotels and, to facilitate comparisons between periods, we are presenting results on a pro forma basis including the following adjustments: (1) operating results are presented for all consolidated properties owned as of March 31, 2020 but do not include the results of operations for properties sold in 2019; and (2) operating results for acquisitions in the current and prior year are reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the year-over-year comparison includes periods prior to our ownership, the changes will not necessarily correspond to changes in our actual results.

COMPARABLE HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS

The following discusses our typical presentation of comparable hotels; however, this method is not being used in the current presentation due to the impact of COVID-19:

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics (i.e., Total RevPAR, RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this report on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance.

We define our comparable hotels as properties:

- (i) that are owned or leased by us at the end of the reporting periods being compared; and
- (ii) that have not sustained substantial property damage or business interruption, or undergone large-scale capital projects (as further defined below) during the reporting periods being compared.

The hotel business is capital-intensive and renovations are a regular part of the business. Generally, hotels under renovation remain comparable hotels. A large scale capital project that would cause a hotel to be excluded from our comparable hotel set is an extensive renovation of several core aspects of the hotel, such as rooms, meeting space, lobby, bars, restaurants and other public spaces. Both quantitative and qualitative factors are taken into consideration in determining if the renovation would cause a hotel to be removed from the comparable hotel set, including unusual or exceptional circumstances such as: a reduction or increase in room count, rebranding, a significant alteration of the business operations, or the closing of the hotel during the renovation.

Historically, we have not included an acquired hotel in our comparable hotel set until the operating results for that hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year. For example, we acquired the 1 Hotel South Beach in February 2019 and therefore it was not included in our comparable hotels for 2019. We are, however, making a change to this policy going forward, which is explained below under "2020 Comparable Hotel Definition Change."

Hotels that we sell are excluded from the comparable hotel set once the transaction has closed. Similarly, hotels are excluded from our comparable hotel set from the date that they sustain substantial property damage or business interruption or commence a large-scale capital project. In each case, these hotels are returned to the comparable hotel set when the operations of the hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year after completion of the repair of the property damage or cessation of the business interruption, or the completion of large-scale capital projects, as applicable.

2020 Comparable Hotel Definition Change

Effective January 1, 2020, the Company adjusted its definition of comparable hotels to include recent acquisitions on a pro forma basis assuming they have comparable operating environments. Operating results for acquisitions in the current and prior year will be reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to Company ownership. Management believes this will provide investors a better understanding of underlying growth trends for the Company's current portfolio. As a result, the 1 Hotel South Beach would be included in the comparable hotel set for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

CONSTANT US\$ and Nominal US\$

Operating results denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the prevailing exchange rates on the date of the transaction, or monthly based on the weighted average exchange rate for the period. For comparative purposes, we also present the RevPAR results for the prior year assuming the results of our foreign operations were translated using the same exchange rates that were effective for the comparable periods in the current year, thereby eliminating the effect of currency fluctuation for the year-over-year comparisons. For the full year forecast results, we use the applicable forward currency curve (as published by Bloomberg L.P.) for each monthly period to estimate forecast foreign operations in U.S. dollars and have restated the prior year RevPAR results using the same forecast exchange rates to estimate year-over-year growth in RevPAR in constant US\$. We believe this presentation is useful to investors as it provides

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Notes to Financial Information

clarity with respect to growth in RevPAR in the local currency of the hotel consistent with the way we would evaluate our domestic portfolio. However, the estimated effect of changes in foreign currency has been reflected in the actual and forecast results of net income, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE

Included in this press release are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) FFO and FFO per diluted share (both NAREIT and Adjusted), (ii) EBITDA/e and Adjusted EBITDA/e and (iv) All Owned Hotel Property Level Operating Results. The following discussion defines these measures and presents why we believe they are useful supplemental measures of our performance.

NAREIT FFO AND NAREIT FFO PER DILUTED SHARE

We present NAREIT FFO and NAREIT FFO per diluted share as non-GAAP measures of our performance in addition to our earnings per share (calculated in accordance with GAAP). We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share as our NAREIT FFO (defined as set forth below) for a given operating period, as adjusted for the effect of dilutive securities, divided by the number of fully diluted shares outstanding during such period, in accordance with NAREIT guidelines. Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted NAREIT's definition of FFO included in NAREIT's Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement. NAREIT defines FFO as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from change in control, impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments and adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated affiliates are calculated to reflect our pro rata share of the FFO of those entities on the same basis.

We believe that NAREIT FFO per diluted share is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance and that the presentation of NAREIT FFO per diluted share, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share, provides beneficial information to investors. By excluding the effect of real estate depreciation, amortization, impairment expense and gains and losses from sales of depreciable real estate, all of which are based on historical cost accounting and which may be of lesser significance in evaluating current performance, we believe that such measures can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and with other REITs, even though NAREIT FFO per diluted share does not represent an amount that accrues directly to holders of our common stock. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. As noted by NAREIT in its Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement, the primary purpose for including FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance of a REIT is to address the artificial nature of historical cost depreciation and amortization of real estate and real estate assets mandated by GAAP. For these reasons, NAREIT adopted the FFO metric in order to promote a uniform industry-wide measure of REIT operating performance.

Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share

We also present Adjusted FFO per diluted share when evaluating our performance because management believes that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. Management historically has made the adjustments detailed below in evaluating our performance, in our annual budget process process and for our compensation programs. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted FFO per diluted share, when combined with both the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share and FFO per diluted share as defined by NAREIT, provides useful supplemental information that is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. We adjust NAREIT FFO per diluted share which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted FFO per diluted share:

- Gains and Losses on the Extinguishment of Debt We exclude the effect of finance charges and premiums associated with the extinguishment of debt, including the acceleration of the write-off of deferred financing costs from the original issuance of the debt being redeemed or retired and incremental interest expense incurred during the refinancing period. We also exclude the gains on debt repurchases and the original issuance costs associated with the retirement of preferred stock. We believe that these items are not reflective of our ongoing finance costs.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust NAREIT FFO for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. For example, in 2017, as a result of the reduction of corporate income tax rates from 35% to 21% caused by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, we remeasured our domestic deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2017 and recorded a

Page 15 of 17

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

one-time adjustment to reduce the deferred tax assets and increase the provision for income taxes by approximately \$11 million. We do not consider this adjustment to be reflective of our on-going operating performance and therefore excluded this item from Adjusted FFO.

ERITO

Earnings before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") is a commonly used measure of performance in many industries. Management believes EBITDA provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations because it helps us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Management also believes the use of EBITDA facilitates comparisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners that are not REITs and other capital-intensive companies. Management uses EBITDA to evaluate property-level results and as one measure in determining the value of acquisitions and, like FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, it is widely used by management in the annual budget process and for our compensation programs.

EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

We present EBITDAre in accordance with NAREIT guidelines, as defined in its September 2017 white paper "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate," to provide an additional performance measure to facilitate the evaluation and comparison of the Company's results with other REITs. NAREIT defines EBITDAre as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses on disposition of depreciated property (including gains or losses on change of control), impairment write-downs of depreciated property and of investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in value of depreciated property in the affiliate, and adjustments to reflect the entity's pro rata share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated affiliates.

We make additional adjustments to EBITDAre when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDAre, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of net income, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. Adjusted EBITDAre also is similar to the measure used to calculate certain credit ratios for our credit facility and senior notes. We adjust EBITDAre for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDAre:

- Property Insurance Gains We exclude the effect of property insurance gains reflected in our consolidated statements of operations because we believe that including them in Adjusted EBITDAre is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our assets. In addition, property insurance gains could be less important to investors given that the depreciated asset book value written off in connection with the calculation of the property insurance gain often does not reflect the market value of real estate assets.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust EBITDAre for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. The last such adjustment was a 2013 exclusion of a gain from an eminent domain claim.

Limitations on the Use of NAREIT FFO per Diluted Share, Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share, EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share in accordance with standards established by NAREIT, which may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies that do not use the NAREIT definition of FFO or do not calculate FFO per diluted share in accordance with NAREIT guidance. In addition, although FFO per diluted share is a useful measure when comparing our results to other REITs, it may not be helpful to investors when comparing us to other REITs, it may not be helpful to investors when comparing us to other REITs. We also calculated by other comparable to measures calculated by other companies. This information should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating profit, cash from operations or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Cash expenditures for various long-term assets (such as renewal and replacement capital expenditures), interest expense (for EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre purposes only) and other items have been and will be made and are not reflected in the EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO per diluted share presentations. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statement of operations and cash flows include interest expense, capital expenditures, and other excluded items, all of which should be considered when evaluating our performance, as well as the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures. Additionally, NAREIT FFO per diluted share, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre should not be considered as a measure of our liquidity or indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions. In addition, NAREIT FFO per diluted

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC

share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share do not measure, and should not be used as a measure of, amounts that accrue directly to stockholders' benefit.

Similarly, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of our equity investments and NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships. Our equity investments consist of interests ranging from 11% to 67% in seven domestic and international partnerships that own a total of 10 properties and a vacation ownership development. Due to the voting rights of the outside owners, we do not control and, therefore, do not consolidate these entities. The non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships primarily consist of the approximate 1% interest in Host LP held by outside partners, and a 15% interest held by outside partners and a 15% inte

Hotel Property Level Operating Results

We present certain operating results for our hotels, such as hotel revenues, expenses, food and beverage profit, and EBITDA (and the related margins), on a hotel-level pro forma basis as supplemental information for our investors. Our hotel results reflect the operating results of our hotels as discussed in All Owned Hotel Operating Statistics and Results above. We present all owned hotel pro forma EBITDA to help us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operation performance of our properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization expense). Corporate-level costs and expenses also are removed to arrive at property-level results. We believe these property-level results provide investors with supplemental information about the ongoing operating performance of our hotels. All owned hotel pro forma results are presented both by location and for the Company's properties in the aggregate. We eliminate depreciation and amortization expense because, even though depreciation and amortization expense are property-level expenses, these non-cash expenses, which are based on historical cost accounting for real estate assets is diminishes predictably over time. As noted earlier, because real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many real estate industry investors have considered presentation of historical cost accounting for reperting results to be insufficient.

Because of the elimination of corporate-level costs and expenses, gains or losses on disposition and depreciation and amortization expense, the hotel operating results we present do not represent our total revenues, expenses, operating profit or net income and should not be used to evaluate our performance as a whole. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statements of operations include such amounts, all of which should be considered by investors when evaluating our performance.

While management believes that presentation of all owned hotel results is a measure that provides useful information in evaluating our ongoing performance, this measure is not used to allocate resources or to assess the operating performance of each of these hotels, as these decisions are based on data for individual hotels and are not based on all owned hotel results in the aggregate. For these reasons, we believe that all owned hotel operating results, when combined with the presentation of GAAP operating profit, revenues and expenses, provide useful information to investors and management.

Page 17 of 17









Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.

First Quarter 2020 Supplemental Financial Information March 31, 2020

Table of Contents

		PAGE NO
I.	Overview i About Host Hotels & Resorts	3
	i. Forward-Looking Statements	4
	ii. All Owned Hotel Operating Statistics and Results and Non-GAAP Financial Measures	4
II.	Corporate Financial Information	4
11.	i Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) - March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019	6
	ij, Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) - Quarter Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019	7
	iii. Earnings per Common Share (unaudited) - Quarter Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019	8
	iv. Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre	9
	v. Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share	10
III.	Property Level Data	
	i, All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results	12
	ii. Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$	14
	iii. Top 40 Domestic Hotels by Total RevPAR for the Year Ended December 31, 2019	18
	iy. Top 40 Domestic Hotels by Total RevPAR Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income (Loss) to Hotel EBITDA and EBITDAre	19
IV.		04
	i. Comparative Capitalization ii. Consolidated Debt Summary as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019	21 22
	ii. Consolidated Debt Summary as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 iii. Consolidated Debt Maturity as of March 31, 2020	23
	iii. Consolidated Debt maturity as of match 31, 2020 iy. Ground Lease Summary as of December 31, 2019	23
	v. 2019 Property Dispositions	25
V.	COVID-19 Data	23
٧.	Credit Facility and Senior Notes Financial Performance Tests	27
	ii. Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio	28
	iii. Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio	29
	iv. Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	30
	v. Reconciliation of GAAP Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Indebtedness Test	31
	vi. Reconciliation of GAAP Secured Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Secured Indebtedness Test	32
	vii. Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Senior Notes Indenture EBITDA-to-Interest Coverage Ratio	33
	viii. Reconciliation of GAAP Assets to Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Unencumbered Assets to Unsecured Indebtedness Test	34
	ix. Hotels with Suspended Operations	35
VI.	Notes to Supplemental Financial Information	
	i. All Owned Hotel Operating Statistics and Results	37
	ii. Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics	37
	iii. Non-GAAP Financial Measures	38
		2
	III and III an	_

Host Hotels & Resorts

Overview

ABOUT HOST HOTELS & RESORTS

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. is an S&P 500 company and is the largest lodging real estate investment trust and one of the largest owners of luxury and upper-upscale hotels. The Company currently owns 75 properties in the United States and five properties internationally totaling approximately 46,500 rooms. The Company also holds non-controlling interests in six domestic and one international joint ventures. Guided by a disciplined approach to capital allocation and aggressive asset management, the Company partners with premium brands such as Marriott®, Ritz-Carlton®, Westin®, Sheraton®, Westin®, St. Regis®, The Luxury Collection®, Hyatt®, Fairmont®, Hilton®, Swissôtel®, ibis® and Novotel®, as well as independent brands. For additional information, please visit the Company's website at www.hosthotels.com

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc., herein referred to as "we," "Host Inc.," or the "Company," is a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust ("REIT") that owns hotel properties. We conduct our operations as an umbrella partnership REIT through an operating partnership, Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. ("Host LP"), of which we are the sole general partner. When distinguishing between Host Inc. and Host LP, the primary difference is approximately 1% of the partnership interests in Host LP held by outside partners as of March 31, 2020, which is non-controlling interests in Host LP in our consolidated balance sheets and is included in net income attributable to non-controlling interests in our consolidated statements of operations. Readers are encouraged to find further detail regarding our organizational structure in our annual report on Form 10-K.

CONTACTS

James F. Risoleo, Chief Executive Officer

Tejal Engman, Vice President Investor Relations

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

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3

Host Hotels & Resorts

Overview

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This supplemental information contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities regulations. These forward-looking statements include forecasts results and are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as 'anticipate,' "believe," 'could,' "estimate," 'expect," 'intend,' "may,' "should," 'plan," 'predict," 'project," 'will," 'continue' and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future persuits. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of thure persuits for thure persuits. Forward-looking statements are most guarantees of thure persuits to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made. These risks include, but are not limited to: the duration and scope of the COVID-19 pandemic and its short and longer-term impact on the demand for travel, transient and group business, and levels of consumer confidence; actions governments, businesses and individuals take in response to the pandemic including limiting or banning travel; the impact of the pandemic and actions taken in response to the pandemic on global and regional economies, travel, and economic activity, including the duration and magnitude of its impact on unemployment rates, business investment and consumer discretionary spending; the pace of recovery when the COVID-19 pandemic subsides; general economic uncertainty in U.S. markets where we own hotels and a worsening of economic conditions or low levels of economic growth in these markets; the effects of steps we and our hotel managers take to reduce operating costs in response to the COVID-19 pandemic; other changes (apart from the COVID-19 pandemic) in national and local economic and business conditions and other factors such as natural disasters, and weather that will affect occupancy rates at our hotels and the demand for hotel products and services; the impact of geopolitical developments outside the U.S. on lodging demand, volatility in global financial and credit markets;

ALL OWNED HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS AND RESULTS AND NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics and operating results for the periods included in this presentation on a comparable hotel basis. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and its effects on operations, there is little comparability between periods. For this reason, we are temporarily suspending our comparable hotel presentation and instead present hotel operating results for all consolidated hotels and, to facilitate comparisons between periods, we are presenting results on a pro forma basis including the following adjustments: (1) operating results are presented for all consolidated properties owned as of March 31, 2020 but do not include the results of operations for properties sold in 2019; and (2) operating results for acquisitions in the current and prior year are reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the year-over-year comparison includes periods prior to our ownership, the changes will not necessarily correspond to changes in our actual results. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for further information on these pro forma statistics and the limitations on their use.

Included in this supplemental information are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP (U.S. generally accepted accounting principles), within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) FFO and FFO per diluted share (both NAREIT and Adjusted EBITDAre, (iv) Net Operating Income (NOI) and (v) All Owned Hotel Property Level Operating Results (and the related margins). Also included are reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measures. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for definitions of these measures, why we believe these measures are useful and limitations on their use.

Also included in this supplemental information is our leverage ratio, unsecured interest coverage ratio and fixed charge coverage ratio, calculated in accordance with our credit facility, along with our EBITDA to interest coverage ratio, indenture indebtedness test, indenture secured indebtedness test, and indenture unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness test, calculated in accordance with our senior notes indenture covenants. Included with these ratios are reconciliations calculated in accordance with GAAP. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for information on how these supplemental measures are calculated, why we believe they are useful and limitations on their use.

4







5

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

unaudited, in millions, except shares and per share amounts)	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Property and equipment, net	\$9.628	\$9.67
Right-of-use assets	598	59:
Due frommanagers	37	6
Advances to and investments in affiliates	61	56
Furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund	165	170
Other	161	17
Cash and cash equivalents	2.796	1,57
Total assets	\$13,446	\$12,30
LIABILITIES, NON-CONTROLLING IN	TERESTS AND FOURTY	
Debt	EKEDIO AND EGOIT	
Senior notes	\$2.777	\$2.77
Credit facility, including term loans of \$997	2.489	98
Other debt	29	2
Total debt	5.295	3,79
Lease liabilities	609	60
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	222	26
Other	166	17
Total liabilities	6,292	4,83
Redeemable non-controlling interests - Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.	84	14:
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$.01, 1,050 million shares authorized, 704.9 million shares and 713.4 million shares issued and		
outstanding, respectively	7	
Additional paid-in capital	7,580	7,67
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(72)	(56
Deficit	(451)	(307
Total equity of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders	7,064	7,31
Non-redeemable non-controlling interests—other consolidated partnerships	6	
Total equity	7,070	7,32
Total liabilities, non-controlling interests and equity	\$13,446	\$12,305

Host Hotels & Resorts

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

Food and beverage 330 4 Other 96 1 Total revenues 1,052 1,33 Expenses 1,052 1,32 Rooms 187 2 Food and beverage 245 2 Other departmental and support expenses 319 3 Management fees 30 3 Other property-level expenses 93 3 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25 3 Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,1 Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interestic expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (11) 2 Uses on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (11) 4 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes (3) 1 Net income (loss) (3) 1 <		Quarter ended Ma	rch 31,
Rooms \$626 \$8 Food and beverage 330 4 Other 96 1 Total revenues 1,052 1,3 Expenses 8 187 2 Rooms 187 2 2 Food and beverage 245 2 2 Other departmental and support expenses 319 3 3 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 4 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 1 4 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 1 2 1 3 1 1 1 1 2 1		2020	2019
Food and beverage 330 4 Other 96 1 Total revenues 1,052 1,33 Expenses 1,052 1,32 Rooms 187 2 Food and beverage 245 2 Other departmental and support expenses 319 3 Management fees 30 3 Other property-level expenses 93 3 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25 3 Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,1 Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interestic expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (11) 2 Uses on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (11) 4 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes (3) 1 Net income (loss) (3) 1 <	Revenues		
Other 96 1 Total revenues 1,052 1,3 Expenses 1 2 Rooms 187 2 Food and beverage 245 2 Other departmental and support expenses 319 3 Management fees 30 3 Other property-level expenses 93 93 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25 1 Total operating costs and expenses 25 1 Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interest income 6 1 Interest expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) 1 Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) 1 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 1 Income (loss) before income taxes (30) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes (30) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests 5 3	Rooms	\$626	\$857
Total revenues 1,052 1,3 Expenses 8 2 Rooms 187 2 Food and beverage 245 2 Other departmental and support expenses 319 3 Management fees 30 3 Other property-level expenses 93 3 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25	Food and beverage	330	433
Expenses 187 2 Rooms 245 22 Cother departmental and support expenses 319 3 Management fees 30 30 Other property-level expenses 93 3 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25 3 Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,11 Operating profit (loss) (101) 2 Interest income 6 6 interest expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) 2 Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) 1 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes (30) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests 30 3 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$(3)	Other		100
Rooms 187 2 Food and beverage 245 2 Other departmental and support expenses 319 3 Management fees 30 30 Other property-level expenses 93 30 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25 30 Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,1 Operating profit (loss) (111) 2 Interest income 6 11 Interest expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) 5 Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) 5 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 1 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests 5 3	Total revenues	1,052	1,390
Food and beverage	Expenses		
Other departmental and support expenses 319 3 Management fees 30 30 Other property-level expenses 93 93 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25 1 Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,1 Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interest income 6 1 Interest expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) 1 Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) 1 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 4 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests (3) 1 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Rooms	187	217
Managementfees 30 Other property-level expenses 93 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25	Food and beverage	245	285
Other property-level expenses 93 Depreciation and amortization 164 1 Corporate and other expenses 25 — Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,1 Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interest sincome 6 6 Interest expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) — Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) — Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 — Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 — Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests — — Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$3(3) \$1	Other departmental and support expenses	319	327
Depreciation and amortization	Managementfees	30	54
Corporate and other expenses 25 Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,1 Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interest income 6 Interest expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) 1	Other property-level expenses	93	92
Total operating costs and expenses 1,063 1,1 Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interest income 6 6 Interest expense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) 1 Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) 1 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 1 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 1 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests - - Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$(3)			170
Operating profit (loss) (11) 2 Interest income 6 6 Interest syense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) 1 Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) 1 Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 1 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 1 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests - - Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$(3)	Corporate and other expenses	25	29
Interest income 6 Interest supense (37) (4 Other gains/(losses) (1) Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 1 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests — 1 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Total operating costs and expenses	1,063	1,174
Interest expense	Operating profit (loss)	(11)	216
Other gains/(losses) (1) Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 1 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests - 1 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Interest income	6	8
Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives (1) Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 If Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests — If Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Interest expense	(37)	(43)
Equity in earnings of affiliates 4 Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 0 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests - 0 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Other gains/(losses)	(1)	5
Income (loss) before income taxes (40) 1 Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 37 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests — 6 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Loss on foreign currency transactions and derivatives	(1)	_
Benefit (provision) for income taxes 37 Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests — — Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Equity in earnings of affiliates	4	5
Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests — 1 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Income (loss) before income taxes	(40)	191
Net income (loss) (3) 1 Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests — 1 Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Benefit (provision) for income taxes	37	(2)
Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. \$(3) \$1	Net income (loss)	(3)	189
	Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		(3)
Basic and diluted earnings per common share \$-	Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc.	\$(3)	\$186
	Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$	\$.25

7

Earnings per Common Share

(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

	Quarter ended Ma	rch 31,
	2020	2019
Net income (loss)	\$(3)	\$189
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		(3)
Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc.	\$(3)	\$186
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	708.1	740.6
Assuming distribution of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans, less shares assumed purchased at market		.2
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding (1)	708.1	740.8
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$	\$.25

⁽¹⁾ Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred operating partnership units ("OP Units") held by minority partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP Units. No effect is shown for any securities that were anti-dilutive for the period.

Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre (1)

(unaudited, in millions)

	Quarter ended March 31,			
	2020	2019		
Net income (loss)	\$(3)	\$189		
Interest expense	37	43		
Depreciation and amortization	164	170		
Income taxes	(37)	2		
EBITDA	161	404		
(Gain) loss on dispositions (2)	1	(2)		
Equity investment adjustments:				
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(4)	(5)		
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments	6	9		
EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDAre	\$164	\$406		

⁽¹⁾ See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for discussion of these non-GAAP measures.
(2) Reflects the sale of one hotel in 2019.

 $Reconciliation \, of \, Diluted \, Earnings \, per \, Common \, Share \, to \, NAREIT \, and \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, per \, Diluted \, Share \, (1) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, per \, Diluted \, Share \, (1) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, per \, Diluted \, Share \, (1) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, Per \, Diluted \, Share \, (2) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, Per \, Diluted \, Share \, (3) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, Per \, Diluted \, Share \, (3) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, Per \, Diluted \, Share \, (3) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, Per \, Diluted \, Share \, (3) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, From \, Operations \, Per \, Diluted \, Share \, (4) \, Adjusted \, Funds \, (4) \, Adjusted \, (4) \, Adjuste$

undulted, in minoris, except per share unrounts)		
	Quarter ended March	ı 31,
ss: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests income (loss) attributable to Host Inc. strents: ain) loss on dispositions (2) preciation and amortization uity investment adjustments: quity in earnings of affiliates tor rata FFO of equity investments nsolidated partnership adjustments: FO adjustment for non-controlling partnerships FO adjustments for non-controlling interests of Host L.P. EIT and Adjusted FFO calculation on a per share basis (3): ted weighted average shares outstanding - EPS suming issuance of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans ted weighted average shares outstanding - NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO ted earnings per common share	2020	2019
Net income (loss)	\$(3)	\$189
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		(3)
Net income (loss) attributable to Host Inc.	(3)	186
Adjustments:		
(Gain) loss on dispositions (2)	1	(2)
Depreciation and amortization	164	169
Equity investment adjustments:		
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(4)	(5)
Pro rata FFO of equity investments	4	g
Consolidated partnership adjustments:		
FFO adjustment for non-controlling partnerships	- -	1
FFO adjustments for non-controlling interests of Host L.P.	(2)	(2)
NAREIT and Adjusted FFO	\$160	\$356
For calculation on a per share basis (3):		
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding - EPS	708.1	740.8
Assuming issuance of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans	0.4	
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding - NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	708.5	740.8
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	\$.25
NAREIT FEO and Adjusted FEO per diluted share	\$ 23	\$ 48

NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share
(1-2) Refer to the corresponding footnote on the Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to EBITDA: EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre.
(3) Diluted earnings per common share, NAREIT FFO per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share are adjusted for the effects of dilutive securities. Dilutive securities may include share sgranted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred OP units held by non-controlling partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP units. No effect is shown for securities if they are anti-dilutive.

Host Hotels & Resorts 10







11

All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results (1)

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Quarter ended Marc	h 31,
	2020	2019
Number of hotels	80	80
Number of rooms	46,669	46,669
Change in hotel Total RevPAR (2) -		
Constant US\$	(21.0)%	_
Nominal US\$	(21.1)%	<u></u> -
Change in hotel RevPAR (3) -		
Constant US\$	(23.3)%	_
Nominal US\$	(23.4)%	_
Operating profit (loss) margin (4)	(1.0)%	15.5%
All Owned Hotel Pro Forma EBITDA margin (4)	16.9%	30.4%
Food and beverage profit margin (4)	25.8%	34.2%
All Owned Hotel Pro Forma food and beverage profit margin (4)	25.8%	34.4%
Net income (loss)	\$(3)	\$189
Depreciation and amortization	164	170
Interest expense	37	43
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	(37)	2
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense	17	11
Pro forma adjustments (5)		(15)
All Owned Hotel Pro Forma EBITDA	\$178	\$400

12

All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results (1) (continued)

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Quar	ter ended March 31,	2020	Quarter ended March 31, 2019				
		Adjustments			Adjust			
	GAAP Results	Depreciation and corporate level items	All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results ⁽⁵⁾	GAAP Results	Pro forma adjustments (5)	Depreciation and corporate level items	All Owned Hotel Pro Forma Results ⁽⁵⁾	
Revenues							St.	
Room	\$626	\$-	\$626	\$857	\$(49)	\$-	\$808	
Food and beverage	330	_	330	433	(20)	_	413	
Other	96		96	100	(7)		93	
Total revenues	1,052		1,052	1,390	(76)	_	1,314	
Expenses								
Room	187	<u> </u>	187	217	(14)	_	203	
Food and beverage	245	Y <u>=</u>	245	285	(14)	_	271	
Other	442	_	442	473	(33)	_	440	
Depreciation and amortization	164	(164)	_	170	_	(170)	_	
Corporate and other expenses	25	(25)		29		(29)	_	
Total expenses	1,063	(189)	874	1,174	(61)	(199)	914	
Operating Profit (Loss) – All Owned Hotel Pro Forma EBITDA	\$(11)	\$189	\$178	\$216	\$(15)	\$199	\$400	

⁽²⁾ See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for a discussion of non-GAAP measures and the calculation of all owned hotel pro forma results, including the limitations on their use.

(2) Total Revenue per Available Room ("Total RevPAR") is a summary measure of hotel results calculated by dividing the sum of room, food and beverage and other ancillary service revenue by room nights available to guests for the period. It includes ancillary revenues not included within RevPAR.

(3) RevPAR is the product of the average daily room rate charged and the average daily occupancy achieved.

(4) Profit margins are calculated by dividing the applicable operating profit by the related revenue amount. GAAP profit margins are calculated using amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Hotel margins are calculated using amounts presented in the above tables.

(5) Proforma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the elimination of results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the addition of results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired during the presented periods. For this presentation, we no longer adjust for certain items such as gains on insurance settlements, the results of our leased office buildings and other non-hotel revenue and expense items, and they are included in the All Owned Hotel Pro Forma results.

Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics and per room basis)

	Quarter ended March 31, 2020										
	No. of	No. of	A	Average			Total Revenues per I	Jatal Nations			
Location	Properties	Rooms	Average Room Rate	Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Available Room	(Loss)	Hotel EBITDA (1)		
Maui/Oahu	4	1,983	\$469.81	74.5%	\$350.05	\$92.7	\$513.46	\$17.2	\$28.8		
Miami	3	1,276	443.30	70.9	314.11	59.8	498.35	17.0	22.7		
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,841	430.81	70.8	305.01	103.7	619.05	32.7	42.0		
Phoenix	3	1,654	369.52	67.1	248.11	83.2	552.93	19.4	32.0		
Jacksonville	1	446	363.41	57.0	207.28	18.9	466.16	1.1	3.2		
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,528	295.37	59.3	175.08	104.8	254.37	0.8	19.7		
San Diego	3	3.288	244.32	61.2	149.44	87.1	291.18	2.0	19.8		
Los Angeles	4	1.726	217.17	68.7	149.12	34.8	221.85	(5.6)	(0.8)		
New Orleans	1	1,333	202.36	65.3	132.09	24.0	197.80	4.5	7.2		
Washington, D.C. (CBD) (3)	5	3,238	230.32	54.0	124.28	54.1	183.71	(6.4)	3.3		
New York	3	4,261	220.61	56.1	123.75	76.4	197.15	(39.5)	(26.6)		
Orlando	1	2,004	215.31	57.1	123.02	52.6	288.47	9.1	15.9		
Atlanta	4	1,682	192.55	63.1	121.49	30.0	196.11	2.9	8.3		
Orange County	2	925	197.46	58.4	115.30	17.0	202.33	0.7	3.1		
Philadelphia	2	810	173.70	62.8	109.04	13.3	180.62	(2.6)	0.4		
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	206.66	52.7	108.90	20.6	180.68	(1.5)	1.7		
Houston	4	1,716	175.23	61.3	107.38	25.4	162.63	(0.9)	4.0		
Seattle	2	1,315	193.42	54.0	104.51	17.9	149.34	(5.5)	(1.5)		
Boston	3	2,715	177.13	53.0	93.85	35.1	141.90	(12.6)	(6.2)		
Denver	3	1,340	161.52	50.1	80.92	15.3	125.09	(2.0)	2.0		
San Antonio	2	1,512	186.32	43.0	80.16	16.8	122.14	(3.1)	0.2		
Chicago	4	1,816	142.48	47.5	67.69	15.8	95.61	(11.3)	(5.8)		
Other	6	2,509	166.44	57.3	95.36	30.7	134.38	(0.7)	3.7		
Other property level (2)						7.2		(0.2)	(0.2)		
Domestic	75	45,170	253.53	59.1	149.75	1,037.2	250.37	15.5	176.9		
International	5	1,499	138.21	53.3	73.70	14.6	106.43	(1.0)	1.3		
All Locations - Nominal US\$	80	46,669	\$250.18	58.9%	\$147.31	\$1,051.8	\$245.75	\$14.5	\$178.2		
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense (1)		10,000	-		in the state of th	_		(17.5)	(16.8)		
Total	80	46,669	7_	122		\$1,051.8	1 <u>22</u>	\$(3.0)	\$161.4		

¹⁾ Certain items from our statement of operations are not allocated to individual properties, including interest on our senior notes, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in "gain or sale of property and corporate level income/expenses". Refer to the table below for reconciliation of net income to EBITDA by location.

Other property level includes certain ancillary revenues and related expenses, as well as non-income taxes on TRS leases.

CBD refers to the central business district.

Host Hotels & Resor

Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$ Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income (Loss) to Hotel EBITDA

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

Location	Quarter ended March 31, 2020									
	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Hotel Net Income (Loss)	Plus: Depreciation	Plus: Interest Expense	Plus: Income Tax	Equals: Hotel EBITDA			
Maui/Oahu	4	1,983	\$17.2	\$11.6	\$ —	\$ <u></u>	\$28.8			
Miami	3	1,276	17.0	5.7	_	<u> </u>	22.7			
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,841	32.7	9.3	_	_	42.0			
Phoenix	3	1,654	19.4	12.6	_	/ <u>-</u>	32.0			
Jacksonville	1	446	1.1	2.1	_		3.2			
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,528	0.8	18.9	_		19.7			
San Diego	3	3,288	2.0	17.8	_	_	19.8			
Los Angeles	4	1,726	(5.6)	4.8	_	_	(0.8)			
New Orleans	1	1,333	4.5	2.7	_	-	7.2			
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	(6.4)	9.7	_	_	3.3			
New York	3	4,261	(39.5)	12.9	_	<u> </u>	(26.6)			
Orlando	1	2,004	9.1	6.8	_	_	15.9			
Atlanta	4	1,682	2.9	5.4	-	7 -	8.3			
Orange County	2	925	0.7	2.4	_	_	3.1			
Philadelphia	2	810	(2.6)	3.0	_	<u> </u>	0.4			
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	(1.5)	3.2	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.7			
Houston	4	1,716	(0.9)	4.9	_		4.0			
Seattle	2	1,315	(5.5)	4.0	_	_	(1.5)			
Boston	3	2,715	(12.6)	6.4	-	<u> </u>	(6.2)			
Denver	3	1,340	(2.0)	4.0	_	<u> </u>				
San Antonio	2	1,512	(3.1)	3.3	_	_	0.2			
Chicago	4	1,816	(11.3)	5.5		7 <u>-</u>	(5.8)			
Other	6	2,509	(0.7)	4.4	-		3.7			
Other property level			(0.2)		_	_	(0.2)			
Domestic	75	45,170	15.5	161.4	_	-	470.0			
International	5	1,499	(1.0)	2.3	-	_	- 1.3			
All Locations - Nominal US\$	80	46,669		\$163.7		S-				
Gain on sale of property and corporate		10,000								
level income/expense		40.000	(17.5)	0.7		(37.1)				
Total	80	46,669	\$(3.0)	\$164.4	\$37.1	\$(37.1)	\$161.4			

15

Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$

(unaudited, in millions, except hote	o. o.aouco una	pocom buoi	-,	Quarter ended March 31, 2019						
,	Average									
	No. of	No. of	Average	Occupancy		Transport Control	Total Revenues per	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR		
Location	Properties	Rooms	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Available Room	Hotel Net Income	Hotel EBITDA (1)	
/laui/Oahu	4	1,983	\$437.66	89.0%	\$389.36	\$104.3	\$584.39	\$26.9	\$38.3	
fiami	3	1,276	408.86	85.9	351.13	62.1	522.30	14.8	27.3	
Torida Gulf Coast	5	1,841	439.30	83.1	364.98	116.7	702.94	41.3	50.3	
Phoenix	3	1,654	373.48	82.7	308.80	95.9	644.54	35.6	42.3	
acksonville	1	446	367.78	78.6	289.04	27.7	690.11	7.4	9.7	
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,528	305.80	77.3	236.51	134.6	330.84	33.7	49.1	
San Diego	3	3,288	252.91	76.9	194.59	103.4	349.55	19.6	35.1	
os Angeles	4	1,726	223.86	86.5	193.59	44.9	289.21	4.3	9.5	
New Orleans	1	1,333	209.79	81.6	171.18	30.0	249.87	8.5	11.3	
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	247.89	73.3	181.79	75.1	257.64	9.3	19.3	
New York	3	4,261	236.38	72.0	170.27	102.6	267.69	(20.3)	(4.6	
Orlando	1	2,004	208.20	79.0	164.41	69.5	385.22		26.0	
Atlanta	4	1,682	227.57	76.7	174.60	41.3	272.88	12.9	16.1	
Drange County	2	925	201.08	79.0	158.85	22.4	269.03		6.7	
Philadelphia	2	810	190.16	78.1	148.48	17.7	242.24	_	3.3	
Northern Virginia	3	1,252	210.16	65.7	138.09	27.0	239.65	4.2	6.7	
Houston	4	1,716	182.60	75.8	138.36	31.0	201.04		9.2	
Seattle	2	1,315	194.12	77.4	150.15	24.1	203.91	(0.5)	3.6	
Boston	3	2,715	190.33	69.4	132.03	48.0	196.44		5.9	
Denver	3	1,340	161.82	64.7	104.75	19.1	158.27		4.9	
San Antonio	2	1,512	196.01	77.4	151.75	31.3	229.98		9.1	
Chicago	4	1,816	148.27	60.4	89.50	20.9	128.94		(1.3	
Other	6	2,509	168.26	73.1	122.94	39.5	175.07		10.0	
Other property level (2)			_		_	6.1		8.2	8.3	
Domestic	75	45,170	256.56	76.2	195.38	1,295.2	316.95		396.0	
International	5	1,499	143.88	67.6	97.32	19.0	140.81	1.4	4.	
All Locations - Nominal US\$	80	46,669	\$253.34	75.9%	\$192.23	\$1,314.2	\$311.30		\$400.	
Pro forma adjustments (3)	100	600000				75.8		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14.5	
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense (1)						76.6		(56.5)	(10.5	
Total	80	46,669	1900	2000		\$1,390.0		\$189.0	\$404.	
Total	- 00	40,003				\$1,550.0		\$105.0	3404	

¹⁰ Certain items from our statement of operations are not allocated to individual properties, including interest on our senior notes, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in "gain on sale of property level includes certain annuality revenues and related expenses, as well as non-income taxes on TRS leases.

(2) Other property level includes certain annuality revenues and related expenses, as well as non-income taxes on TRS leases.

(3) Pro forms adjustments represent the following items: (i) the results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the results for periods prior to our ownership for hotels acquired during the presented periods.

Host Hotels & Resorts

Property Level Data

Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$ Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income to Hotel EBITDA

				Quarter ended N				
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Hotel Net Income	Plus: Depreciation	Plus: Interest	Plus: Income Tax	Pro forma	Equals: Hotel EBITDA
	No. of Properties				Expense		adjustments(1)	
Maui/Oahu	4	1,983			\$ <u></u>	\$—	\$ <u> </u>	\$38.
Miami	3	1,276	14.8			_	8.5	27.
Florida Gulf Coast	5	1,841	41.3	9.0	_	_	_	50.
Phoenix	3	1,654	35.6		-	-	(6.7)	42.
Jacksonville	1	446	7.4	2.3	_	_	_	9.
San Francisco/San Jose	7	4,528	33.7	15.4	_	_	_	49.
San Diego	3	3,288	19.6	20.6	_	_	(5.1)	35.
Los Angeles	4	1,726	4.3	5.2	_	_	_	9.
New Orleans	1	1,333	8.5	2.8	_	<u> </u>	_	11.
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	9.3	10.0	_	_	_	19.
New York	3	4,261	(20.3)	12.7	_	_	3.0	(4.6
Orlando	1	2.004	20.4	5.6	_	<u>~</u>		26.
Atlanta	4	1,682	12.9	5.2		<u></u> -	(2.0)	16.
Orange County	2	925	6.5	3.1	_	_	(2.9)	6.
Philadelphia	2	810			_	_	_	3.
Northern Virginia	3	1.252	4.2			<u>-</u>	(1.9)	6.
Houston	4	1,716	4.3	4.9		_		9.
Seattle	2	1,315	(0.5)	4.1	_	_	_	3.
Boston	3	2,715	(2.5)		_	_	(0.6)	5.
Denver	3	1,340	0.6				(0.0)	4.
San Antonio	2	1,512		2.7	_	_	_	9.
Chicago	4	1.816	(8.4)	7.2	_	_	(0.1)	(1.3
Other	6	2,509	10.9			<u>_</u>	(6.7)	10.
Other property level			8.2	J.0			10.75	8.
Domestic	75	45,170		166.4			(14.5)	396.
Domestic	- 10	40,110	244.1	100.4		<u> </u>	(14.0)	550.
International	5	1,499	1.4	2.7		<u> </u>		4.
All Locations - Nominal US\$	80	46,669	\$245.5	\$169.1	\$	S—	\$(14.5)	\$400.
Pro forma adjustments			_	_		-	14.5	14.
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense			(56.5)	1.2	43.3	1.5	_	(10.5
Total	80	46,669	\$189.0	\$170.3	\$43.3	\$1.5		\$404.

¹⁾ Pro forma adjustments represent the following items: (i) the results of operations of our sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations and (ii) the results for periods prior to 17 our ownership for hotels acquired during the presented periods.

Host Hotels & Resorts

Property Level Data

Top 40 Domestic Hotels by Total RevPAR For the Year ended December 31, 2019

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics and per room basis)

		A		verage Occupancy			Total Revenues per	Hotel Net Income	
Hotel	Location	No. of Rooms	Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Available Room	(L066)	Hotel EBITDA (1)
The Ritz-Cariton, Naples	Florida Gulf Coast	450	\$595.81	68.0%	\$405.06	\$138.3	\$841.74		\$46
Andaz Maul at Wallea Resort	Maul/Oahu	301	600.56	87.5	525.47	91.2	829.82		25
1 Hotel South Beach(2)	Mlami	433	615.15	79.5	488.90	143.1	820.25		48
Fairmont Kea Lani, Maul	Maul/Oahu	450	600.11	87.2	523.41	123.9	754.28		43
The Phoenician, A Luxury Collection Resort	Phoenix	645	375.68	74.6	280.36	153.4	651.46		49
The Ritz-Cariton, Amelia Island	Jacksonville	445	372.94	73.5	274.07	99.9	613.80		34
Hyatt Regency Maul Resort and Spa	Maul/Oahu	806	355.40	85.5	307.40	154.3	524.41		54
The Ritz-Cariton, Marina del Rey	Los Angeles	304	361.17	84.4	304.93	54.4	490.66		12
The Don CeSar	Florida Gulf Coast	347	294.26	74.3	218.60	57.5	453.69		19
New York Marriott Marquis	New York	1,966	320.22	87.1	278.88	318.4	443.69		63
The Westin Klerland Resort & Spa	Phoenix	732	254.93	68.0	173.35	111.6	417.63		34
W Hollywood	Los Angeles	305	291.84	83.3	243.05	45.1	404.94		9
The Ritz-Cariton Golf Resort, Naples	Florida Gulf Coast	295	341.76	62.7	214.34	43.0	399.62	7.9	12.
The Logan	Philadelphia	391	253.44	80.4	203.74	54.7	383.34	8.6	18
Marriott Marquis San Diego Marina	San Diego	1,360	256.88	81.1	208.36	189.9	382.50	33.1	65
San Francisco Marriott Marquis	San Francisco/San Jose	1,500	305.19	83.3	254.25	204.8	374.01	37.8	63
Grand Hyatt San Francisco	San Francisco/San Jose	668	323.37	87.5	283.01	88.4	362.64	10.0	22
Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa	Florida Gulf Coast	454	235.61	71.8	169.16	59.9	361.77	9.7	16
The Ritz-Cariton, Tysons Corner	Northern Virginia	398	264.32	75.7	199.98	51.6	354.98		11
Manchester Grand Hvatt San Diego	San Diego	1,628	244.17	77.7	189.63	207.9	349.89		70
JW Marriott Washington, DC	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	777	273.85	83.1	227.66	90.3	318.46		28
Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Spa	San Diego	300	242.75	81.0	196.68	34.9	318.28	2.9	9
Grand Hyatt Washington	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	897	241.75	83.8	202.53	103.8	317.13	16.7	32
Marina del Rey Marriott	Los Angeles	370	249.52	88.5	220.92	41.9	310.52	9.9	12
San Francisco Marriott Fisherman's Wharf	San Francisco/San Jose	285	285.26	93.1	265.51	32.2	309.45	5.4	8
Boston Marriott Copie/ Place	Boston	1,144	245.67	87.4	214.79	128.2	307.13		36
Orlando World Center Marriott	Orlando	2,004	184.12	67.9	125.02	221.4	302.71	48.1	71
Axiom Hotel	San Francisco/San Jose	152	263.01	86.8	228.31	16.6	299.53		8
Sheraton New York Times Square Hotel	New York	1,780	252.54	85.2	215.19	193.2	297.32		18
Newport Beach Marriott Hotel & Soa	Orange County	532	203.11	78.9	160.30	54.6	281.10		19.
The Westin Chicago River North	Chicago	445	252.40	77.2	194.98	43.2	274.75		9
	San Francisco/San Jose	789	206.79	89.9	185.94	77.7	269.66		24
Hyatt Regency San Francisco Airport									
Washington Marriott at Metro Center	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	459	232.44	84.3	196.00	44.2	263.91		12
The St. Regis Houston	Houston	232	282.43	60.1	169.83	22.2	262.70		3
Hyatt Regency Washington on Capitol Hill	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	838	231.27	76.9	177.82	79.7	260.49		20
New York Marriott Downtown	New York	513	268.99	75.0	201.65	47.9	256.03		10
Grand Hyatt Atlanta in Buckhead	Atlanta	439	178.60	85.8	153.24	40.7	254.13	8.7	13
The Westin Seattle	Seattle	891	217.11	82.1	178.31	81.9	251.90	9.6	19
JW Marriott Atlanta Buckhead	Atlanta	371	192.56	79.0	152.18	33.6	248.19	8.2	11
Swissôtel Chicago	Chicago	662	195.30	74.3	145.10	59.8	247.46		19
Total Top 40		27,759	\$282.65	80.3%	\$226.90	\$3,839.3	378.51		\$1,113
Remaining 40 hotels		18,911	185.75	76.2%	141.55	1,388.6	201.23		408
Pro forma adjustment for 1 Hotel South Beach (2)		16,911	100.75	10.276	141.00	(20.1)	201.23	230.1	(8)
Gain on sale of property, sold property operations and corporate lev	ol Innomal					(20.1)			(0.
expense(*)	EI IIIAAIIE					260.9		50.8	24
Total		46,670				\$5,468.7			\$1.538

*Represents 72% of our EBITDAre

(2) The Hobel EBRITIAn results for the 1 Hotel South Beach acquired in Perusary 2019 are included on a proformal basis, which includes operating results assuming the hotel was divined as of January 1, 2019 and based on actual results obtained from the manager for periods prior to our ownership. For this hotel, since the operations include periods prior to our ownership, the results may not necessarily correspond to our actual results.

Host Hotels & Resorts

Property Level Data

$Top\,40\,Domestic\,Hotels\,by\,Total\,RevPAR\,Reconciliation\,of\,Hotel\,Net\,Income\,(Loss)\,to\,Hotel\,EBITDA\,and\,EBITDA\,re$

2 Andaz Mull at Walles Resort 3 1 Trotel South Beach?** Mainti 433 25.3 4 Fallmont Kea Lani, Maul Maul Canu 450 27.5 5 The Protection, A Laury Collection Resort 5 The Protection, A Laury Collection Resort 5 The Protection, A Laury Collection Resort 7 Protent 645 18.4 6 The REX-Cartino, Amelia Island Jacksonnille 446 25.0 8 The REX-Cartino, Marina Giffey Los Angeles 904 8.3 9 The Don Caster Fornas Guir Coaste 197 11.4 10 Near York Marriord Marquis New York 1980 37.5 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980 1980		Interest Piu	us: Income	Less: Gain on dispositions	Plus: Equity Investment Adjustments	Plus: Pro Forma	Equals: Hot EBITDA
2 Andaz Mull at Vialles Resort 301 1677 Mailloni 433 25.3 4 Faltmort Kea Lani, Maul 430 27.5 5 The Protection, A Lucury Collection Resort 645 18.4 6 The REX-Cartino, Amelia Island Jacksonnille 446 25.0 7 Protent 645 18.4 6 The REX-Cartino, Amelia Island Jacksonnille 446 25.0 8 The REX-Cartino, Marrias del Rey Los Angeles 9 The Directors 9 The Dun Cester Fornas Guir Coast 134 11.4 10 Near York, Marriord Marquis New York 196 37.6 10 Near York, Marriord Marquis 11 Near REX-Cartino, Golf Resort, Naples 12 Protes Guir Coast 13 The REX-Cartino, Topics 14 Protes Guir Coast 15 Near Resort as Spa 15 Near Resort as Spa 16 Near Resort as Spa 17 Grand Hyat San Francisco Sian Jose 18 Near Francisco Sian Jose 18 Near Francisco Sian Jose 19 The REX-Cartino, Typons Comer 10 Marriord Washington, D.C. 10 Marriord Washington, D.C. 10 Marriord Washington, D.C. 11 Marriord Washington, D.C. 12 Marriord Washington, D.C. 13 Marriord Washington, D.C. 14 Marriord Washington, D.C. 15 San Francisco Marriord Fleetmark Wharf 15 San Francisco Coast 15 Jan. 16 Jan. 17 Grand Hyat San Diego 16 Jan. 18 Jan	on Exp 514.2	Ş-	TEX S-	S-	Aujustinents S-		5- S4
3 I Holde South Beach**	9.2	3-	3-	-	3-		- 2
4 Fallmont Kea Lani, Maul 5 The Protection A Churry Collection Resort 6 The Protection A Churry Collection Resort 6 The Protection A Churry Collection Resort 6 The REx-Cartino, Amelia Island 8 Mau/Canu 806 6 40.2 8 The REx-Cartino, Amelia Island 9 Mau/Canu 806 6 40.2 8 The REx-Cartino, Marina del Rey 9 Los Angeles 9 Nat Collection Marina del Rey 9 Los Angeles 9 Nat Collection Marina del Rey 9 The Don Costs 9 The The Control Marina del Rey 9 The Don Costs 9 The Three Control Marina del Rey 9 The Don Costs 9 The Three Control Marina del Rey 9 The Don Costs 9 The Three Control Marina del Rey 9 The West Not Kinder Resort & Spa 9 Proteit 1732 22.9 9 The Rex-Cartino Gel Resort, Naples 9 This Cognit 9 The Rex-Cartino Gel Resort, Naples 9 This Cognit 9 The Rex-Cartino Gel Resort, Naples 9 This Cognit 9 The Rex-Cartino Gel Resort, Naples 9 This Cognit 9 This Rex-Cartino Gel Resort, Naples 9 This Cognit 9 This Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 This Cognit Cocust 9 The Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 This Cognit Cocust 9 The Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 This Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 The Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 This Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 The Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 This Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 This Rex-Cartino, Typons Commer 9 The Rex-Cartino Typons Commer 9 This Rex-Cartino Typons Commer 9 This Rex-Cartino Typons Commer 9 This Rex	15.1		-			8	
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5 The REX-Cartinol, Amelia Island Jacksonnille 446 25.0 4 The REX-Cartinol, Amelia Island Maul/Cartu 806 40.2 8 The REX-Cartinol, Marina del Rey Los Angeles 304 8.3 9 The Din CeSt \$17 11.4 10 New York 1.966 37.5 11 The Western Kernard Resort & Sya Phorenty 722 22.9 12 W Hollywood Los Angeles 306 16.6 12 W Hollywood Los Angeles 305 16.6 12 W Hollywood Los Angeles 305 16.6 12 W Hollywood Los Angeles 305 16.6 13 The REX2-Cartino Golf Resort, Napties Florids Court Cost 295 7.9 14 The Logan Philaselpinis 391 8.6 15 Marriel Marquis San Diego Marina San Diego 1.500 33.1 14 The Logan Assamble Professor 1.500 33.1 33.1 15 Warriel Marquis San Diego Marina San Praroleso San Jose 86.0 10.0 37.8 17 Grand Hyat San Praroles	31.5	-	_	-			
7 Hjoff Régency Maul Reson and Spa Maul/Caru	9.1				-		- 4
8 Time REX-Cardino, Martina cell Rey Los Angeles 304 8.3 9 Time Direct Cests 347 11.4 10. New York 1.966 37.5 10 New York 1.966 37.6 1.966 37.6 11 Time Vestin Kertain Resort & Sya Process 1.966 37.5	14.5						- 5
9 The Dion CeSar*							-
10 New York Marriott Manquis New York 1,966 37,6	4.5 7.7	-	-		-		
11 The Vestin Kierland Resort & Spa		-	-	-			
12 W Horthwood Los Angeles 305 16 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19	25.6	-		-	- 1		- 6
13 The REX-Cartinot Goff Resort, Nagles	11.2	-	-		-		- 3
14 The Logan	7.8	-	-	-			- 1
15 Marrick Marquis San Diego Narina San Diego 1,800 33.1 16 San Francisco Marrick Marquis San Francisco San Jose 1,500 37.5 17 Grand Hjatt San Francisco San Francisco San Jose 668 10.0 18 Hjatt Regency Coomus Point Resort and Spa Finds Guilf Cootest 444 9.7 19 The REz-Cartino, Tysons Corner Northern Virginia 398 4.4 19 The REz-Cartino, Tysons Corner Northern Virginia 398 4.4 10 Manchester Grand Hjatt San Diego 1,628 41.0 1.0 Manchester Grand Hjatt San Diego 1,628 41.0 1.0 Manchester Grand Hjatt San Diego 300 2.9 1.0 Manchester Grand Hjatt San Diego 300 300 300 300 1.0 Manchester Grand Hjatt San Diego 300 300 300 300 300 1.0 Manchester Grand Hjatt San Diego 300	4.3	-	-				- 1
16 San Francisco Marriott Marquis San Francisco San Jose 1,500 37,5 17 Grand Hydt Eas Francisco San Diego 16,55 41,0 18 Marriotta Marriott Resort San Diego San	9.7	-	-	-	-		- 1
16 San Francisco Marriott Mirarquis San Francisco San Jose 1,500 37,5 1,7	32.8	-	-				- 6
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	160.1	S-	S-	Ş-	S-	\$8.	
	172.3				-	90.	- 40
Pro forms adjustment for 1 Hotel South Beach acquisition (1)	-	- 1				(8.3)	
Gain on sale of property, sold property operations and corporate level	43.7	222.4	29.5	(334.1)	12.3	200	o) (c - 2
	43.7 576.1	5222.4	\$29.5	\$(334.1)	12.3 \$12.3		- 2 5- \$1.53

(1) The Hotel EBTDA results for the 1 Hotel South Beach adoptined in February 2019 are included on a proformal basis, which includes operating results assuming the hotel was owned as of January 1, 2019 and based on actual results obtained from the manager for periods prior to our ownership. For this hotel, since the operations include periods prior to our ownership, the results may not necessarily correspond to our actual results.

Host Hotels & Resorts









Comparative Capitalization

Shares/Units	As of March 31, 2020	As of December 31, 2019	As of September 30, 2019	As of June 30, 2019	As of March 31, 2019
Common shares outstanding	704.9	713.4	718.5	730.0	740.9
Common shares outstanding assuming conversion of OP Units (1)	704.9	713.4	716.5	730.0	740.9
Preferred OP Units outstanding	.01	.01	.01	.01	.01
Security pricing					
Common stock at end of quarter (2)	\$11.04	\$18.55	\$17.29	\$18.22	\$18.90
High during quarter	18.23	18.86	18.46	19.88	20.14
Low during quarter	9.31	16.31	15.60	17.80	16.35
Capitalization					
Market value of common equity (3)	\$7,866	\$13,375	\$12,556	\$13,443	\$14,149
Consolidated debt	5,295	3,794	4,442	3,864	3,862
Less: Cash	(2.796)	(1,573)	(2,030)	(1,107)	(1,082)
Consolidated total capitalization	10.365	15,596	14,968	16.200	16,929
Plus: Share of debt in unconsolidated investments	146	145	146	147	148
Pro rata total capitalization	\$10,511	\$15,741	\$15,114	\$16,347	\$17,077
	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended
	March 31,	December 31,	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,
	2020	2019	2019	2019	2019
Dividends declared per common share (4)	\$0.20	\$0.25	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.20

⁽¹⁾ Each OP Unit is redeemable for cash or, at our option, for 1.021494 common shares of Host Inc. At March 31, 2020, December 31, 2019, September 30, 2019, June 30, 2019 and March 31, 2019, there were 7.5 million, 7.6 million, 7.6 million and 7.6 million in common OP Units, respectively, held by non-controlling interests.
(2) Share prices are the closing price as reported by the New York Stock Exchange.
(3) Market value of common equity is calculated as the number of common shares outstanding including assumption of conversion of OP units multiplied the closing share price on that day.
(4) The dividend declared for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 was paid on April 15, 2020 and totaled \$141 million.

Consolidated Debt Summary

Assets encumbered by mortgage debt

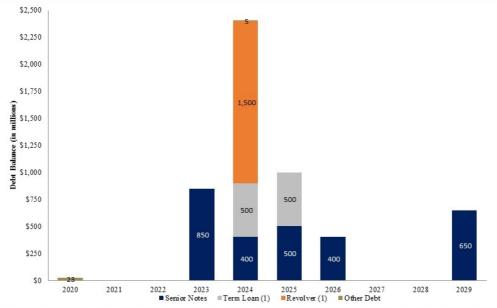
(in millions) Debt Senior debt Series C Maturity date March 31, 2020 December 31, 2019 4¾% 3¾% 4% 4½% 3¾% 3¾% 3/2023 448 447 10/2023 Series D 398 398 Series E 6/2025 497 497 2/2026 Series F 397 397 Series G 4/2024 397 397 Series H 12/2029 640 640 2024 Credit facility term Ioan 2025 Credit facility term Ioan 2.0% 1/2024 498 498 499 2.0% 1/2025 499 Credit facility revolver (1) 1.8% 1/2024 5,266 Other debt 29 \$3,794 74% 5.0% - 8.8% 12/2020 - 02/2024 Other debt Total debt(2)(3 Percentage of fixed rate debt Weighted average interest rate Weighted average debt maturity 3.1% 3.8% 4.8 years 5.4 years Credit Facility \$1,500 Total capacity Available capacity

(1) The interest rate shown is the rate of the outstanding credit facility borrowings at March 31, 2020, based on LIBOR plus 90 basis points. Depending on Host L.P.'s unsecured long-term debt rating, interest on revolver borrowings is equal to LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 77.5 to 145 basis points. There were no outstanding credit facility borrowings at December 31, 2019; the amount shown represents deferred financing costs related to the credit facility revolver.

(2) In accordance with GAAP, total debt includes the debt of entities that we consolidate, but of which we do not own 100%, and excludes the debt of entities that we do not consolidate, but of which we have a non-controlling ownership interest and record our investment therein under the equity method of accounting. As of March 31, 2020, our share of debt in unconsolidated investments is \$146 million and none of our debt is attributable to non-controlling interests.

(3) Total debt as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 includes net discounts and deferred financing costs of \$34 million and \$35 million, respectively

Consolidated Debt Maturity as of March 31, 2020



(1) The term loan and revolver under our credit facility that are due in 2024 have extension options that would extend maturity of both instruments to 2025, subject to meeting certain conditions, including payment of a fee.

Host Hotels & Resorts

Ground Lease Summary as of December 31, 2019

	_			As of December 31,	, 2019	
			Lessor Institution			Expiration after all
		o. of rooms	Туре	Minimum rent	Current expiration	potential options (1)
1	Boston Marriott Copley Place	1,144	Public	N/A (2)	12/13/2077	12/13/2077
2	Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Spa	300	Public	1,378,850	10/31/2062	10/31/2078
3	Denver Marriott West	305	Private	160,000	12/28/2028	12/28/2058
4	Houston Airport Marriott at George Bush Intercontinental	573	Public	1,560,000	10/31/2053	10/31/2053
5	Houston Marriott Medical Center/Museum District	395	Non-Profit	160,000	12/28/2029	12/28/2059
6	Manchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	1,628	Public	6,600,000	5/31/2067	5/31/2083
7	Marina del Rey Marriott	370	Public	1,991,076	3/31/2043	3/31/2043
8	Marriott Downtown at CF Toronto Eaton Centre	461	Non-Profit	384,900	9/20/2082	9/20/2082
9	Marriott Marquis San Diego Marina	1,360	Public	7,650,541	11/30/2061	11/30/2083
10	Newark Liberty International Airport Marriott	591	Public	2,476,119	12/31/2055	12/31/2055
11	Philadelphia Airport Marriott	419	Public	1,230,278	6/29/2045	6/29/2045
12	San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter	1,000	Private	700,000	12/31/2033	12/31/2063
13	San Francisco Marriott Marquis	1,500	Public	1,500,000	8/25/2046	8/25/2076
14	San Ramon Marriott	368	Private	482,144	5/29/2034	5/29/2064
15	Santa Clara Marriott	766	Private	90,932	11/30/2028	11/30/2058
16	Tampa Airport Marriott	298	Public	1,463,770	12/31/2033	12/31/2033
17	The Ritz-Carlton, Marina del Rey	304	Public	1,453,104	7/29/2067	7/29/2067
18	The Ritz-Carlton, Tysons Corner	398	Private	993,900	6/30/2112	6/30/2112
19	The Westin Cincinnati	456	Public	100.000	6/30/2045	6/30/2075 (3)
20	The Westin Los Angeles Airport	747	Private	1,225,050	1/31/2054	1/31/2074 (4)
21	The Westin South Coast Plaza, Costa Mesa	393	Private	178,160	9/30/2025	9/30/2025
22	W Hollywood	305	Public	366,579	3/28/2106	3/28/2106
	Weighted average remaining lease term (assuming all extension	n options)	54 years			
	Percentage of leases (based on room count) with Public/Private lessors	e/Non-Profit	66%/28%/6%			

⁽¹⁾ Exercise of Host's option to extend is subject to certain conditions, including the existence of no defaults and subject to any applicable rent escalation or rent re-negotiation provisions.
(2) All rental payments have been previously paid and no further rental payments are required for the remainder of the lease term.
(3) No renewal term in the event the Lessor determines to discontinue use of building as a hotel.
(4) A condition of renewal is that the hotel's occupancy compares favorably to similar hotels for the preceding three years.

2019 Property Dispositions

	Sales Price (in millions)(1)	Net income Cap Rate(4)	Cap Rate(2)(4)	Net income multiple(4)	EBITDA multiple(3)(4)
2019 completed sales	\$1,28	31 4.6%	6.3%	21.6x	14.1x

The table includes 14 properties that have sold as of December 31, 2019.

The cap rate is calculated as the ratio between the trailing twelve month net operating income (NOI) and the sales price plus avoided capital expenditures. Avoided capital expenditures represents \$202 million of estimated capital expenditure spend requirements for the properties in excess of escrow funding over the next 10 years, discounted at 8%.

The EBITDA multiple is calculated as the ratio between the sales price plus avoided capital expenditures over the trailing twelve-month Hotel EBITDA. Avoided capital expenditures represents \$439 million of estimated capital expenditure spend requirements for the properties including escrow funding over the next 10 years, discounted at 8%.

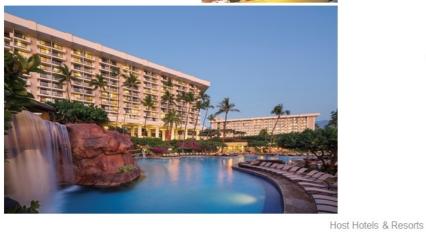
Cap rates and multiples are chassed on the trailing twelve month from the disposition date of the hotel. Net income cap rate is calculated as the ratio between the trailing twelve month net income and the sales price. Net income multiple is calculated as the ratio between the sales price over the trailing twelve month Hotel income. The following presents a reconciliation between the GAAP and non-GAAP measures. There was no interest expense or income tax related to these hotels for the periods presented.

	Trailing Twelve Months from Disposition Date (in millions)							
							Renewal &	
	Total			Hotel Net Income	Plus:	Equals: Hotel	Replacement	Hotel Net
	Revenues	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	(Loss) (5)	Depreciation	EBITDA(5)	funding	Operating Income
2019 completed sales	\$465.6	\$152.91	\$215.69	\$59.4	\$53.9	\$113.3	\$(22.9	\$90.4

Net income and Hotel EBITDA recorded in 2019 for completed sales totaled approximately \$44 million and \$64 million, respectively.







COVID-19 Data

Credit Facility and Senior Notes Financial Performance Tests

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following tables present the financial performance tests for our credit facility and senior notes (Series D, E, F, G and H) issued after attaining investment grade status.

		At March 3	31, 2020 ⁽¹⁾
Credit Facility Financial Performance Tests	Permitted	GAAP ratio	Covenant Ratio
Leverage Ratio	Maximum 7.25x	7.2x	2.0x
Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio	Minimum 1.75x ⁽²⁾	3.4x	6.8x
Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	Minimum 1.25x	3.4x	4.6x

		At March	31, 2020(3)
Bond Compliance Financial Performance Tests	Permitted	GAAP ratio	Covenant Ratio
Indebtedness Test	Maximum 65%	39%	25%
Secured Indebtedness Test	Maximum 40%	0%	0%
EBITDA-to-interest Coverage ratio	Minimum 1.5x	3.4x	6.6x
Ratio of Unencumbered Assets to Unsecured Indebtedness	Minimum 150%	254%	404%

⁽¹⁾ Covenant ratios are calculated using Host's credit facility definitions. The GAAP ratio is not relevant for the purpose of the financial covenants. See the following pages for a reconciliation of the equivalent GAAP measure.

(2) If the leverage ratio is greater than 7.0x then the unsecured interest coverage ratio minimum becomes 1.50x.

(3) Covenant ratios are calculated using Host's senior notes indenture definitions. The GAAP ratio is not relevant for the purpose of the financial covenants. See the following pages for a reconciliation of the equivalent GAAP measure.

Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following tables present the calculation of our leverage ratio using GAAP measures and used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	GAAP Leverage Ratio
	Trailing twelve months
	March 31, 2020
Debt	\$5,295
Net income	740
GAAP Leverage Ratio	7.2x

The following table presents the calculation of our leverage ratio as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	Leverage Ratio per Credit Facility
	Trailing twelve months March 31, 2020
Net debt (1)	\$2,599
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA (2)	1,276
Leverage Ratio	2.0x

(1) The following presents the reconciliation of debt to net debt per our credit facility definition:

	March 31, 2020		
Debt	\$5,295		
Less: Unrestricted cash over \$100 million	(2,696)		
Net debt per credit facility definition	\$2,599		

(2) The following presents the reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDA per our credit facility definition in determining leverage ratio:

	Trailing twelve months March 31, 2020
Net income	\$740
Interest expense	216
Depreciation and amortization	656
Income taxes	(9)
EBITDA	1,603
Gain on dispositions	(331)
Non-cash impairment expense	14
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(13)
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments	23
EBITDAre	1,296
Gain on property insurance settlement	(4)
Adjusted EBITDAre	1,292
Pro forma EBITDA - Dispositions	(41)
Restricted stock expense and other non-cash items	38
Non-cash partnership adjustments	(13)
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$1,276

Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio

(unaudited	in millions	except ratios)
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Capitalized interest Pro forma interest adjustments

Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense

The following tables present the calculation of our unsecured interest coverage ratio using GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio		Unsecured Interest Coverage per Credit Facility Ratio
	Trailing twelve months March 31, 2020		Trailing twelve months
			March 31, 2020
Net income	\$740	Unencumbered Consolidated EBITDA per credit facility definition ⁽¹⁾	\$1,309
Interest expense	216	Adjusted Credit Facility Interest expense (2)	193
GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio	3.4x	Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio	6.8x

(1) The following reconciles Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA to Unencumbered Consolidated EBITDA per our credit facility definition. See Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio for calculation and reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA:

	Trailing twelve months
	March 31, 2020
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$1,276
Corporate overhead	62
Interestincome	(29)
Unencumbered Consolidated EBITDA per credit facility definition	\$1,309
(2) The following reconciles GAAP interest expense to interest expense per our credit facility definition:	
	Trailing twelve months
	March 31, 2020
GAAP Interest expense	\$216
Debt extinguishment costs	(56)
Deferred financing cost amortization	(5)

5 33 **\$193**

Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following tables present the calculation of our GAAP Interest coverage ratio and our fixed charge coverage ratio as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio		Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio
	Trailing twelve months March 31, 2020		Trailing twelve months March 31, 2020
Net income	\$740	Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA (1)	\$1,027
Interest expense	216	Fixed Charges (2)	221
GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio	3.4x	Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	4.6x

(1) The following reconciles Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA. See Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio for calculation and reconciliation of Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA.

	Trailing twelve months
	March 31, 2020
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$1,276
Less: 5% of Hotel Property Gross Revenue	(249)
Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA	\$1,027

(2) The following table calculates the fixed charges per our credit facility definition. See Reconciliation of GAAP interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio for reconciliation of GAAP interest expense to adjusted interest expense per our credit facility definition.

	I railing tweive months
	March 31, 2020
Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense	193
Cash taxes on ordinary income	28
Fixed Charges	\$221

Reconciliation of GAAP Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Indebtedness Test

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following tables present the calculation of our total indebtedness to total assets using GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture:

	GAAP Total Indebtedness to Total Assets
	March 31, 2020
Debt	\$5,295
Total assets	13,446
GAAP Total Indebtedness to Total Assets	39%
	Total Indebtedness to Total Assets per Senior Notes Indenture
	March 31, 2020
Adjusted Indebtedness (1)	\$5,321
Adjusted Total Assets (2)	21,515
Adjusted Indebtedness to Total Assets	25%
(1) The following reconciles our GAAP total indebtedness to our total indebtedness per our senior notes indenture:	
	March 31, 2020
Debt	\$5,295
Add: Deferred Financing Costs	26
Adjusted Indebtedness per Senior Notes Indenture	\$5,321
(2) The following presents the reconciliation of total assets to adjusted total assets per the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture definition:	
	March 31, 2020
Total Assets	\$13,446
Add: Accumulated Depreciation	8,473
Add: Prior Impairment of Assets Held	217
Less: Intangibles	(23)
Less: Right-of-use assets	(598)
Adjusted Total Assets per Senior Notes Indenture	\$21,515

Reconciliation of GAAP Secured Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Secured Indebtedness Test

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)	
$The following table presents the calculation of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures and as used in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures are secured in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures are secured in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures are secured in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures are secured in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures are secured in the financial covenants of our secured indebtedness using GAAP\ measures are secured in the financial covenants of our secu$	senior notes indenture:
	GAAP Secured Indebtedness
	March 31, 2020
Mortgage and Other Secured Debt	\$5
Total assets	13,446
GAAP Secured Indebtedness to Total Assets	0.0%
	Secured Indebtedness per Senior Notes Indenture
	March 31, 2020
Secured Indebtedness (1)	\$5
Adjusted Total Assets (2)	21,515
Secured Indebtedness to Total Assets	0.0%
	
(1) The following presents the reconciliation of mortgage debt to secured indebtedness per the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture definition:	
	March 31, 2020
Mortgage and Other Secured Debt	\$5
Secured Indebtedness	\$5

(2) See Reconciliation of GAAP Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Indebtedness Test for reconciliation of GAAP Total Assets to Adjusted Total Assets per our senior notes indenture

Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Senior Notes Indenture EBITDA-to-Interest Coverage Ratio

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following tables present the calculation of our interest coverage ratio using our GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of the senior notes indenture:

	GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio
	Trailing twelve months March 31, 2020
Net income	\$740
Interest expense	216
GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio	3.4x
	EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio Trailing twelve months March 31, 2020
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA (1)	\$1,276
Non-controlling interest adjustment	
Adjusted Senior Notes EBITDA	\$1,278
Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense (2)	193
EBITDA-to-Interest Coverage Ratio	6.6x

⁽¹⁾ See Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio for the calculation of Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA and reconciliation to net income.
(2) See Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Unsecured Interest Coverage Ratio for reconciliation of GAAP interest expense to adjusted interest expense per our credit facility definition. This same measure is used for our senior notes.

Reconciliation of GAAP Assets to Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Unencumbered Assets to **Unsecured Indebtedness Test**

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

Unsecured Debt

The following tables presentine calculation of our total assets to total debt using GAAP measures and unencumbered assets to unsecured debt indenture:	as used in the financial covenants of our senior notes
	GAAP Assets / Debt
-	March 31, 2020
Total Assets	\$13,446
Total Debt	5,295
GAAP Total Assets / Total Debt	254%
	Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Debt per Senior Notes Indenture
	March 31, 2020
Unencumbered Assets (1)	\$21,454
Unsecured Debt (2)	5,316
Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Debt	404%
(1) The following presents the reconciliation of adjusted total assets to unencumbered assets per the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture definition	ē.
	March 31, 2020
Adjusted Total Assets (8)	\$21,515
Less: Partnership Adjustments	(61)
Unencumbered Assets	\$21,454
(a) See reconciliation of GAAP Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Indebtedness Test for reconciliation of GAAP Total Assets to Adjusted Total Asset	s per our senior notes indenture.
(2) The following presents the reconciliation of total debt to unsecured debt per the financial covenants of our senior notes indenture definition:	
	March 31, 2020
Total Debt	\$5,295
Deferred Financing Costs	26
Less: Secured Indebtedness (b)	(5)

(b) See reconciliation of GAAP Secured Indebtedness Test to Senior Notes Indenture Secured Indebtedness Test for the reconciliation of mortgage and other secured debt to senior notes secured indebtedness.

34

\$5,316

COVID-19 Data – Suspended Operations

Hotels with Suspended Operations

The following table consists of hotels with suspended operations as of May 6, 2020:

	Location	Property	# of Rooms
1	Atlanta	Grand Hyatt Atlanta in Buckhead	439
2	Atlanta	JW Marriott Atlanta Buckhead	371
3	Boston	Boston Marriott Copley Place	1,144
4	Boston	Sheraton Boston Hotel	1,220
5	Boston	The Westin Waltham Boston	351
6	Chicago	Chicago Marriott Suites Downers Grove	254
7	Chicago	The Westin Chicago River North	445
8	Florida Gulf Coast	Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa	454
9	Florida Gulf Coast	The Ritz-Carlton Golf Resort, Naples	295
10	Florida Gulf Coast	The Ritz-Carlton, Naples	447
11	Houston	The St. Regis Houston	232
12	Maui/Oahu	Andaz Maui at Wailea Resort	301
13	Maui/Oahu	Fairmont Kea Lani, Maui	450
14	Maui/Oahu	Hyatt Regency Maui Resort and Spa	806
15	Miami	1 Hotel South Beach, Miami Beach	433
16	Miami	Miami Marriott Biscayne Bay	600
17	New Orleans	New Orleans Marriott	1,333
18	New York	New York Marriott Downtown	515
19	Northern Virginia	Westfields Marriott Washington Dulles	336
20	Orange County	The Westin South Coast Plaza, Costa Mesa	393
21	Orlando	Orlando World Center Marriott	2.004
22	Philadelphia	The Logan	391
23	Phoenix	The Phoenician, A Luxury Collection Resort	645
24	San Diego	Manchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	1,628
25	San Francisco/San Jose	Grand Hyatt San Francisco	668
26	San Francisco/San Jose	San Francisco Marriott Fisherman's Wharf	285
27	San Francisco/San Jose	San Ramon Marriott	368
28	Seattle	W Seattle	424
29	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	Hyatt Regency Washington on Capitol Hill	838
30	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	The Westin Georgetown, Washington D.C.	267
31	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	Washington Marriott at Metro Center	459
32	Other	Gaithersburg Marriott Washingtonian Center	284
33	Other	Minneapolis Marriott City Center	585
34	Other	Sheraton Parsippany Hotel	370
35	International	ibis Rio de Janeiro Parque Olimpico	256

Host Hotels & Resorts









36

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ALL OWNED HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS AND RESULTS

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics and operating results for the periods included in this presentation on a comparable hotel basis (discussed in Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics below). However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and its effects on operations there is little comparability between periods. For this reason we are temporarily suspending our comparable hotel presentation and instead present hotel operating results for all consolidated hotels and, to facilitate comparisons between periods, we are presenting results on a pro forma basis including the following adjustments: (1) operating results are presented for all consolidated properties owned as of March 31, 2020 but do not include the results of operations for properties sold in 2019; and (2) operating results for acquisitions in the current and prior year are reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the year-over-year comparison includes periods prior to our ownership, the changes will not necessarily correspond to changes in our actual results.

COMPARABLE HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS

The following discusses our typical presentation of comparable hotels; however, this method is not being used in the current presentation due to the impact of COVID-19:

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we typically present certain operating statistics (i.e., Total RevPAR, RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this report on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance.

We define our comparable hotels as properties:

- (i) that are owned or leased by us at the end of the reporting periods being compared; and
- (ii) that have not sustained substantial property damage or business interruption, or undergone large-scale capital projects (as further defined below) during the reporting periods being compared.

The hotel business is capital-intensive and renovations are a regular part of the business. Generally, hotels under renovation remain comparable hotels. A large scale capital project that would cause a hotel to be excluded from our comparable hotel set is an extensive renovation of several core aspects of the hotel, such as rooms, meeting space, lobby, bars, restaurants and other public spaces. Both quantitative and qualitative factors are taken into consideration in determining if the renovation would cause a hotel to be removed from the comparable hotel set, including unusual or exceptional circumstances such as: a reduction or increase in room count, rebranding, a significant alteration of the business operations, or the closing of the hotel during the renovation.

Historically, we have not included an acquired hotel in our comparable hotel set until the operating results for that hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year. For example, we acquired the 1 Hotel South Beach in February 2019 and therefore it was not included in our comparable hotels for 2019. We are, however, making a change to this policy going forward, which is explained below under "2020 Comparable Hotel Definition Change."

COMPARABLE HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS (CONTINUED)

Hotels that we sell are excluded from the comparable hotel set once the transaction has closed. Similarly, hotels are excluded from our comparable hotel set from the date that they sustain substantial property damage or business interruption or commence a large-scale capital project. In each case, these hotels are returned to the comparable hotel set when the operations of the hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year after completion of the property damage or cessation of the business interruption, or the completion of large-scale capital projects, as applicable.

2020 Comparable Hotel Definition Change

Effective January 1, 2020, the Company adjusted its definition of comparable hotels to include recent acquisitions on a pro forma basis assuming they have comparable operating environments. Operating results for acquisitions in the current and prior year will be reflected for full calendar years, to include results for periods prior to Company ownership. Management believes this will provide investors a better understanding of underlying growth trends for the Company's current portfolio. As a result, the 1 Hotel South Beach would be included in the comparable hotel set for the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Included in this supplemental information are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) FFO and FFO per diluted share (both NAREIT and Adjusted), (ii) EBITDA, (iii) EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre, (iv) NOI, (v) All Owned Hotel Property Level Operating Results, (vi) Credit Facility Financial Performance Tests, and (vii) Senior Notes Financial Performance Tests. The following discussion defines these measures and presents why we believe they are useful supplemental measures of our performance.

NAREIT FFO AND NAREIT FFO PER DILUTED SHARE

We present NAREIT FFO and NAREIT FFO per diluted share as non-GAAP measures of our performance in addition to our earnings per share (calculated in accordance with GAAP). We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share as our NAREIT FFO (defined as set forth below) for a given operating period, as adjusted for the effect of dilutive securities, divided by the number of fully diluted shares outstanding during such period, in accordance with NAREIT guidelines. Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted NAREIT's definition of FFO included in NAREIT's Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement. NAREIT defines FFO as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from change in control, impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments and adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated affiliates. Adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated affiliates are calculated to reflect our pro rata share of the FFO of those entities on the same basis.

We believe that NAREIT FFO per diluted share is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance and that the presentation of NAREIT FFO per diluted share, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share, provides beneficial information to investors. By excluding the effect of real estate depreciation, amortization, impairment expense and gains and losses from sales of depreciable real estate, all of which are based on historical cost accounting and which may be of lesser significance in evaluating current performance, we believe that such measures can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and with other REITs, even though NAREIT FFO per diluted share does not represent an amount that accrues directly to holders of our common stock. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate and real estate-related assets mandated by GAAP. For these reasons, NAREIT adopted the FFO metric in order to promote a uniform industry-wide measure of REIT operating performance.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share

We also present Adjusted FFO per diluted share when evaluating our performance because management believes that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. Management historically has made the adjustments detailed below in evaluating our performance, in our annual budget process and for our compensation programs. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted FFO per diluted share, when combined with both the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share and FFO per diluted share as defined by NAREIT, provides useful supplemental information that is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. We adjust NAREIT FFO per diluted share for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted FFO per diluted share:

- Gains and Losses on the Extinguishment of Debt We exclude the effect of finance charges and premiums associated with the extinguishment of debt, including the
 acceleration of the write-off of deferred financing costs from the original issuance of the debt being redeemed or retired and incremental interest expense incurred during the
 refinancing period. We also exclude the gains on debt repurchases and the original issuance costs associated with the retirement of preferred stock. We believe that these
 items are not reflective of our ongoing finance costs.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust NAREIT FFO for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. For example, in 2017, as a result of the reduction of corporate income tax rates from 35% to 21% caused by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, we remeasured our domestic deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2017 and recorded a one-time adjustment to reduce the deferred tax assets and increase the provision for income taxes by approximately \$11 million. We do not consider this adjustment to be reflective of our on-going operating performance and therefore excluded this item from Adjusted FFO.

EBITDA and NOI

Earnings before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") is a commonly used measure of performance in many industries. Management believes EBITDA provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations because it helps us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Management also believes the use of EBITDA facilitates comparisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners that are not REITs and other capital-intensive companies. Management uses EBITDA to evaluate property-level results and EBITDA multiples (calculated as sales price divided by EBITDA) as one measure in determining the value of acquisitions and dispositions and, like FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, it is widely used by management in the annual budget process and for our compensation programs. Management also uses NOI when calculating capitalization rates ("Cap Rates") to evaluate acquisitions and dispositions. For a specific hotel, NOI is calculated as the hotel or entity level EBITDA less an estimate for the annual contractual reserve requirements for renewal and replacement expenditures. Cap Rates are calculated as NOI divided by sales price. Management believes using Cap Rates allows for a consistent valuation method in comparing the purchase or sale value of properties.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

We present EBITDAre in accordance with NAREIT guidelines, as defined in its September 2017 white paper "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate," to provide an additional performance measure to facilitate the evaluation and comparison of the Company's results with other REITs. NAREIT defines EBITDAre as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses on disposition of depreciated property (including gains or losses on change of control), impairment write-downs of depreciated property and of investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in value of depreciated property in the affiliate, and adjustments to reflect the entity's pro rata share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated affiliates.

We make additional adjustments to EBITDAre when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDAre, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of net income, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. Adjusted EBITDAre also is similar to the measure used to calculate certain credit ratios for our credit facility and senior notes. We adjust EBITDAre for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDAre:

- Property Insurance Gains We exclude the effect of property insurance gains reflected in our consolidated statements of operations because we believe that including them in Adjusted EBITDAre is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our assets. In addition, property insurance gains could be less important to investors given that the depreciated asset book value written off in connection with the calculation of the property insurance gain often does not reflect the market value of real estate assets.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust EBITDAre for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. The last such adjustment was a 2013 exclusion of a gain from an eminent domain claim.

Limitations on the Use of NAREIT FFO per Diluted Share, Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share, EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and NOI

We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share in accordance with standards established by NAREIT, which may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies that do not use the NAREIT definition of FFO or do not calculate FFO per diluted share in accordance with NAREIT guidance. In addition, although FFO per diluted share is a useful measure when comparing our results to other REITs, it may not be helpful to investors when comparing us to non-REITs. We also calculate Adjusted FFO per diluted share, which is not in accordance with NAREIT guidance and may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies. This information should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating profit, cash from operations or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Cash expenditures for various long-term assets (such as renewal and replacement capital expenditures, with the exception of NOI), interest expense (for EBITDA, EBITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, EBITDA, EBITDA, EBITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, EBITDA, ROBEITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, EBITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, EBITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, EBITDA, EBITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, EBITDA, AGUISTED EBITDA, EBITDA,

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Similarly, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of our equity investments and NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships. Our equity investments consist of interests ranging from 11% to 67% in seven domestic and international partnerships that own a total of 10 properties and a vacation ownership development. Due to the voting rights of the outside owners, we do not control and, therefore, do not consolidate these entities. The non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships primarily consist of the approximate 1% interest in Host LP held by outside partners, and a 15% interest held by outside partners in a partnership owning one hotel for which we do control the entity and, therefore, consolidate its operations. These pro rata results for NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre were calculated as set forth in the definitions above. Readers should be cautioned that the pro rata results presented in these measures for consolidated partnerships (for NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share) and equity investments may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of our investments in these entities.

Hotel Property Level Operating Results

We present certain operating results for our hotels, such as hotel revenues, expenses, food and beverage profit, and EBITDA (and the related margins), on a hotel-level pro forma basis as supplemental information for our investors. Our hotel results reflect the operating results of our hotels as discussed in All Owned Hotel Operating Statistics and Results above. We present all owned hotel pro forma EBITDA to help us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization expense). Corporate-level costs and expenses also are removed to arrive at property-level results. We believe these property-level results provide investors with supplemental information about the ongoing operating performance of our hotels. All owned hotel pro forma results are presented both by location and for the Company's properties in the aggregate. We eliminate depreciation and amortization expense because, even though depreciation and amortization expense are property-level expenses, these non-cash expenses, which are based on historical cost accounting for real estate assets, implicitly assume that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. As noted earlier, because real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many real estate industry investors have considered presentation of historical cost accounting for operating results to be insufficient.

Because of the elimination of corporate-level costs and expenses, gains or losses on disposition and depreciation and amortization expense, the hotel operating results we present do not represent our total revenues, expenses, operating profit or net income and should not be used to evaluate our performance as a whole. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statements of operations include such amounts, all of which should be considered by investors when evaluating our performance.

While management believes that presentation of all owned hotel results is a measure that provides useful information in evaluating our ongoing performance, this measure is not used to allocate resources or to assess the operating performance of each of these hotels, as these decisions are based on data for individual hotels and are not based on all owned hotel results in the aggregate. For these reasons, we believe that all owned hotel operating results, when combined with the presentation of GAAP operating profit, revenues and expenses, provide useful information to investors and management.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Credit Facility - Leverage, Unsecured Interest Coverage and Consolidated Fixed Charge Coverage Ratios

Host's credit facility contains certain financial covenants, including allowable leverage, unsecured interest coverage and fixed charge ratios, which are determined using EBITDA as calculated under the terms of our credit facility ("Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA"). The leverage ratio is defined as net debt plus preferred equity to Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA. The unsecured interest coverage ratio is defined as unencumbered Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA divided by fixed charges, which include interest expense, required debt amortization payments, cash taxes and preferred stock payments. These calculations are based on pro forma results for the prior four fiscal quarters, giving effect to transactions such as acquisitions, dispositions and financings as if they occurred at the beginning of the period. The credit facility also incorporates by reference the ratio of unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness test from our senior notes indentures, calculated in the same manner, and the covenant is discussed below with the senior notes covenants.

Additionally, total debt used in the calculation of our leverage ratio is based on a "net debt" concept, under which cash and cash equivalents in excess of \$100 million are deducted from our total debt balance. Management believes these financial ratios provide useful information to investors regarding our compliance with the covenants in our credit facility and our ability to access the capital markets, in particular debt financing.

Senior Notes Indenture – Indebtedness Test, Secured Indebtedness to Total Assets Test, EBITDA-to-Interest Coverage Ratio and Ratio of Unencumbered Assets to Unsecured Indebtedness

Host's senior notes indentures contains certain financial covenants, including allowable indebtedness, secured indebtedness to total assets, EBITDA-to-interest coverage and unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness. The indebtedness test is defined as adjusted indebtedness, which includes total debt adjusted for deferred financing costs, divided by adjusted total assets, which includes undepreciated real estate book values ("Adjusted Total Assets"). The secured indebtedness to total assets is defined as secured indebtedness, which includes mortgage debt and finance leases, divided by Adjusted Total Assets. The EBITDA-to-interest coverage ratio is defined as EBITDAs accludated under our senior notes indenture ("Adjusted Senior Notes EBITDAs") to interest expense as defined by our senior notes indenture. The ratio of unencumbered assets to unsecured indebtedness is defined as unencumbered adjusted assets, which includes Adjusted Total Assets less encumbered assets, divided by unsecured debt, which includes the aggregate principal amount of outstanding unsecured indebtedness plus contingent obligations. The covenants presented in this supplemental information are based on the financial covenants of our senior notes issues after we attained an investment grade rating, however the calculations before and after attaining investment grade status are essentially equivalent with no material differences between the two.

Under the terms of the senior notes indentures, interest expense excludes items such as the gains and losses on the extinguishment of debt, deferred financing charges related to the senior notes or the credit facility, amortization of debt premiums or discounts that were recorded at issuance of a loan to establish its fair value and non-cash interest expense, all of which are included in interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations. As with the credit facility covenants, management believes these financial ratios provide useful information to investors regarding our compliance with the covenants in our senior notes indentures and our ability to access the capital markets, in particular debt financing.

Limitations on Credit Facility and Senior Notes Credit Ratios

These metrics are useful in evaluating the Company's compliance with the covenants contained in its credit facility and senior notes indentures. However, because of the various adjustments taken to the ratio components as a result of negotiations with the Company's lenders and noteholders they should not be considered as an alternative to the same ratios determined in accordance with GAAP. For instance, interest expense as calculated under the credit facility and senior notes indenture excludes the items noted above such as deferred financing charges and amortization of debt premiums or discounts, all of which are included in interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of performance. In addition, because the credit facility and indenture ratio components are also based on pro forma results for the prior four fiscal quarters, giving effect to transactions such as acquisitions, dispositions and financings as if they occurred at the beginning of the period, they are not reflective of actual performance over the same period calculated in accordance with GAAP.