### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): August 6, 2019

### HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Maryland (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

13(a) of the Exchange Act. □

001-14625 (Commission File Number) 53-0085950 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

6903 Rockledge Drive, Suite 1500 Bethesda, Maryland (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

20817 (Zip Code)

	Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (240) 744-1000		
	Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provision	ns:	
I	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)		
l	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)		
l	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))		
l	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))		
	Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	Name of Each Exchange on	
	Title of Each Class     Trading Symbol       Common Stock, \$.01 par value     HST	Which Registered New York Stock Exchange	
this c	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule napter).	12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b	>-2
	Emerging growth company		
	If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised first	inancial accounting standards provided pursuant to Secti	on

#### Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On August 6, 2019, Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. issued a press release announcing its financial results for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019. The press release referred to supplemental financial information for the quarter that is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.hosthotels.com">www.hosthotels.com</a>. A copy of the press release and the supplemental financial information are furnished as Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, respectively, to this Report.

The information in this Report, including the exhibits, is provided under Item 2.02 of Form 8-K and shall not be deemed "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. Furthermore, the information in this Report, including the exhibits, shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into the filings of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 regardless of any general incorporation language in such filings.

#### Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

 Exhibit No.
 Description

 99.1
 Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.'s earnings release for the second quarter of 2019.

 99.2
 Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. Second Quarter 2019 Supplemental Financial Information.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.

Date: August 6, 2019

By: /s/ Brian G. Macnamara

Name: Brian G. Macnamara

Title: Senior Vice President,
Corporate Controller





#### **NEWS RELEASE**

#### HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. REPORTS RESULTS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER 2019

BETHESDA, MD; August 6, 2019 – Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. (NYSE: HST) ("Host Hotels" or the "Company"), the nation's largest lodging real estate investment trust ("REIT"), today announced results for the second quarter of 2019.

### OPERATING RESULTS (unaudited, in millions, except per share and hotel statistics)

		Quarter ended June 30,			Percent	Year-to-c	Percent		
	2	2019		2018	Change	2019		2018	Change
Revenues	\$	1,483	\$	1,518	(2.3)%	\$ 2,87	'3 <b>\$</b>	2,864	0.3%
Comparable hotel revenues (1)		1,273		1,272		2,4	0	2,407	0.1%
Net income		290		211	37.4%	47	'9	467	2.6%
EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre (1)		460		476	(3.4)%	86	67	846	2.5%
Comparable hotel Total RevPAR - Constant US\$		305.04		304.68	0.1%	290.4	17	289.78	0.2%
Comparable hotel RevPAR - Constant US\$		193.37		196.24	(1.5)%	182.:	33	184.59	(1.2)%
Diluted earnings per common share		0.39		0.28	39.3%	0.6	64	0.62	3.2%
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share (1)		0.53		0.54	(1.9)%	1.0	)1	0.97	4.1%

\*Additional detail on the Company's results, including data for 22 domestic markets and top 40 hotels by RevPAR, is available in the Second Quarter 2019 Supplemental Financial Information available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.hosthotels.com">www.hosthotels.com</a>.

#### Нісні існтя

- Comparable hotel Total RevPAR improved 0.1% for the quarter and 0.2% year-to-date, on a constant dollar basis. Total RevPAR is a key performance metric for the Company's luxury and upper upscale portfolio as approximately 35% of revenues are earned from food and beverage, conference and meeting space, spa and other amenities.
- The Company repurchased 10.9 million shares of stock totaling \$200 million during the quarter. On August 5, 2019, the Board of Directors authorized an increase in its share repurchase program from \$500 million to \$1 billion, which, after taking into account the second quarter repurchases, leaves \$800 million available for repurchases.
- The Company executed on its strategy to refine its portfolio by disposing of three non-core assets during the quarter for \$118 million and has sold or expects to sell in the third quarter, subject to customary closing conditions, an additional eight assets.
- The Company has taken advantage of current market conditions and further strengthened its balance sheet by increasing the capacity of its revolving credit and term loan facility from \$2 billion to \$2.5 billion. The Company extended the maturity for both the revolver and the term loans to 2025 (including extension options) and, based on current debt ratings, the initial interest rate has been reduced by 10 basis points.
- (1) NAREIT Funds From Operations ("FFO") per diluted share, Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and comparable hotel results are non-GAAP (U.S. generally accepted accounting principles) financial measures within the meaning of the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). See the Notes to Financial Information on why the Company believes these supplemental measures are useful, reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, and the limitations on the use of these supplemental measures.

James F. Risoleo, President and Chief Executive Officer, said, "I am pleased with our continued successful execution of our disciplined capital allocation strategy. During the quarter, we bought back \$200 million of common stock and are opportunistically taking advantage of the current market conditions to divest of low RevPAR, high capital expenditure non-core assets amid a robust transaction market. Year-to-date, we completed six asset sales for \$570 million and just announced that we have an additional six assets under contract for sale. We intend to continue to focus on advancing our long-term strategic vision of owning iconic and irreplaceable properties with high RevPAR and limited near-term capex needs in key markets with strong demand generators ensuring that the Company is well positioned for continued growth."

#### OPERATING PERFORMANCE

#### GAAP Metrics

- Total revenues decreased 2.3% for the quarter, primarily from the net effect of acquisitions and dispositions, which led to a \$30 million reduction in revenues. Year-to-date, total revenues increased 0.3%, reflecting an \$8 million increase in revenues from the net effect of acquisitions and dispositions. On a comparable hotel basis, total revenues increased slightly for the quarter and year-to-date.
- GAAP operating profit margin increased 160 basis points for the quarter and 210 basis points year-to-date due to items that affected comparable margins discussed below, in addition to a decrease in corporate expenses and impairment expense that had been recorded in 2018.
- Net income increased by \$79 million, to \$290 million, for the quarter, reflecting the improvement in operating profit and an increase in gain on sale of assets. Year-to-date, net income increased \$12 million, to \$479 million, primarily due to the improvement in operating profit and partially offset by a decrease in gain on sale of assets.
- Diluted earnings per common share increased 39.3% and 3.2% for the quarter and year-to-date, respectively.

#### Other Metrics

- Comparable hotel Total RevPAR on a constant dollar basis increased 0.1% and 0.2% for the quarter and year-to-date, respectively, due to increases in food and beverage and other revenues.
- Comparable RevPAR on a constant dollar basis declined 1.5% for the quarter, driven by a 140 basis point decrease in occupancy, partially offset by a 0.3% increase in average room rate. Year-to-date, comparable RevPAR on a constant dollar basis declined 1.2% due to a 160 basis point decrease in occupancy, partially offset by a 0.8% increase in average room rate. The decline in RevPAR includes an estimated 90 basis point decrease for the quarter and 75 basis point decrease year-to-date for the comparable hotels for the renovation disruption related to the Marriott transformational capital program
- · Comparable hotel EBITDA decreased by \$3 million, or 0.6%, for the quarter and increased by \$5 million, or 0.6%, year-to-date.
- Comparable hotel EBITDA margins declined 20 basis points for the quarter and improved 15 basis points year-to-date. The relatively stable margin performance reflects the overall decline in occupancy and RevPAR, offset by several factors, including:
  - an increase in average room rates:
  - o an increase in ancillary revenues;
  - benefits from synergies of the Marriott International merger with Starwood Hotels; and
  - the receipt of operating profit guarantees provided by Marriott related to transformational capital projects
- Adjusted EBITDAre decreased \$16 million, or 3.4%, for the quarter and increased \$21 million, or 2.5%, year-to-date. The change in Adjusted EBITDAre reflects the change in total revenues and the net effect of operations of properties acquired or disposed of in 2018 and 2019, which reduced Adjusted EBITDAre for the quarter by \$4 million and increased it by \$17 million year-to-date. The total change in Adjusted EBITDAre includes a decrease of \$17 million for the quarter and \$23 million year-to-date due to the sale of the Company's interest in the European Joint Venture in December 2018.
- Adjusted FFO per diluted share decreased 1.9% for the quarter and increased 4.1% year-to-date.

#### DISPOSITIONS

During the second quarter, the Company sold the Newport Beach Marriott Bayview, The Westin Mission Hills Golf Resort & Spa and the leasehold interest in the Washington Dulles Airport Marriott for \$118 million. In addition, the Company sold the Courtyard Chicago Downtown/River North and Residence Inn Arlington Pentagon City subsequent to quarter end for \$150 million. The Company is in active negotiations concerning the sale of additional properties, including the following six

properties which the Company expects to close shortly: Scottsdale Marriott Suites Old Town, Scottsdale Marriott at McDowell Mountains, Costa Mesa Marriott, Atlanta Marriott Suites Midtown, The Westin Indianapolis and Chicago Marriott Suites O'Hare.2

#### CARITAL ALLOCATION

During the quarter, the Company invested approximately \$130 million in capital expenditures, of which \$70 million were return on investment ("ROI") capital expenditures and \$60 million were on renewal and replacement projects. Year-to-date, the Company has invested approximately \$240 million in capital expenditures, of which \$122 million were return on investment ("ROI") capital expenditures and \$118 million were on renewal and replacement projects.

For 2019, the Company expects capital expenditures of between \$550 million and \$610 million. This comprises between \$315 million and \$345 million in ROI projects and between \$235 million and \$265 million in renewal and replacement projects. The ROI projects include approximately \$225 million that are part of the previously announced transformational capital program with Marriott International.

#### SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM AND DIVIDENDS

During the second quarter, the Company repurchased 10.9 million shares at an average price of \$18.32 per share through its common share repurchase program for a total of \$200 million. Under the share repurchase program, the common stock may be purchased from time to time, depending upon market conditions. Subsequent to quarter end, the Company purchased an additional 1.8 million shares at an average price of \$16.85 per share for a total of \$30 million, pursuant to the Company's trading plan designed to comply with Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act.

The Company paid a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.20 per share on its common stock on July 15, 2019 to stockholders of record as of June 28, 2019. All future dividends, including any special dividends, are subject to approval by the Company's Board of Directors.

#### BALANCE SHEET

At June 30, 2019, the Company had approximately \$1,107 million of unrestricted cash, not including \$203 million in the FF&E escrow reserves. Total debt was \$3.9 billion, with an average maturity of 3.7 years and an average interest rate of 4.3%. Effective August 1, 2019, the Company closed on an amended and restated credit agreement. As part of the refinancing, the revolver was upsized from \$1 billion to \$1.5 billion and borrowing costs were reduced across the entire facility. The maturities for the revolver and \$1 billion of term loans were extended to January 2025, including all extension options, which are subject to certain conditions. Taking the recast into account, the Company extended its weighted average debt maturity to 4.6 years, eliminated material debt maturities until 2021, and increased the current available capacity under the revolver from \$943 to \$1,443 million. The Company's proforma debt maturity schedule will remain balanced with no more than 6.1% of its debt, as a percent of total market capitalization, maturing in any given year.

"We are very pleased to announce that we have expanded our credit facility, providing us with more dry powder and flexibility in any stage of the lodging cycle," said Michael Bluhm, Chief Financial Officer. "The increased capacity and extended maturities, combined with our cash on hand, allow us to be opportunistic and disciplined in our capital allocation. The transaction also highlights our commitment to maintaining an excellent balance sheet by increasing liquidity, extending maturities and lowering borrowing costs."

#### 2019 **O**UTLOOK

For 2019, the Company's forecast has been adjusted for the sale or anticipated sale of eight properties in the third quarter, which has decreased forecast net income and Adjusted EBITDAre by approximately \$11 million and \$21 million, respectively, and diluted earnings per share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share by \$.02 and \$.03, respectively. The range provided for comparable hotel RevPAR guidance reflects an estimated 50 basis points of disruption impact from the incremental capital expenditures associated with the Marriott transformational capital program. However, the estimated effect to earnings caused by these expenditures is offset by the operating profit guarantees provided by Marriott. The Company expects to receive \$23 million of operating profit guarantees in 2019, of which \$10 million is included in comparable hotel EBITDA, to

(2) The sales of these properties are subject to customary closing conditions. There can be no assurances that the Company will complete the transactions

offset the disruption to operations caused by the incremental spend on those properties. The Company estimates its 2019 operating results as compared to the prior year will change in the following range:

			Change in Full Year 2019 Guidance to the
	Previous Full Year 2019 Guidance	Current Full Year 2019 Guidance	Mid-Point
Total comparable hotel RevPAR - Constant US\$(1)	0.0% to 2.0%	(1.0)% to 0.0%	(150) bps
Total revenues under GAAP	0.1% to 2.1%	(1.5)% to (0.5)%	(210) bps
Operating profit margin under GAAP	460 bps to 550 bps	470 bps to 530 bps	(5) bps
Comparable hotel ERITDA marging(2)	(25) has to 35 has	(25) has to 25 has	(5) hne

Forecast comparable hotel results include 74 hotels that are assumed will be classified as comparable as of December 31, 2019. See the 2019 Forecast Schedules for a listing of hotels excluded from the full year 2019 comparable hotel set.

At the 0.0% high end of the RevPAR guidance, the improvement in comparable hotel EBITDA margin is 50 basis points higher compared to the previous guidance.

Based upon the above parameters, the Company estimates its 2019 guidance as follows:

	Previous Full Year 2019 Guidance	Current Full Year 2019 Guidance	Change in Full Year 2019 Guidance to the Mid-Point
Net income (in millions)	\$619 to \$683	\$956 to \$993	\$323.5
Adjusted EBITDAre (in millions)	\$1,535 to \$1,600	\$1,500 to \$1,540	\$(47.5)
Diluted earnings per common share	\$.82 to \$.91	\$1.28 to \$1.33	\$.44
NAREIT FFO per diluted share	\$1.76 to \$1.84	\$1.73 to \$1.78	\$(.05)
Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$1.76 to \$1.84	\$1.73 to \$1.78	\$(.05)

See the 2019 Forecast Schedules and the Notes to Financial Information for other assumptions used in the forecasts and items that may affect forecast results.

#### **ABOUT HOST HOTELS & RESORTS**

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. is an S&P 500 company and is the largest lodging real estate investment trust and one of the largest owners of luxury and upper-upscale hotels. The Company currently owns 83 properties in the United States and five properties internationally totaling approximately 50,000 rooms. The Company also holds non-controlling interests in six domestic and one international joint ventures. Guided by a disciplined approach to capital allocation and aggressive asset management, the Company partners with premium brands such as Marriott®, Ritz-Carlton®, Westin®, Sheraton®, W®, St. Regis®, The Luxury Collection®, Hyatt®, Fairmont®, Hilton®, Swissôtel®, ibis® and Novotel®, as well as independent brands in the operation of properties in over 50 major markets. For additional information, please visit the Company's website at www.hosthotels.com.

Note: This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities regulations. These forward-looking statements include forecast results and are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "should," "plan," "predict," "project," "will," "continue" and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future results. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made. These risks include, but are not limited to: changes in national and local economic and business conditions and other factors such as natural disasters, pandemics and weather that will affect occupancy rates at our hotels and the demand for hotel products and services; the impact of geopolitical developments outside the U.S. on lodging demand; volatility in global financial and credit markets; operating risks associated with the hotel business; risks and limitations in our operating flexibility associated with the level of our indebtedness and our ability to meet covenants in our debt agreements; risks associated with our relationships with property managers and joint venture partners; our ability to compete effectively in areas such as access, location, quality of accommodations and room rate structures; risks associated with our ability to compete effectively in a reas such as access, location, quality of accommodations and room rate structures; risks associated with our expectations; our ability to complex rules in order for us to remain a REIT for federal income tax purposes; risks associated with our business described in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-R and current reports on Form 10-R and current reports on Form 10-R and current reports o

\* This press release contains registered trademarks that are the exclusive property of their respective owners. None of the owners of these trademarks has any responsibility or liability for any information contained in this press release

\*\*\* Tables to Follow \*\*\*

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc., herein referred to as "we" or "Host Inc.," is a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust that owns hotel properties. We conduct our operations as an umbrella partnership REIT through an operating partnership, Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. ("Host LP"), of which we are the sole general partner. When distinguishing between Host Inc. and Host LP, the primary difference is approximately 1% of the partnership interests in Host LP held by outside partners as of June 30, 2019, which is non-controlling interests in Host LP in our consolidated balance sheets and is included in net income attributable to non-controlling interests in our consolidated statements of operations. Readers are encouraged to find further detail regarding our organizational structure in our annual report on Form 10-K.

2019 OPERATING RESULTS PAGE NO. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 6 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) Quarter and Year-to-date Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 Earnings per Common Share (unaudited)
Quarter and Year-to-date Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 Hotel Operating Data Hotel Operating Data for Consolidated Hotels (by Location) Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre 13 Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share 14 2019 FORECAST INFORMATION Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, and Adjusted EBITDAre and Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share for 2019 15 Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results for 2019 Forecasts 16 Notes to Financial Information 18

## HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited, in millions, except shares and per share amounts)

		June 30, 2019			December 31, 2018	
	ASSETS					
Property and equipment, net		\$	10,000	\$	9,760	
Right-of-use assets(1)			590		· –	
Assets held for sale			272		281	
Due from managers			163		71	
Advances to and investments in affiliates			53		48	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund			203		213	
Other			137		175	
Cash and cash equivalents			1,107		1,542	
Total assets		\$	12,525	\$	12,090	
	LIABILITIES, NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS AND EQUITY	,				
Debt (2)						
Senior notes		\$	2,783	\$	2,782	
Credit facility, including the term loans of \$998			1,052		1,049	
Other debt			29		6	
Total debt			3,864		3,837	
Lease liabilities(1)			599		_	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses			248		293	
Liabilities held for sale			13		_	
Other			186		266	
Total liabilities			4,910		4,396	
Redeemable non-controlling interests - Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.			141		128	
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity:						
Common stock, par value \$.01, 1,050 million shares authorized, 730.0 million shares and 740.4 million shares issued and outstanding.						
respectively			7		7	
Additional paid-in capital			7,948		8,156	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss			(56)		(59)	
Deficit			(432)		(610)	
Total equity of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders		-	7,467		7,494	
Non-redeemable non-controlling interests—other consolidated partnerships			7		72	
Total equity			7,474		7,566	
Total liabilities, non-controlling interests and equity		\$	12,525	\$	12,090	
		<u>-</u>	.2,020	Ψ	12,000	

On January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standard Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), as amended. The new standard requires that all leases, including operating leases, be recognized as lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet. As a result, we have recognized right of use assets of \$590 million and lease liabilities of \$599 million as of June 30, 2019. The adoption did not affect our statement of operations. Please see our Second Quarter 2019 Supplemental Financial Information for more detail on our debt balances. (1)

<sup>(2)</sup> 

## HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

Quarter ended June 30,

		2019 2018		8 2019		2019	2018	
Revenues								_
Rooms	\$	931	\$	973	\$	1,788	\$	1,817
Food and beverage		449		449		882		862
Other		103		96		203		185
Total revenues		1,483		1,518		2,873		2,864
Expenses								
Rooms		226		238		443		462
Food and beverage		290		290		575		568
Other departmental and support expenses		334		336		661		651
Management fees		71		73		125		127
Other property-level expenses		91		99		183		197
Depreciation and amortization		166		189		336		367
Corporate and other expenses(1)		25		30		54		58
Total operating costs and expenses	'	1,203		1,255		2,377		2,430
Operating profit		280		263		496		434
Interest income		7		2		15		5
Interest expense		(43)		(45)		(86)		(89)
Gain on sale of assets		57		_		62		120
Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives		1		(1)		1		(1)
Equity in earnings of affiliates		4		9		9		19
Income before income taxes		306		228		497		488
Provision for income taxes		(16)		(17)		(18)		(21)
Net income		290		211		479		467
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		(4)		(2)		(7)		(5)
Net income attributable to Host Inc.	\$	286	\$	209	\$	472	\$	462
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$	.39	\$	.28	\$	.64	\$	.62
(1) Corporate and other expenses include the following items:								
( · / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Quarter end	ed June 30			Year-to-date e	nded June	30
		2019	20	18		2019	aoa ouin	2018
General and administrative costs	\$	22	\$	26	\$	47	\$	51
Non-cash stock-based compensation expense	ų į	3	Ŧ	4	-	7	-	7
Total	\$	25	\$	30	\$	54	\$	58
	<del></del>				_		_	

Year-to-date ended June 30,

## HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Earnings per Common Share (unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

	Quarter end	ed June	30,	Year-to-date ended June 30,		
	2019		2018	2019		2018
Net income	\$ 290	\$	211	\$ 479	\$	467
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(4)		(2)	(7)		(5)
Net income attributable to Host Inc.	\$ 286	\$	209	\$ 472	\$	462
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	739.1		739.7	739.9		739.5
Assuming distribution of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans, less shares assumed						
purchased at market	.3		.5	.3		.4
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding (1)	739.4		740.2	740.2		739.9
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ .39	\$	.28	\$ .64	\$	.62

Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred operating partnership units ("OP Units") held by minority partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP Units. No effect is shown for any securities that were anti-dilutive for the period.

#### HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Hotel Operating Data for Consolidated Hotels (1)

#### ible Hotels by Location in Constant US\$

As of June 30, 2019				Quarter ended June	30, 2019						
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Percent Change in RevPAR
Maui/Oahu	3		354.83	92.6%	\$ 328.52	\$ 513.83	\$ 342.49	91.7%	\$ 313.94	\$ 495.50	4.6%
Jacksonville	1	446	414.11	84.1	348.40	753.61	400.02	84.6	338.47	741.04	2.9
Florida Gulf Coast	3	940	263.12	75.6	198.83	368.05	253.36	72.8	184.54	342.76	7.7
Phoenix	5	2,163	249.43	76.0	189.69	415.48	239.04	74.5	177.97	387.91	6.6
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	278.76	91.5	255.04	367.23	287.52	89.7	257.90	364.36	(1.1)
New York	3	4,259	292.59	84.9	248.42	378.93	302.85	91.0	275.50	408.48	(9.8)
Los Angeles	4	1,726	228.49	89.1	203.54	300.39	230.17	89.5	205.90	305.41	(1.1)
San Francisco/San Jose	5	2,353	233.63	81.1	189.45	257.61	229.61	85.1	195.50	272.95	(3.1)
San Diego	4	4,341	239.00	82.2	196.35	358.12	232.31	84.7	196.69	338.73	(0.2)
Philadelphia	2	810	247.35	89.7	221.94	366.74	223.69	89.0	199.05	331.56	11.5
Boston	4	3,185	269.77	87.9	237.25	323.53	262.60	89.1	233.87	315.58	1.4
Seattle	2	1,315	234.35	85.1	199.47	271.52	253.60	88.6	224.66	301.53	(11.2)
New Orleans	1	1,333	196.98	81.0	159.65	233.90	196.05	85.4	167.43	231.49	(4.7)
Atlanta	5	1,936	187.76	76.8	144.13	224.53	183.48	80.1	146.93	226.88	(1.9)
Northern Virginia	4	1,551	216.65	79.8	172.97	268.16	210.02	82.1	172.47	275.19	0.3
San Antonio	1	512	191.14	78.6	150.16	201.00	198.76	76.4	151.84	201.75	(1.1)
Miami	2	843	147.95	79.9	118.28	169.08	143.52	80.9	116.09	173.14	1.9
Orange County	3	1.178	180.76	80.1	144.73	231.12	188.90	80.2	151.58	237.44	(4.5)
Orlando	1	2,004	177.39	70.7	125.33	295.11	186.83	75.0	140.15	310.02	(10.6)
Chicago	6	2.393	224.69	83.8	188.34	257.40	234.71	83.9	197.01	261.57	(4.4)
Houston	4	1.716	181.69	74.6	135.49	193.31	178.28	74.9	133.49	195.67	1.5
Denver	3	1.340	176.07	79.4	139.88	210.69	169.90	81.3	138.10	199.97	1.3
Other	7	3,084	174.29	80.8	140.84	200.55	170.71	81.2	138.56	198.17	1.6
Domestic	78	44.348	237.64	82.5	196.16	309.64	236.94	84.1	199.33	309.39	(1.6)
Domestic		44,540	201.04	02.0	130.10	303.04	200.04		100.00	303.33	(1.0)
International	5	1,499	158.97	69.7	110.79	169.04	157.07	66.7	104.71	165.55	5.8
All Locations - Constant US\$	83	45,847	235.46	82.1	193.37	305.04	234.86	83.6	196.24	304.68	(1.5)
1 Hotels in Constant US\$ (2)	As of June 3	0, 2019	Quarter ended June 30, 2019					Quarter ended Ju	ne 30, 2018		D
	No. of	No. of	Average	Average Occupancy			Average	Average Occupancy			Percent Change in
	Properties	Rooms	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	RevPAR
Comparable Hotels	83	45.847	\$ 235.46	82.1% S		\$ 305.04	\$ 234.86	83.6%	\$ 196.24	\$ 304.68	(1.5)9
Non-comparable	65	40,047	\$ 233.40	02.176	193.37	\$ 303.04	g 234.00	63.0 /6	ø 190.24	\$ 304.00	(1.5)/
Hotels (Pro forma)	7	4,807	335.20	80.0	268.08	445.64	325.94	83.3	271.58	440.60	(1.3)
All Hotels	90	50.654	244 78	81.9	200.53	318.50	243.54	83.5	203.44	317.67	(1.4)
All Hotels	90	50,054	244.70	01.9	200.53	310.50	243.54	03.5	203.44	317.07	(1.4)
ole Hotels in Nominal US\$	An of him	e 30. 2019		0	20 2010			Quarter ended J	20, 2010		
	AS OF JURE	30, 2013	Quarter ended June 30, 2019			-		une 30, 2010		Dannet	
	No. of	No. of	A	Average			A	Average			Percent
	No. of	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Average Room Rate	Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Change in RevPAR
1-1	Properties										
International	5	1,499	\$ 158.97	69.7%	\$ 110.79	\$ 169.04	\$ 164.45	66.7%	\$ 109.63	\$ 173.05	1.1%
Domestic	78	44,348	237.64	82.5	196.16	309.64	236.94	84.1	199.33	309.39	(1.6)
All Locations	83	45,847	235.46	82.1	193.37	305.04	235.05	83.6	196.40	304.93	(1.5)

#### ble Hotels by Location in Constant US\$

All Locations

#### HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Hotel Operating Data for Consolidated Hotels (1)

	As of June	30, 2019		Year-to-date ended Ju	ine 30, 2019			Year-to-date ended Ju	ine 30, 2018		
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Percent Change in RevPAR
Maui/Oahu	3	1,682	\$ 376.50	90.9%	\$ 342.19	\$ 523.28	\$ 369.42	91.5%	\$ 338.07	\$ 513.44	1.2%
acksonville	1	446	391.86	81.4	318.88	722.04	379.63	78.0	296.04	652.57	7.7
lorida Gulf Coast	3	940	297.71	80.3	238.93	440.35	290.69	78.7	228.71	417.34	4.5
hoenix	5	2,163	296.68	80.1	237.53	486.65	280.57	79.0	221.75	444.04	7.1
Vashington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	265.11	82.5	218.62	312.73	271.10	80.8	218.98	308.40	(0.2)
ew York	3	4,259	266.94	78.5	209.56	323.62	279.78	84.4	236.06	355.61	(11.2)
os Angeles	4	1,726	226.22	87.8	198.59	294.83	230.21	89.3	205.66	301.57	(3.4)
San Francisco/San Jose	5	2.353	242.68	78.5	190.62	260.53	227.62	82.7	188.17	263.43	1.3
an Diego	4	4,341	237.09	79.8	189.18	344.22	232.08	83.3	193.25	339.05	(2.1)
hiladelphia	2	810	220.90	83.9	185.41	304.83	208.50	86.3	179.87	296.75	3.1
Boston	4	3,185	233.09	78.2	182.20	256.05	227.91	79.9	182.21	251.90	_
Seattle	2	1,315	215.31	81.3	174.95	237.90	229.83	81.9	188.18	254.98	(7.0)
New Orleans	1	1,333	203.37	81.3	165.38	241.84	196.70	84.1	165.33	233.70	
Atlanta	5	1,936	206.28	77.3	159.48	244.63	187.72	79.4	149.03	234.06	7.0
Northern Virginia	4	1,551	211.48	73.6	155.70	245.64	206.27	76.4	157.49	251.14	(1.1)
San Antonio	1	512	197.50	78.7	155.38	213.22	202.81	77.0	156.24	208.41	(0.6)
Miami	2	843	180.61	83.4	150.62	207.39	176.63	84.7	149.54	208.27	0.7
range County	3	1,178	186.79	79.6	148.73	238.20	190.81	78.1	149.09	233.21	(0.2)
rlando	1	2.004	193.57	74.8	144.76	339.92	199.24	78.3	156.02	348.47	(7.2)
hicago	6	2,393	189.47	73.2	138.60	191.07	196.59	75.6	148.68	200.05	(6.8)
louston	4	1.716	182.15	75.2	136.92	197.16	178.56	75.7	135.11	202.53	1.3
Denver	3	1,340	169.71	72.1	122.41	184.62	162.24	74.4	120.78	176.12	1.4
Other	7	3.084	171.22	75.8	129.81	184.13	170.32	76.5	130.37	187.53	(0.4)
Domestic	78	44,348	233.93	79.1	184.97	295.04	231.89	80.9	187.59	294.51	(1.4)
International	5	1,499	151.58	68.7	104.09	155.00	149.44	64.3	96.08	149.70	8.3
All Locations - Constant US\$	83	45,847	231.58	78.7	182.33	290.47	229.73	80.4	184.59	289.78	(1.2)
Hotels in Constant US\$ (2)											
	As of June 30	), 2019		Year-to-date ended Jur	ne 30, 2019			Year-to-date ended Ju	ine 30, 2018		
				Average				Average			Percent
	No. of	No. of	Average	Occupancy			Average	Occupancy			Change in
	Properties	Rooms	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	RevPAR
Comparable Hotels	83	45,847	\$ 231.58	78.7% \$	182.33	\$ 290.47	\$ 229.73	80.4% \$	184.59	\$ 289.78	(1.2
Ion-comparable	-	4.807	224.00	70.0	00474	107.01	000.54		000.00	490.65	(0.0
Hotels (Pro forma)	90		381.20	79.9	304.71	497.34	363.54	84.4	306.68		(0.0
All Hotels	90	50,654	246.10	78.8	194.04	310.27	243.10	80.7	196.27	308.99	(1.1
Hotels in Nominal US\$	minal US\$ As of June 30, 2019			Year-to-date ended June 30, 2019							
	As or suric	50, 2010		Average	u uunic 00, 2010			Year-to-date ende Average	30 00110 00, 2010		Percent
	No. of	No. of	Average	Occupancy			Average	Occupancy			Change in
	Properties	Rooms	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	Room Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total RevPAR	RevPAR
International	1 Toperaea	1 400	e 151 50	Fercentage 60.7%	E 104.00	e 155.0				¢ 150.62	Kevran

(1)

See the Notes to Financial Information for a discussion of comparable hotel operating statistics and constant US\$ presentation. Nominal US\$ results include the effect of currency fluctuations, consistent with our financial statement presentation. CBD of a location refers to the central business district.

Operating statistics are presented for all consolidated properties owned as of June 30, 2019 and do not include the results of operations for properties sold in 2019 or 2018. Additionally, all owned hotel operating statistics include hotels that we did not own for the entirety of the periods presented and properties that are undergoing large-scale capital projects during the periods presented and, therefore, are not considered comparable hotel information upon which we usually evaluate our performance. Specifically, <u>comparable RevPAR</u> is calculated as room revenues divided by the available room rights, which will tarely vary on a year-over-year basis. Conversely, the available room rights included in the <u>non-comparable RevPAR</u> statistics will vary widely based on the timing of hotel closings, food and beverage and other revenues by the available room rights. See the Notes to Financial Information — Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics for further information on these pro forms attaistics and the limitations on their use.

\*\*Non-comparable hotels (pro forma)\*\*. This represents there hotels under significant renovations in 2018 and 2019, and four hotels acquired in 2018 and 2019, which are presented on a pro forma basis assuming we owned the hotels as of January 1, 2018 and includes historical operating data for periods prior to our ownership. As a result, the RevPAR decrease of 1.3% and 0.6% for the quarter and year-to-date, respectively, for these seven hotels is considered non-comparable. (2)

## HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results (1) (unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

Quarter ended June 30, Year-to-date ended June 30, 2019 2019 2018 2018 Number of hotels 83 45.847 83 45,847 Number of rooms
Change in comparable hotel Total RevPAR Constant US\$ 45.847 45.847 0.1% 0.2% 0.1% Constant US\$
Nominal US\$
Change in comparable hotel RevPAR Constant US\$
Nominal US\$
Operating profit margin (2)
Comparable hotel EBITDA margin (2)
Food and beverage profit margin (2)
Comparable hotel food and beverage profit margin (2) (1.2)% (1.3)% 17.3% 30.45% 34.8% 35.4% (1.5)% (1.5)% 18.9% \_ 17.3% 15.2% 32.5 % 35.4 % 36.5 % 32.7% 35.4% 37.1% 30.3 % 34.1 % 35.7 % Net income
Depreciation and amortization
Interest expense
Provision for income taxes
Gain on sale of property and corporate level 290 166 43 16 211 189 479 336 86 18 \$ 467 \$ \$ 367 89 21 45 17 income/expense
Non-comparable hotel results, net (3)
Comparable hotel EBITDA 20 (33) (85) (44) (57) 414 (152) 734 (130) 729 417

			ded June 30, 2019			led June 30, 2018	30, 2018		
		Adjustr				Adjustr			
	GAAP Results	Non-comparable hotel results, net (3)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results	GAAP Results	Non-comparable hotel results, net (3)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results	
Revenues									
Room	\$ 931	\$ (124)	\$	\$ 807	\$ 973	\$ (154)	\$ —	\$ 819	
Food and beverage	449	(65)	_	384	449	(66)	_	383	
Other	103	(21)	_	82	96	(26)	_	70	
Total revenues	1,483	(210)		1,273	1,518	(246)		1,272	
Expenses	'								
Room	226	(33)	_	193	238	(44)	_	194	
Food and beverage	290	(46)	_	244	290	(49)	_	241	
Other	496	(74)	_	422	508	(88)	_	420	
Depreciation and amortization	166	_	(166)	_	189	_	(189)		
Corporate and other expenses	25	_	(25)	_	30	_	(30)	_	
Total expenses	1,203	(153)	(191)	859	1,255	(181)	(219)	855	
Operating Profit - Comparable Hotel EBITDA	\$ 280	\$ (57)	\$ 191	\$ 414	\$ 263	\$ (65)	\$ 219	\$ 417	

## HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results (1) (unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	<u></u>		Year-to-date e	nded June 30, 2019		Year-to-date ended June 30, 2018					
			Adjustr	nents	_			Adjustn	nents		
		BAAP esults	Non-comparable hotel Depreciation and corporate level items		Comparable Hotel Results		GAAP Results	Non-comparable hotel results, net (3)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results	
Revenues						_	,				
Room	\$	1,788	\$ (275)	\$	\$ 1,513	9	1,817	\$ (284)	\$ -	\$ 1,533	
Food and beverage		882	(140)	_	742		862	(122)	_	740	
Other		203	(48)	_	155		185	(51)	_	134	
Total revenues		2,873	(463)		2,410	_	2,864	(457)		2,407	
Expenses											
Room		443	(68)	_	375		462	(81)	_	381	
Food and beverage		575	(96)	_	479		568	(92)	_	476	
Other		969	(147)	_	822		975	(154)	_	821	
Depreciation and amortization		336	` _ ′	(336)	_		367	` _ '	(367)	_	
Corporate and other expenses		54	_	(54)	_		58	_	(58)	_	
Total expenses		2,377	(311)	(390)	1,676		2,430	(327)	(425)	1,678	
Operating Profit - Comparable		406	¢ (452)	e 200	¢ 724		. 424	e (130)	£ 425	¢ 720	

<sup>(1)</sup> 

<sup>(2)</sup> 

See the Notes to Financial Information for a discussion of non-GAAP measures and the calculation of comparable hotel results. For additional information on comparable hotel EBITDA by location, see the Second Quarter 2019 Supplemental Financial Information posted on our website.

Profit margins are calculated by dividing the applicable operating profit by the related revenue amount. GAAP profit margins are calculated using amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Comparable hotel margins are calculated using amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Non-comparable hotel results, net, includes the following items: (i) the results of operations of our non-comparable hotels and sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations, and (ii) the results of our office buildings and other non-hotel income. (3)

# HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre (1) (unaudited, in millions)

		Quarter ende	ed June 30,	Year-to-date ended June 30,		
	_	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Net income	\$	290	\$ 211	\$ 479	\$ 467	
Interest expense		43	45	86	89	
Depreciation and amortization		166	176	336	346	
Income taxes		16	17	18	21	
EBITDA	_	515	449	919	923	
Gain on dispositions (2)		(57)	_	(59)	(119)	
Non-cash impairment expense		_	13	_	21	
Equity investment adjustments:						
Equity in earnings of Euro JV (3)		_	(6)	_	(8)	
Equity in earnings of affiliates other than Euro JV		(4)	(3)	(9)	(11)	
Pro rata EBITDAre of Euro JV (3)		_	17	_	23	
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments other than Euro JV		6	6	16	17	
EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre	\$	460	\$ 476	\$ 867	\$ 846	

Page 13 of 22

See the Notes to Financial Information for discussion of non-GAAP measures.
Reflects the sale of four hotels in 2019 and two hotels in 2018.
Represents our share of earnings and pro rata EBITDAre from the European Joint Venture ("Euro JV"). We sold our interest on December 21, 2018.

## HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share (1) (unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

	Quarter ended June 30,		Year-to-date e	nded June	30,	
	201	9	2018	2019		2018
Net income	\$	290	\$ 211	\$ 479	\$	467
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		(4)	 (2)	(7)		(5)
Net income attributable to Host Inc.		286	 209	472		462
Adjustments:						
Gain on dispositions (2)		(57)	_	(59)		(119)
Depreciation and amortization		165	175	334		344
Non-cash impairment expense		_	13	_		21
Equity investment adjustments:						
Equity in earnings of affiliates		(4)	(9)	(9)		(19)
Pro rata FFO of equity investments		4	17	13		32
Consolidated partnership adjustments:						
FFO adjustment for non-controlling partnerships		_	(1)	1		(1)
FFO adjustments for non-controlling interests of Host L.P.		(1)	 (2)	(3)		(3)
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO (3)	\$	393	\$ 402	\$ 749	\$	717
For calculation on a per share basis (4):						
Diluted an inhted assessment and the CDO NADELT FEO and Adjusted FEO		700.4	740.0	740.0		700.0
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding - EPS, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO		739.4	 740.2	740.2		739.9
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	.39	\$ .28	\$ .64	\$	.62
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$	.53	\$ .54	\$ 1.01	\$	.97

Refer to the corresponding footnote on the Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre.

Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted NAREIT'S Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement. The adoption did not result in a change in the way we calculate NAREIT FFO. See the Notes to Financial Information for a description of NAREIT FFO. Diluted earnings per common share and NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share are addled for the effects of dilutive securities. Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred OP units held by non-controlling partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP units. No effect is shown for securities if they are anti-dilutive. (1-2) (3) (4)

HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC.
Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, and Adjusted EBITDAre and
Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share for 2019 Forecasts (1)
(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

Low-ei of rang		High-end of range
\$	956	
	330	\$ 993
	175	175
	671	671
	28	31
	1,830	1,870
	(346)	(346)
	(10)	(10)
	26	26
	1,500	1,540
\$	1,500	\$ 1,540
	\$	671 28 1,830 (346) (10) 26 1,500

	Full Yea	ar 2019	
	 Low-end of range		High-end of range
Net income	\$ 956	\$	993
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	 (13)		(13)
Net income attributable to Host Inc.	943		980
Adjustments:			
Gain on dispositions	(346)		(346)
Depreciation and amortization	667		667
Equity investment adjustments:			
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(10)		(10)
Pro rata FFO of equity investments	18		18
Consolidated partnership adjustments:			
FFO adjustment for non-controlling interests of Host LP	 (3)		(3)
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	\$ 1,269	\$	1,306
	 		_
Weighted average diluted shares - EPS, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	735.0		735.0
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 1.28	\$	1.33
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$ 1.73	\$	1.78

- The forecasts are based on the below assumptions:

  Total comparable hotel RevPAR in constant US\$ will decrease 1.0% to 0.0% for the low and high end of the forecast range, which excludes the effect of changes in foreign currency. However, the effect of estimated changes in foreign currency has been reflected in the forecast of net income, EBITDA, earnings per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share.

  Comparable hotel EBITDA margins will decrease 25 basis points or increase 25 basis points or increase 25 basis points or the low and high ends of the forecasted RevPAR range, respectively.

  We expect to spend approximately \$315 million to \$345 million to \$3

- The above forecast assumes the sale of six additional properties. The transactions are subject to customary closing conditions which may not be satisfied and there can be no assurances that we will be able to complete the transactions at the prices assumed in the forecast.

For a discussion of additional items that may affect forecasted results, see the Notes to Financial Information.

# HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results for 2019 Forecasts (1) (unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Full Year	2019
	Low-end of range	High-end of range
Operating profit margin (2)	14.3%	14.9%
Comparable hotel EBITDA margin (3)	28.75%	29.25%
Net income	\$ 956	\$ 993
Depreciation and amortization	671	671
Interest expense	175	175
Provision for income taxes	28	31
Corporate level income/expense	(266)	(266)
Non-comparable hotel results, net (4)	(271)	(276)
Comparable hotel EBITDA	\$ 1,293	\$ 1,328

	Low-end of range				
		Adjust	ments		
	GAAP Results	Non-comparable hotel results, net (4)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results	
Revenues					
Rooms	\$ 3,431	\$ (587)	\$ _	\$ 2,844	
Food and beverage	1,628	(265)	_	1,363	
Other	382	(92)	_	290	
Total revenues	5,441	(944)		4,497	
Expenses		·			
Hotel expenses	3,877	(673)	_	3,204	
Depreciation	671	_	(671)	_	
Corporate and other expenses	115	<u></u>	(115)		
Total expenses	4,663	(673)	(786)	3,204	
Operating Profit - Comparable Hotel EBITDA	\$ 778	\$ (271)	\$ 786	\$ 1,293	

				High-end	of range		
			·	Adjustr	ments		
	GAAP Res	ults		parable hotel lts, net (4)	Depreciation and corporate level items		parable Hotel Results
Revenues							
Rooms	\$	3,466	\$	(594)	\$ —	\$	2,872
Food and beverage		1,644		(267)	_		1,377
Other		385		(93)	_		292
Total revenues		5,495		(954)		_	4,541
Expenses							
Hotel expenses		3,891		(678)	_		3,213
Depreciation and amortization		671			(671)		_
Corporate and other expenses		115		_	(115)		_
Total expenses		4,677		(678)	(786)		3,213
Operating Profit - Comparable Hotel EBITDA	\$	818	\$	(276)	\$ 786	\$	1,328

### HOST HOTELS & RESORTS. INC. Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results for 2019 Forecasts (1) (cont.)

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

- Forecast comparable hotel results include 74 hotels (of our 90 hotels owned at June 30, 2019) that we have assumed will be classified as comparable as of December 31, 2019. See "Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics" in the Notes to Financial Information. No assurances can be made as to the hotels that will be in the comparable hotel set for 2019. Also, see the notes to the "Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, and Adjusted EBITDAre and Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share for 2019 Forecasts" for other forecast assumptions and further discussion of transactions affecting our comparable hotel
- (2) (3) (4)
- set.

  Operating profit margin under GAAP is calculated as the operating profit divided by the forecast total revenues per the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

  Comparable hotel EBITDA margin is calculated as the comparable hotel EBITDA divided by the comparable hotel sales per the tables above.

  Non-comparable hotel results, net, includes the following items: (i) the results of operations of our non-comparable hotels and sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations, (ii) gains on insurance settlements and business interruption proceeds, and (iii) the results of our office spaces and other non-hotel income. The following hotels are expected to be non-comparable for full-year forecast:

#### Acquisitions:

- Andaz Maui at Wailea Resort (acquired in March 2018)
- Grand Hyatt San Francisco (acquired in March 2018)
- Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa (acquired in March 2018) 1 Hotel South Beach (acquired in February 2019)

#### Renovations:

- The Ritz-Carlton, Naples (business disruption beginning in the second guarter of 2018)
- San Francisco Marriott Marquis (business disruption beginning in the third quarter of 2018)
  San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter (business disruption beginning in the second quarter of 2019)
- Minneapolis Marriott City Center (business disruption in 2019)

#### Dispositions or properties under contract (includes forecast or actual results from January 1, 2019 through the anticipated or actual sale date):

- The Westin New York Grand Central (sold January 9, 2019) The Westin Mission Hills Golf Resort & Spa (sold April 2, 2019)
- Washington Dulles Airport Marriott (sold June 7, 2019)
- Newport Beach Marriott Bayview (sold June 12, 2019) Courtyard Chicago Downtown/River North (sold July 1, 2019)
- Residence Inn Arlington Pentagon City (sold July 1, 2019)
  Scottsdale Marriott Suites Old Town (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
- Scottsdale Marriott at McDowell Mountains (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
- Costa Mesa Marriott at interpower informatins (expected to close in the third quiter 2019)

  Atlanta Marriott Suites Midtown (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
- The Westin Indianapolis (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
  Chicago Marriott Suites O'Hare (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)

Page 17 of 22

#### FORECASTS

Our forecast of earnings per diluted share, NAREIT and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and comparable hotel results are forward-looking statements and are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results and performance to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forecasts. Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forecasts are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that the expectations will be attained or that the results will not be materially different. Risks that may affect these assumptions and forecasts include the following: potential changes in overall economic outlook make it inherently difficult to forecast the level of RevPAR and margin growth; the amount and timing of acquisitions and dispositions of hotel properties is an estimate that can substantially affect financial results, including such items as net income, depreciation and gains on dispositions; the level of capital expenditures may change significantly, which will directly affect the level of depreciation expense and net income; the amount and timing of debt payments may change significantly based on market conditions, which will directly affect the level of interest expense and net income; the amount and timing of transactions involving shares of our common stock may change based on market conditions; and other risks and uncertainties associated with our business described herein and in our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC.

#### COMPARABLE HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we present certain operating statistics (i.e., Total RevPAR, RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this report on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance.

Because these statistics and operating results relate only to our hotel properties, they exclude results for our non-hotel properties and other real estate investments. We define our comparable hotels as properties:

- (i) that are owned or leased by us and the operations of which are included in our consolidated results for the entirety of the reporting periods being compared; and
- (ii) that have not sustained substantial property damage or business interruption, or undergone large-scale capital projects (as further defined below) during the reporting periods being compared.

The hotel business is capital-intensive and renovations are a regular part of the business. Generally, hotels under renovation remain comparable hotels. A large scale capital project that would cause a hotel to be excluded from our comparable hotel set is an extensive renovation of several core aspects of the hotel, such as rooms, meeting space, lobby, bars, restaurants and other public spaces. Both quantitative and qualitative factors are taken into consideration in determining if the renovation would cause a hotel to be removed from the comparable hotel set, including unusual or exceptional circumstances such as: a reduction or increase in room count, rebranding, a significant alteration of the business operations, or the closing of the hotel during the renovation.

We do not include an acquired hotel in our comparable hotel set until the operating results for that hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year. For example, we acquired the 1 Hotel South Beach in February 2019. The hotel will not be included in our comparable hotels until January 1, 2021. Hotels that we sell are excluded from the comparable hotel set once the transaction has closed. Similarly, hotels are excluded from our comparable hotel set from the date that they sustain substantial property damage or business interruption or commence a large-scale capital project. In each case, these hotels are returned to the comparable hotel set when the operations of the hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year after completion of the property damage or cessation of the business interruption, or the completion of large-scale capital projects, as applicable.

Of the 90 hotels that we owned on June 30, 2019, 83 have been classified as comparable hotels. The operating results of the following hotels that we owned as of June 30, 2019 are excluded from comparable hotel results for these periods:

- Andaz Maui at Wailea Resort (acquired in March 2018);
- Grand Hvatt San Francisco (acquired in March 2018):
- Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa (acquired in March 2018);
- 1 Hotel South Beach (acquired in February 2019):
- The Ritz-Carlton, Naples, removed in the second quarter of 2018 (business disruption due to extensive renovations including restoration of the façade that required closure of the hotel for over two months, coordinated with renovation and expansion of restaurant areas and renovation to the spa and ballrooms);
- San Francisco Marriott Marquis, removed in the third quarter of 2018 (business disruption due to renovations of guestrooms, ballrooms, meeting space, and extensive renovations of the main lobby); and
- San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter, removed in the second quarter of 2019 (business disruption due to renovations of guestrooms, conversion of public areas into meeting space, and an extensive repositioning of the lobby area).

Page 18 of 22

### HOST HOTELS & RESORTS, INC. Notes to Financial Information

The operating results of eight hotels disposed of in 2019 and 2018 are not included in comparable hotel results for the periods presented herein. These operations are also excluded from the hotel operating data for all owned hotels on pages 9 and 10

Operating statistics for the non-comparable hotels listed above are included in the hotel operating data for all owned hotels. By definition, the RevPAR results for these properties are not comparable due to the reasons listed above, and, therefore, are not indicative of the overall trends for our portfolio. The operating results for the four hotels acquired in 2018 and 2019 are included in the all owned hotel operating data on a pro forma basis, which includes operating results assuming the hotels were owned as of January 1, 2018 and based on actual results obtained from the manager for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the year-over-year comparison includes periods prior to our ownership, the changes will not necessarily correspond to changes in our actual results. All owned hotel operating statistics are provided for completeness and to show the difference between our comparable hotel information (upon which we usually evaluate performance) and all of our hotels, including non-comparable hotels. Also, while they may not be illustrative of trends (as compared to comparable hotel operating statistics), changes in all owned hotel statistics will have an effect on our overall revenues.

#### CONSTANT US\$ and Nominal US\$

Operating results denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the prevailing exchange rates on the date of the transaction, or monthly based on the weighted average exchange rate for the period. For comparative purposes, we also present the RevPAR results for the prior year assuming the results of our foreign operations were translated using the same exchange rates that were effective for the comparable periods in the current year, thereby eliminating the effect of currency fluctuation for the year-over-year comparisons. For the full year forecast results, we use the applicable forward currency curve (as published by Bloomberg L.P.) for each monthly period to estimate forecast foreign operations in U.S. dollars and have restated the prior year RevPAR results using the same forecast exchange rates to estimate year-over-year growth in RevPAR in constant US\$. We believe this presentation is useful to investors as it shows growth in RevPAR in the local currency of the hotel consistent with how we would evaluate our domestic portfolio. However, the estimated effect of changes in foreign currency has been reflected in the actual and forecast results of net income, EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA/Pe, earnings per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share. Nominal US\$ results include the effect of currency fluctuations, consistent with our financial statement presentation.

#### Non-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Included in this press release are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) FFO and FFO per diluted share (both NAREIT and Adjusted), (ii) EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre and (iv) Comparable Hotel Property Level Operating Results. The following discussion defines these measures and presents why we believe they are useful supplemental measures of our performance.

#### NAREIT FFO AND NAREIT FFO PER DILUTED SHARE

We present NAREIT FFO and NAREIT FFO per diluted share as non-GAAP measures of our performance in addition to our earnings per share (calculated in accordance with GAAP). We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share as our NAREIT FFO (defined as set forth below) for a given operating period, as adjusted for the effect of dilutive securities, divided by the number of fully diluted shares outstanding during such period, in accordance with NAREIT guidelines. Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted NAREIT self-to in NAREIT FFO NAREIT defines FFO as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from change in control, impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments and adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated partially-owned entities on the same basis.

We believe that NAREIT FFO per diluted share is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance and that the presentation of NAREIT FFO per diluted share, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share, provides beneficial information to investors. By excluding the effect of real estate depreciation, amortization, impairments and gains and losses from sales of depreciable real estate, all of which are based on historical cost accounting and which may be of lesser significance in evaluating current performance, we believe that such measures can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and with other REITs, even though NAREIT FFO per diluted share does not represent an amount that accrues directly to holders of our common stock. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. As noted by NAREIT in its Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement, the primary purpose for including FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance of a REIT is to address the artificial nature of historical cost depreciation and amortization of real estate and real estate-related assets mandated by GAAP. For these reasons, NAREIT adopted the FFO metric in order to promote a uniform industry-wide measure of REIT operating performance.

Page 19 of 22

#### Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share

We also present Adjusted FFO per diluted share when evaluating our performance because management believes that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. Management historically has made the adjustments detailed below in evaluating our performance, in our annual budget process and for our compensation programs. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted FFO per diluted share, when combined with both the primary GAPEIT, provides useful supplemental information that is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. We adjust NAREIT FFO per diluted share so, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted FFO per diluted shares:

- Gains and Losses on the Extinguishment of Debt We exclude the effect of finance charges and premiums associated with the extinguishment of debt, including the acceleration of the write-off of deferred financing costs associated with the original issuance of the debt being redeemed or retired and incremental interest expense incurred during the refinancing period. We also exclude the gains on debt repurchases and the original issuance costs associated with the retirement of preferred stock. We believe that these items are not reflective of our ongoing finance costs.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we may also adjust NAREIT FFO for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. For example, in 2017, as a result of the reduction of corporate income tax rates from 35% to 21% caused by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, we remeasured our domestic deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2017 and recorded a one-time adjustment to reduce the deferred tax assets and increase the provision for income taxes by approximately \$11 million. We do not consider this adjustment to be reflective of our on-going operating performance and therefore excluded this item from Adjusted FFO.

#### FRITDA

Earnings before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") is a commonly used measure of performance in many industries. Management believes EBITDA provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations because it helps us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Management also believes the use of EBITDA facilitates comparisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners that are not REITs and other capital-intensive companies. Management uses EBITDA to evaluate property-level results and as one measure in determining the value of acquisitions and dispositions and, like FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, it is widely used by management in the annual budget process and for our compensation programs.

#### EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

We present EBITDAre in accordance with NAREIT guidelines, as defined in its September 2017 white paper "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate," to provide an additional performance measure to facilitate the evaluation and comparison of the Company's results with other REITs. NAREIT defines EBITDAre as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses on disposition of depreciated property (including gains or losses on change of control), impairment write-downs of depreciated property and of investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in value of depreciated property in the affiliate, and adjustments to reflect the entity's pro rata share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated affiliates.

We make additional adjustments to EBITDAre when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDAre, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of net income, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. Adjusted EBITDAre also is similar to the measure used to calculate certain credit ratios for our credit facility and senior notes. We adjust EBITDAre for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDAre

- Property Insurance Gains We exclude the effect of property insurance gains reflected in our consolidated statements of operations because we believe that including them in Adjusted EBITDAre is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our assets. In addition, property insurance gains could be less important to investors given that the depreciated asset book value written off in connection with the calculation of the property insurance gain often does not reflect the market value of real estate assets.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.

Page 20 of 22

Litigation Gains and Losses – We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust EBITDAre for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. The last such adjustment was a 2013 exclusion of a gain from an eminent domain claim.

Limitations on the Use of NAREIT FFO per Diluted Share, Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share, EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share in accordance with standards established by NAREIT, which may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies that do not use the NAREIT definition of FFO or do not calculate FFO per diluted share in accordance with NAREIT guidance. In addition, although FFO per diluted share is a useful measure when comparing our results to other REITs, it may not be helpful to investors when comparing us to non-REITs. We also calculated Adjusted FFO per diluted share, which is not in accordance with NAREIT guidance and may not be comparable to measures calculated by other REITs. EBITDAr, EBITDAre, additional Adjusted EBITDAre, as presented, may also not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies. This information should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating profit, cash from operations or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Cash expenditures for various long-term assets (such as renewal and replacement capital expenditures), interest expense (for EBITDA, EBITDAre purposes only) and other items have been and will be made and are not reflected in the EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share presentations. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statement of operations and cash flows include interest expense, capital expenditures, and other excluded items, all of which should be considered when evaluating our performance, as well as the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures. Additionally, NAREIT FFO per diluted share, Adjusted FFO per diluted share and Adjusted EBITDAre should not be considered as a measure of our liquidity or indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions. In addition, NAREIT FFO per dilute

Similarly, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of our equity investments and NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships. Our equity investments consist of interests ranging from 11% to 67% in seven domestic and international partnerships that own a total of 10 properties and a vacation ownership development. Due to the voting rights of the outside owners, we do not control and, therefore, do not consolidate these entities. The non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships primarily consist of the approximate 1% interest in Host LP held by outside partners, and a 15% interest held by outside partners in a partnership owning one hotel for which we do control the entity and, therefore, consolidated its operations. These pro rata results for NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre were calculated as set forth in the definitions above. Readers should be cautioned that the pro rata results presented in these measures for consolidated partnerships (for NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share) and equity investments may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of our investments in these entities.

#### Comparable Hotel Property Level Operating Results

We present certain operating results for our hotels, such as hotel revenues, expenses, food and beverage profit, and EBITDA (and the related margins), on a comparable hotel, or "same store," basis as supplemental information for investors. Our comparable hotel results present operating results for hotels owned during the entirety of the periods being compared without giving effect to any acquisitions or dispositions, significant property damage or large scale capital improvements incurred during these periods. We present comparable hotel EBITDA to help us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our comparable properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense), and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Corporate-level costs and expenses are also removed to arrive at property-level results. We believe these property-level results provide investors with supplemental information into the ongoing operating performance of our comparable hotel: Comparable hotel results are presented both by location and orn the Company's comparable properties in the aggregate. We eliminate depreciation and amortization because, even though depreciation and amortization are property-level expenses, these non-cash expenses, which are based on historical cost accounting for real estate assets, implicitly assume that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. As noted earlier, because real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many real estate industry investors have considered presentation of historical cost accounting for operating period on the insufficient by themselves.

Because of the elimination of corporate-level costs and expenses and depreciation and amortization, the comparable hotel operating results we present do not represent our total revenues, expenses, operating profit or net income and should not be used to evaluate the performance of our Company as a whole. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statements of operations include such amounts, all of which should be considered by investors when evaluating our performance.

Page 21 of 22

We present these hotel operating results on a comparable hotel basis because we believe that doing so provides investors and management with useful information for evaluating the period-to-period performance of our hotels and facilitates comparisons with other hotel REITs and hotel owners. In particular, these measures assist management and investors in distinguishing whether increases or decreases in revenues and/or expenses are due to growth or decline of operations at comparable hotels (which represent the vast majority of our portfolio) or from other factors, such as the effect of acquisitions or dispositions. While management believes that presentation of comparable hotel results is a "same store" supplemental measure that provides useful information in evaluating our ongoing performance, this measure is not used to allocate resources or to assess the operating performance of each of these hotels, as these decisions are based on data for individual hotels and are not based on comparable hotel results. For these reasons, we believe that comparable hotel operating results, when combined with the presentation of GAAP operating profit, revenues and expenses, provide useful information to investors and management.

Page 22 of 22









Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc.

Second Quarter 2019
Supplemental
Financial Information
June 30, 2019

# Table of Contents

			PAGE NO
L	Ou	rerview	
	L	About Host Hotels & Resorts	3
	п.	Forward-Looking Statements	4
	III.	Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics and Non-GAAP Financial Measures	4
п.	Co	rporate Financial Information	
	L	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018	6
	II.	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) Quarter and Year-to-date Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	7
	III.	Earnings per Common Share (unaudited) Quarter and Year-to-date Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	8
	N.	Reconciliation of Net income to EBITDA, EBITDA/e and Adjusted EBITDA/e	9
	٧.	Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share	10
III.	PF	operty Level Data	
	L	Comparable Hotel Results	12
	II.	Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$	15
	III.	Top 40 Domestic Hotels by RevPAR for the Year Ended December 31, 2018 and 2016	23
IV.	Ca	ptalization	
	L	Comparative Capitalization	28
	II.	Consolidated Debt Summary	29
	III.	Consolidated Debt Maturity as of June 30, 2019	30
	N.	Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio	31
	٧L	Reconciliation of GAAP Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	32
	VΙΙ	Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio	33
	νIII	. Ground Lease Summary	34
	lx.	2019 Dispositions	35
٧.	20	19 Outbok	
	L	2019 Outbok	37
	II.	Reconciliation of Net income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share for 2019 Forecasts	38
		Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results for 2019 Forecasts	39
W		tes to Supplemental Financial information	93
VI.		Forecasts	41
		Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics	41
		Non-GAAP Financial Measures	42
	all.	NUITONNE I IIIAII MEAGNICO	42

Host Hotels & Resorts

### Overview

#### ABOUT HOST HOTELS & RESORTS

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. is an S&P 500 company and is the largest lodging real estate investment trust and one of the largest owners of luxury and upper-upscale hotels. The Company currently owns 83 properties in the United States and five properties internationally totaling approximately 50,000 rooms. The Company also holds non-controlling interests in six domestic and one international joint ventures. Guided by a disciplined approach to capital allocation and aggressive asset management, the Company partners with premium brands such as Marriott®, Ritz-Carlton®, Westin®, Sheraton®, W®, St. Regis®, The Luxury Collection®, Hyatt®, Fairmont®, Hilton®, Swissôtel®, ibis® and Novotel®, as well as independent brands in the operation of properties in over 50 major markets. For additional information, please visit the Company's website at www.hosthotels.com.

Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc., herein referred to as "we," the "Company" or "Host Inc.," is a self-managed and self-administered real estate investment trust ("REIT") that owns hotel properties. We conduct our operations as an umbrella partnership REIT through an operating partnership, Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P. ("Host LP"), of which we are the sole general partner. When distinguishing between Host Inc. and Host LP, the primary difference is approximately 1% of the partnership interests in Host LP held by outside partners as of June 30, 2019, which is non-controlling interests in Host LP in our consolidated balance sheets and is included in net income attributable to non-controlling interests in our consolidated statements of operations. Readers are encouraged to find further detail regarding our organizational structure in our annual report on Form 10-K.

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Host Hotels & Resorts

## Overview

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This supplemental information contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities regulations. These forward-looking statements include forecast results and are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "should," "plan," "predict," "project," "will," "continue" and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions and forecasts of future results. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results to differ materially from those anticipated at the time the forward-looking statements are made. These risks include, but are not limited to changes in national and local economic and business conditions and other factors such as natural disasters, pandemics and weather that will affect occupancy rates at our hotels and the demand for hotel products and services; the impact of geopolitical developments outside the U.S. on lodging demand; volatility in global financial and credit markets; operating risks associated with the hotel business; risks and limitations in our operating flexibility associated with the level of our indebtedness and our ability to meet covenants in our debt agreements; risks associated with our relationships with property managers and joint venture partners; our ability to maintain our properties in a first-class manner, including meeting capital expenditure requirements; the effects of hotel renovations on our hotel occupancy and financial results; our ability to compete effectively in areas such as access, location, quality of accommodations and room rate structures; risks associated with our ability to complete acquisitions and dispositions and develop new properties and the risks that acquisitions and new developments may not perform in accordance with our expectations; our ability to continue to satisfy complex rules in order for us to remain a REI

#### COMPARABLE HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS AND NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we present certain operating statistics (i.e., Total RevPAR, RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this presentation on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for the details on how we determine our comparable hotel set.

Included in this supplemental information are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP (U.S. generally accepted accounting principles), within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) FFO and FFO per diluted share (both NAREIT and Adjusted), (ii) EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre, (iv) Net Operating Income (NOI) and (v) Comparable Hotel Property Level Operating Results (and the related margins). Also included are reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measures. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for definitions of these measures, why we believe these measures are useful and limitations on their use.

Also included in this supplemental information is our leverage and fixed charge coverage ratios, calculated in accordance with our credit facility, along with our EBITDA to interest coverage ratio, calculated in accordance with our senior notes indenture covenants. Included with these ratios are reconciliations calculated in accordance with GAAP. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for information on how these supplemental measures are calculated, why we believe they are useful and limitations on their use.







### **Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

unaudited, in millions, except shares and per share amounts)		
	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	(unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Property and equipment, net	\$10,000	\$9,760
Right-of-use assets (1)	590	_
Assets held for sale	272	281
Due from managers	163	7'
Advances to and investments in affiliates	53	48
Furniture, fixtures and equipment replacement fund	203	213
Other	137	175
Cash and cash equivalents	1,107	1,542
Total assets	\$12,525	\$12,090
LIABILITIES, NON-CONTROLLING	INTERESTS AND EQUITY	
Debt		
Senior notes	\$2,783	\$2,782
Credit facility, including term loans of \$998	1,052	1,049
Other debt	29	
Total debt	3,864	3,837
Lease liabilities (1)	599	<del>-</del>
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	248	29:
Liabilities held for sale	13	_
Other	186	266
Total liabilities	4,910	4,396
Redeemable non-controlling interests - Host Hotels & Resorts, L.P.	141	128
Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, par value \$.01, 1,050 million shares authorized, 730.0 million shares and 740.4 million shares issued and outstanding, respectively	7	-
Additional paid-in capital	7,948	8,156
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(56)	(59
Deficit	(432)	(610
Total equity of Host Hotels & Resorts, Inc. stockholders	7,487	7,494
Non-redeemable non-controlling interests—other consolidated partnerships	7	72
Total equity	7,474	7,586
Total liabilities, non-controlling interests and equity	\$12,525	\$12,090

(1) On January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), as amended. The new standard requires all leases, including operating leases, be recognized as lease assets and lease liabilities on the balancesheet. As a result, we have recognized right of use assets of \$590 million and lease liabilities of \$599 million as of June 30, 2019. The adoption did not affect our statement of operations.

Host Hotels & Resorts

### **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

Rooms         \$931         \$973         \$1,788         \$1.8°           Food and beverage         449         449         882         8           Other         103         96         203         11           Total revenues         1,483         1,518         2,873         2,88           Expenses         8         8         443         44           Rooms         226         238         443         44           Food and beverage         290         290         575         56           Other departmental and support expenses         334         336         661         66           Management fees         71         73         125         11           Other property-level expenses         91         99         183         11           Other property-level expenses         91         99		Quarter ended.	June 30,	Year-to-date ended June 30,		
Rooms         \$931         \$973         \$1,788         \$1.8°           Food and beverage         449         449         882         8           Other         103         96         203         11           Total revenues         1,483         1,518         2,873         2,88           Expenses         8         8         443         44           Rooms         226         238         443         44           Food and beverage         290         290         575         56           Other departmental and support expenses         334         336         661         66           Management fees         71         73         125         11           Other property-level expenses         91         99         183         11           Other property-level expenses         91         99		2019	2018	2019	2018	
Prod and beverage	Revenues					
Other         103         96         203         11           Total revenues         1,483         1,518         2,873         2,81           Expenses         2         2         238         443         44           Food and beverage         290         290         575         5           Other departmental and support expenses         334         336         661         66           Managementfees         71         73         125         11           Other propertyl-level expenses         91         99         183         11           Depreciation and amortization         166         189         336         33           Corporate and other expenses         25         30         54         2           Total operating costs and expenses         25         30         54         2           Operating profit         280         263         496         44           Interest expense         43         455         866         45           Salin on sale of assets         57         -         62         11           Salin (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         (1)           Guit i	Rooms	\$931	\$973	\$1,788	\$1,817	
Total revenues   1,483   1,518   2,873   2,86	Food and beverage	449	449	882	862	
Rooms   226   238   443   445   445   54	Other	103	96	203	185	
Rooms         226         238         443         44           Food and beverage         290         290         575         56           Other departmental and support expenses         334         336         661         66           Management fees         71         73         125         12           Other property-level expenses         91         99         183         11           Deprecation and amortization         166         189         336         33           Corporate and other expenses         25         30         54         3           Total operating costs and expenses         1,203         1,255         2,377         2,45           Operating profit         280         263         496         45           Interest income         7         2         15           Interest expense         (43)         (45)         (86)         (8           Sain on sale of assets         57         -         62         11           Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         (6           Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         3         4         9         9         9 <td>Total revenues</td> <td>1,483</td> <td>1,518</td> <td>2,873</td> <td>2,864</td>	Total revenues	1,483	1,518	2,873	2,864	
Food and beverage   290   290   575   56	Expenses					
Other departmental and support expenses         334         336         661         66           Management fees         71         73         125         11           Other property-level expenses         91         99         183         11           Depreciation and amortization         166         189         336         33           Corporate and other expenses         25         30         54         9           Total operating costs and expenses         1,203         1,255         2,377         2,45           Operating profit         280         263         496         4,4           Interest income         7         2         15           Sain on sale of assets         57         —         62         11           Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         (2)           Growision for income taxes         306         228         497         44           Provision for income taxes         (16)         (17)         (18)         (2           Let income         290         211         479         44           Let income         290         211         479         44           Let income </td <td>Rooms</td> <td>226</td> <td>238</td> <td>443</td> <td>462</td>	Rooms	226	238	443	462	
Managementfees         71         73         125         12           Other property-level expenses         91         99         183         11           Depreciation and amortization         166         189         336         33           Corporate and other expenses         25         30         54         3           Total operating costs and expenses         1,203         1,255         2,377         2,4           Operating profit         280         263         496         45           Interest income         7         2         15           nterest expense         (43)         (45)         (86)         (8           Sain on sale of assets         57         -         62         11           Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         (6           Gain (loss) on foreign further income taxes         306         228         497         44           Provision for income taxes         (16)         (17)         (18)         (2           Vet income         290         211         479         44           Less: Net income attributable to hon-controlling interests         (4)         (2)         (7)         (7)	Food and beverage	290	290	575	568	
Other property-level expenses         91         99         183         18           Depreciation and amortization         166         189         336         3           Corporate and other expenses         25         30         54         3           Total operating costs and expenses         1,203         1,255         2,377         2,44           Operating profit         280         263         496         44           Interest stincome         7         2         15           Interest expense         (43)         (45)         (86)         8           Gain on sale of assets         57         —         62         11           Sain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         (62         11           Ceptity in earmings of affiliates         4         9 <td>Other departmental and support expenses</td> <td>334</td> <td>336</td> <td>661</td> <td>651</td>	Other departmental and support expenses	334	336	661	651	
Depreciation and amortization   166   189   336   36   36   36   36   36   36	Managementfees	71	73	125	127	
Corporate and other expenses         25         30         54         5           Total operating costs and expenses         1,203         1,255         2,377         2,4           Operating profit         280         263         496         45           Interest income         7         2         15           Interest expense         (43)         (45)         (86)         (8           Sain on sale of assets         57         —         62         11           Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         (6           Guity in earnings of affiliates         4         9	Other property-level expenses	91	99	183	197	
Total operating costs and expenses         1,203         1,255         2,377         2,4           Operating profit         280         263         496         4           Interest structure         7         2         15           Interest expense         (43)         (45)         (86)         (8           Gain on sale of assets         57         —         62         11           Sain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         (6           Cquity in earnings of affiliates         4         9         9         9           ncome before income taxes         306         228         497         44           Provision for income taxes         (16)         (17)         (18)         (2           Vet income         290         211         479         44           ess: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests         (4)         (2)         (7)         (7)           Vet income attributable to Host Inc.         \$286         \$209         \$472         \$44	Depreciation and amortization	166	189	336	367	
Departing profit   280   263   496   430   496   430	Corporate and other expenses	25	30	54	58	
The rest income   T	Total operating costs and expenses	1,203	1,255	2,377	2,430	
Interest expense	Operating profit	280	263	496	434	
Sain (nsale of assets   57	Interest income	7	2	15	5	
Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives         1         (1)         1         ( cut)           quity in earnings of affiliates         4         9         9           ncome before income taxes         306         228         497         44           Provision for income taxes         (16)         (17)         (18)         (2           Vet income         290         211         479         44           ess: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests         (4)         (2)         (7)         (7)           Vet income attributable to Host Inc.         \$286         \$209         \$472         \$44	Interest expense	(43)	(45)	(86)	(89)	
Equity in earnings of affiliates         4         9         9           ncome before income taxes         306         228         497         44           Provision for income taxes         (16)         (17)         (18)         (2           Net income         290         211         479         44           ess: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests         (4)         (2)         (7)         (7)         (8           let income attributable to Host Inc.         \$286         \$209         \$472         \$44	Gain on sale of assets	57	_	62	120	
Recome before income taxes   306   228   497   447	Gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and derivatives	1	(1)	1	(1)	
Provision for income taxes         (16)         (17)         (18)         (2           let income         290         211         479         44           less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests         (4)         (2)         (7)         (7)           let income attributable to Host Inc.         \$286         \$209         \$472         \$44	Equity in earnings of affiliates	4	9	9	19	
Vet income         290         211         479         44           Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests         (4)         (2)         (7)         (6)           Vet income attributable to Host Inc.         \$286         \$209         \$472         \$44	Income before income taxes	306	228	497	488	
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests         (4)         (2)         (7)         (6)           Net income attributable to Host Inc.         \$286         \$209         \$472         \$44	Provision for income taxes	(16)	(17)	(18)	(21)	
let income attributable to Host Inc.         \$286         \$209         \$472         \$4	Net income	290	211	479	467	
	Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(4)	(2)		(5)	
Basic and diluted earnings per common share \$39 \$28 \$64 \$6	Net income attributable to Host Inc.	\$286	\$209	\$472	\$462	
	Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$.39	\$.28	\$.64	\$.62	

### Earnings per Common Share

(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

	Quarter ended June 30,		Year-to-date e	ended June 30,
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net income	\$290	\$211	\$479	\$467
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(4)	(2)	(7)	(5)
Net income attributable to Host Inc.	\$286	\$209	\$472	\$462
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	739.1	739.7	739.9	739.5
Assuming distribution of common shares granted under the comprehensive stock plans, less shares assumed purchased at market	.3	.5	.3	.4
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding (1)	739.4	740.2	740.2	739.9
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$.39	\$.28	\$.64	\$.62

<sup>(1)</sup> Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred operating partnership units ("OP Units") held by minority partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP Units. No effect is shown for any securities that were anti-dilutive for the period.

### Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre (1)

(unaudited, in millions)

	Quarter ended	Quarter ended June 30,		ed June 30,
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net income	\$290	\$211	\$479	\$467
Interest expense	43	45	86	89
Depredation and amortization	166	176	336	346
Income taxes	16	17	18	21
EBITDA	515	449	919	923
Gain on dispositions (2)	(57)	_	(59)	(119)
Non-cash impairment expense	_	13	r—.	21
Equity investment adjustments:				
Equity in earnings of Euro JV (3)	<del>-</del>	(6)	<del>-</del>	(8)
Equity in earnings of affiliates other than Euro JV	(4)	(3)	(9)	(11)
Pro rata EBITDAre of Euro JV (3)	<u> </u>	17	_	23
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments other than Euro JV	6	6	16	17
EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre	\$460	\$476	\$867	\$846

Host Hotels & Resorts

See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for discussion of these non-GAAP measures.
 Reflects the sale of four hotels in 2019 and two hotels in 2018.
 Represents our share of earnings and pro rata EBITDA/re from the European Joint Venture ("Euro JV"). We sold our interest on December 21, 2018.

#### Reconciliation of Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share(1)

(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)

	Quarter ended June 30,		Year-to-date e	nded June 30.
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Net income	\$290	\$211	\$479	\$467
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(4)	(2)	(7)	(5)
Net income attributable to Host Inc.	286	209	472	462
Adjustments:				
Gain on dispositions (2)	(57)	<del>-</del>	(59)	(119)
Depreciation and amortization	165	175	334	344
Non-cash impairment expense	_	13	<u> </u>	21
Equity investment adjustments:				
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(4)	(9)	(9)	(19)
Pro rata FFO of equity investments	4	17	13	32
Consolidated partnership adjustments:				
FFO adjustment for non-controlling partnerships	· ·	(1)	1	(1)
FFO adjustments for non-controlling interests of Host L.P.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO (8)	\$393	\$402	\$749	\$717
For calculation on a per share basis (4):				
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding - EPS, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	739.4	740.2	740.2	739.9
Diluted earnings percommon share	\$.39	\$.28	\$.64	\$.62
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$.53	\$.54	\$1.01	\$.97

<sup>(1-2)</sup> Refer to the corresponding footnote on the Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre.
(3) Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted NAREIT's Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement. The adoption did not result in a change in the way we calculate NAREIT FFO. See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for a description of NAREIT FFO.

(4) Diluted earnings per common share and NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share are adjusted for the effects of dilutive securities. Dilutive securities may include shares granted under comprehensive stock plans, preferred OP units held by non-controlling partners and other non-controlling interests that have the option to convert their limited partnership interests to common OP units. No effect is shown for securities if they are anti-dilutive.







# Property Level Data

#### Comparable Hotel Results (1)

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Quarter end	led June 30,	Year-to-date ended June 30,			
	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Number of hotels	83	83	83	83		
Number of rooms	45,847	45,847	45,847	45,847		
Change in comparable hotel Total RevPAR (2)						
Constant US\$	0.1%	_	0.2%	_		
Nominal US\$	0.0%	_	0.1%	<u></u>		
Change in comparable hotel RevPAR (3)						
Constant US\$	(1.5)%	_	(1.2)%	<u></u>		
Nominal US\$	(1.5)%		(1.3)%	<u></u>		
Operating profit margin (4)	18.9%	17.3%	17.3%	15.2%		
Comparable hotel EBITDA margin (4)	32.5%	32.7%	30.45%	30.3%		
Food and beverage profit margin (4)	35.4%	35.4%	34.8%	34.1%		
Comparable hotel food and beverage profit margin (4)	36.5%	37.1%	35.4%	35.7%		
Net income	\$290	\$211	\$479	\$467		
Depreciation and amortization	166	189	336	367		
Interest expense	43	45	86	89		
Provision for income taxes	16	17	18	21		
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense	(44)	20	(33)	(85)		
Non-comparable hotel results, net (5)	(57)	(65)	(152)	(130)		
Comparable hotel EBITDA	\$414	\$417	\$734	\$729		

#### Comparable Hotel Results (1) (continued)

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

		Quarter ended	June 30, 2019			Quarter ended	June 30, 2018	
	100	Adjust	tments	- 10	44	Adjustments		
	GAAP Results	Non- comparable hotel results, net (5)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results	GAAP Results	Non- comparable hotel results, net (5)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results
Revenues								
Room	\$931	\$(124)	\$-	\$807	\$973	\$(154)	\$-	\$819
Food and beverage	449	(65)		384	449	(66)	_	383
Other	103	(21)	_	82	96	(26)	_	70
Total revenues	1,483	(210)		1,273	1,518	(246)		1,272
Expenses	100	200		70000	S	77 Maria		1000
Room	226	(33)		193	238	(44)	_	194
Food and beverage	290	(46)		244	290	(49)	8_	241
Other	496	(74)	_	422	508	(88)	_	420
Depreciation and amortization	166		(166)	_	189		(189)	_
Corporate and other expenses	25	_	(25)	_	30		(30)	<u> </u>
Total expenses	1,203	(153)	(191)	859	1,255	(181)	(219)	855
Operating Profit - Comparable Hotel EBITDA	\$280	\$(57)	\$191	\$414	\$263	\$(65)	\$219	\$417

#### Comparable Hotel Results (1) (continued)

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Y	ear-to-date end	ed June 30, 201	9	Υ Υ	ear-to-date end	ed June 30, 201	8
	GAAP Results	Non- comparable hotel results, net (5)	ments Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results	GAAP Results	Non- comparable hotel results, net (5)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results
Revenues								
Room	\$1,788	\$(275)	\$-	\$1,513	\$1,817	\$(284)	S-	\$1,533
Food and beverage	882	(140)		742	862	(122)		740
Other	203	(48)	_	155	185	(51)	_	134
Total revenues	2,873	(463)		2,410	2,864	(457)		2,407
Expenses					-			
Room	443	(68)		375	462	(81)		381
Food and beverage	575	(96)	_	479	568	(92)	6 <u>-</u>	476
Other	969	(147)	_	822	975	(154)	_	821
Depreciation and amortization	336		(336)	_	367	_	(367)	_
Corporate and other expenses	54	_	(54)	_	58	_	(58)	_
Total expenses	2,377	(311)	(390)	1,676	2,430	(327)	(425)	1,678
Operating Profit - Comparable Hotel EBITDA	\$496	\$(152)	\$390	\$734	\$434	\$(130)	\$425	\$729

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for a discussion of non-GAAP measures and the calculation of comparable hotel results.
(2) Total Revenue per Available Room ("Total RevPAR") is a summary measure of hotel results calculated by dividing the sum of room, food and beverage and other ancillary service revenue by room nights available to guests for the period. It includes ancillary revenues not included within RevPAR.
(3) RevPAR is the product of the average daily room rate charged and and the average daily occupancy achieved.
(4) Profit margins are calculated by dividing the applicable operating profit by the related revenue amount. GAAP profit margins are calculated using amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. Comparable hotel margins are calculated using amounts presented in the above tables.
(5) Non-comparable hotel results, net, includes the following items: (i) the results of operations of our non-comparable hotels and sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations, and (ii) the results of our office buildings and other non-hotel income.

#### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics and per room basis)

Maul Carel  3 1,682 5354.83 92.6% 5308.52 578.6 5518.33 519.0  Jackson/lile  1 446 41.11 841 344.0 30.6 75.51 10.0  Promits Gulf Coast  3 940 263.12 75.6 198.3 31.5 360.6 6.6  Promits  5 2.163 249.43 76.0 190.69 31.8 415.4 14.1  Manington, D.C. (CBD) ***  5 3.238 229.75 91.5 250.4 100.3 367.2 31.6  New York  3 4.299 292.59 84.9 248.4 146.9 378.33 193.  Lex Argeles  4 1,726 228.49 89.1 203.54 47.2 300.39 6.8  San FranciscoSan Jose  5 2.333 233.5 81.1 198.4 552 22.76 1 12.9  San PranciscoSan Jose  5 2.333 233.5 81.1 198.4 552 22.77 1 12.9  Philadeign1a  2 810 247.35 69.7 221.4 27.0 366.74 6.9  Philadeign1a  2 810 247.35 69.7 221.4 27.0 366.74 6.9  Philadeign1a  2 810 247.35 69.7 221.4 27.0 366.74 6.9  Beatine  2 1.315 224.35 69.7 227.5 59.8 323.5 325.3 19.1  New Oreans  1 1.333 196.98 10.0 190.55 20.4 233.9 235.5 27.5 59.8 323.5 30.0  Santington Argelia Argeli			Quarter ended June 30, 2019											
Jackson/life  1 446 414.11 84.1 348.40 30.8 753.61 10.0  Fibrida Guiff Cost  3 840 263.12 75.6 196.85 31.5 86.05 6.6  Fibrida Guiff Cost  5 21.63 224.43 76.0 166.69 61.8 414.45 14.1  Washingho, D.C. (CBD) (5)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (6)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 35.7 23 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  5 3238 278.76 91.5 250.4 108.3 31.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  6 4 44.1 220.0 22.1 18.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  8 4 14.1 220.0 22.1 18.6  Nashingho, D.C. (CBD) (7)  10 20.5 4 47.2 20.0 20.9  10	Location				Occupancy	RevPAR			Hotel Net Income	Hotel EBITDA (1)				
Florida Gulf Coest 3 940 28.12 756 198.83 31.8 386.08 6.6 Proteint 5 2.163 244.43 75.0 198.69 81.8 415.45 11.1 Mashington, D.D. (1980) 81.8 417.2 30.03 11.3 Mashington, D.D. (1980) 81.8 417.2 30.03 11.3 Mashington, D.D. (1980) 81.9 248.42 146.9 376.93 11.3 Mashington, D.D. (1980) 81.0 Mashi	Maul/Oahu	3	1,682	\$354.83	92.6%	\$328.52	\$78.6	\$513.83	\$19.0	\$27.9				
Picentix   5	Jacksonville	1	446	414.11	84.1	348.40	30.6	753.61	10.0	12.3				
Washington, D.C. (CBD) (S)         5         3,238         27876         91.5         255.04         108.3         367.23         31.6           New York         3         4,299         292.59         64.9         24.42         146.9         378.33         193.           Low Angeles         4         1,776         228.49         89.1         203.54         472         300.99         6.8           San Francisco San Jose         5         2,353         233.63         61.1         189.45         55.2         257.61         11.9           San Dilego         4         4,341         299.00         82.2         196.35         141.6         358.12         26.7           Philasolephia         2         010         247.55         89.7         221.94         27.0         366.74         6.9           Seattle         2         1,315         224.35         36.1         199.47         325.5         271.92         5.7           New Orleans         1         1,333         196.96         81.0         159.65         28.4         233.90         81.1           Allors         5         1,3936         157.76         76.8         144.13         39.6         224.53	Florida Gulf Coast	3	940	263.12	75.6	198.83	31.5	368.05	6.6	9.9				
New York 3 4 259 292 59 84 9 248 2 146 9 378 93 193 193 194 106 Angeles 4 17.78 228 49 89 1 203 4 47 2 300 9 68 8 19	Phoenix	5	2,163	249.43	76.0	189.69	81.8	415.48	14.1	26.9				
List Angeles         4         1,725         228.49         89.1         203.84         47.2         300.39         6.8           Sam Fileofoco San Jose         5         2,283         235.55         81.1         169.45         55.2         257.61         11.9           Sam Dilego         4         4,341         229.00         82.2         196.35         141.6         358.12         26.7           Philosopinia         2         810         247.35         89.7         221.94         27.0         366.74         6.9           Beaten         4         3,185         269.77         87.9         237.25         593.8         323.53         26.0           Seate         2         1,315         224.33         65.1         199.47         32.5         271.52         57.           Seate         2         1,315         224.33         65.1         199.47         32.5         271.52         57.           Seate         2         1,315         224.33         65.1         199.47         32.5         271.52         57.           Allaria         5         1,926         197.76         76.8         114.13         39.6         224.53         8.0	Washington, D.C. (CBD) (2)	5	3,238	278.76	91.5	255.04	108.3	367.23	31.6	41.4				
San Piracoleo/San Joée	New York	3	4,259	292.59	84.9	248.42	146.9	378.93	19.3	30.4				
San Dilego 4 4 3,341 299.00 82 2 199.35 141.6 385.12 26.7 Philadepinia 2 810 247.35 89.7 221.94 27.0 366.74 6.9 Boston 4 3,186 269.77 87.9 237.25 93.8 332.55 26.0 Seattle 2 1,31.5 234.35 85.1 199.47 32.5 271.52 5.7 New Orleans 1 1,333 199.69 81.0 199.67 32.5 221.52 5.7 New Orleans 1 1,333 199.69 81.0 199.67 32.5 224.5 3.0 No. Non-time Wights 4 1,551 216.65 79.8 172.97 37.8 268.16 9.1 Allarta 5 1,551 216.65 79.8 172.97 37.8 268.16 9.1 Allarta 5 1,551 216.65 79.8 172.97 37.8 268.16 9.1 Allarta 2 2 84.3 147.95 79.9 118.28 13.0 199.08 2.1 Orlando 1 1,551 191.14 78.6 150.16 9.4 201.00 2.1 Allarta 2 2 84.3 147.95 79.9 118.28 13.0 199.08 2.1 Orlando 1 2.004 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 269.11 12.2 Orlando 1 2.004 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 269.11 12.2 Orlando 1 1,004 24.0 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 269.11 12.2 Orlando 1 1,716 181.69 74.6 135.49 30.2 193.31 4.1 Dehier 3 1,300 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 1 1,716 181.69 74.8 135.49 30.2 193.31 4.1 Dehier 3 1,300 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 139.68 25.7 210.99 52.0 Orlando 78.4 13.40 176.07 79.4 13.50 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.	Los Angeles	4	1,726	228.49	89.1	203.54	47.2	300.39	6.8	11.7				
Philadelphia 2 810 247.38 89.7 221.94 27.0 366.74 6.9  Boston 4 3,185 269.77 87.9 23.25 93.8 32.53 26.0  Seattle 2 1,315 234.35 85.1 199.47 32.5 27.15 5.7  New Orleans 1 1 13.33 198.93 81.0 159.65 28.4 23.39 81.1  Allatra 5 1 13.53 198.93 81.0 159.65 28.4 23.39 81.1  Allatra 6 1 1 15.1 17.76 7.76 79.8 172.97 37.8 268.16 9.1  San Antonio 1 1 5.1 191.14 78.6 150.16 9.4 201.00 2.1  Milami 2 2 843 147.95 79.9 118.28 13.0 169.08 2.1  Orlange County 3 1 11.78 180.76 80.1 144.73 24.8 23.142 5.0  Orlange County 3 1 17.76 180.76 80.1 144.73 24.8 23.142 5.0  Orlange County 1 2.004 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 298.11 12.2  Orlange 6 2.333 224.69 83.8 163.34 66.1 27.40 14.8  Other 7 3.09.4 177.6 181.69 74.6 136.49 30.2 193.31 4.1  Deterrer 3 1.340 176.07 79.4 139.85 25.7 210.69 6.2  Other 7 3.09.4 174.29 80.8 140.94 56.3 200.55 12.0  Domestic 78 4.348 237.64 82.5 196.16 1.250.1 30.984 268.3  International 5 1.4.99 158.97 69.7 110.79 23.1 169.04 4.6  All Locations - Nomingal USS 83 44.5847 \$238.46 82.14 \$193.37 \$1.272.2 \$30.54 \$272.9  Non-comparable hotels 7 4.807 — 210.2 — 33.6  Gall on sale of properly and comprate level incompetities — 165.5	San Francisco/San Jose	5	2.353	233.63	81.1	189.45	55.2	257.61	12.9	19.7				
Design	San Diego	4	4,341	239.00	82.2	196.35	141.6	358.12	26.7	46.9				
Seattle   2   1,515   224.35   68.1   199.47   32.5   271.52   3.7	Philadelphia	2	810	247.35	89.7	221.94	27.0	366.74	6.9	10.1				
New Orleans 1 1,333 196,96 81.0 159,65 28.4 233.90 8.1  Altanta 5 1,906 157.76 76.8 14.13 39.6 224.53 8.0  Nomem Virginis 4 1,551 216,65 79.8 172.97 37.8 28.81.6 9.1  San Antonio 1 1 512 191,14 78.6 150,16 9.4 20,100 2.1  Milam 2 2 84.3 147,95 79.9 116,23 13.0 169,08 2.1  Orange County 3 1,178 180,76 80.1 144,73 24.8 231,12 5.0  Orange County 3 1,178 180,76 80.1 144,73 24.8 231,12 5.0  Orange County 1 2,004 177,39 70.7 123,3 53.8 28,11 12.2  Orange County 1 1,716 181,69 70.7 123,3 53.8 28,11 12.2  Orange County 1 3 1,716 181,69 74.6 138,49 30.2 133,3 4.1  Deserve 3 3 1,340 176,07 79.4 139,86 25.7 210,69 6.2  Other 7 3,084 174,29 80.8 140,84 56.3 200,55 12.0  Domestio 78 43,48 237,64 82.5 195,16 1,250,1 39,964 263,3  International 5 1,499 158,97 69.7 110,79 23.1 169,04 4.5  All Locations - Nominal USS 83 44,847 323,64 82,14 519,37 51,272,2 335,04 327,9  Non-comparable hotels 7 4,807 — 210.2 — 33.6  Gain on sale of properly and corporate level incontemptients  - (16,5)	Boston	4	3,185	269.77	87.9	237.25	93.8	323.53	26.0	34.5				
Atlanta 5 1936 19776 76.8 144.13 99.6 224.33 8.0 Nomem Virginia 4 1551 216.65 79.8 172.97 97.8 268.16 9.1 Nomem Virginia 1 5 1914 78.6 159.16 9.4 20.10.0 2.1 Nilami 2 84.3 147.95 79.9 118.25 13.0 169.08 2.1 Orizano 3 1.178 180.76 80.1 144.73 24.8 23.14 25.0 Orizano 1 2.004 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 295.11 122 Orizano 1 2.004 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 295.11 122 Orizano 6 2.393 2.246.9 83.8 183.34 55.1 257.40 14.8 Houston 4 1.7716 1816.9 74.6 135.49 30.2 193.31 4.1 Dehver 3 1.304 176.07 79.4 136.56 25.7 210.59 5.2 Orizano 7.7 3.004 174.29 80.8 140.94 563.3 200.55 12.0 Demosti 7.8 43.94 237.64 82.5 196.16 1.250.1 309.64 268.3  International 5 1.4.99 158.97 69.7 110.79 23.1 169.0 4.5  All Locations - Nominal LUSS 63 45.847 523.66 82.15 5193.37 51.273.2 30.50 4 327.9 Non-comparable holds 7 4.607 — 210.2 — 33.5  Cash on sale of properly and corporate level more despenses — (16.5)	Seattle	2	1,315	234.35	85.1	199.47	32.5	271.52	5.7	9.7				
Allarfa 5 1,356 16776 76.8 144.13 36.6 224.53 8.0 Northern Virginia 4 1,851 216.65 79.8 172.97 37.8 268.16 9.1 San Antonio 1 512 191.14 78.6 150.16 9.4 201.00 2.1 Milami 2 84.3 147.95 79.9 1182.8 13.0 169.08 2.1 Ortage County 3 1.178 180.76 0.01 144.73 24.8 231.12 5.0 Ortage County 1 2.004 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 269.11 12.2 Ortage 6 6 2.393 224.69 83.6 189.34 56.1 257.40 14.8 0.0 Ortage 6 6 2.393 224.69 83.6 189.34 56.1 257.40 14.8 0.0 Ortage 6 6 2.393 224.69 83.6 189.34 56.1 257.40 14.8 0.0 Ortage 6 7.0 Ortage 6 8 2.0 Ortage 6 7.0	New Orleans	1	1.333	196.98	81.0	159.65	28.4	233.90	8.1	10.7				
San Antonio 1 512 19114 786 150.16 9.4 201.00 2.1  Milami 2 843 147.95 799 110.23 13.0 169.08 2.1  Orange County 3 1.173 180.76 80.1 144.73 24.8 231.12 5.0  Orango 1 2.004 177.39 707 125.33 53.8 295.11 12.2  Orango 6 6 2.393 224.69 63.8 180.34 56.1 257.40 14.8  Houston 4 177.16 181.69 74.6 135.49 30.2 139.31 4.1  Denver 3 1.340 176.07 79.4 139.83 257 210.69 5.2  Other 7 3.094 174.29 80.8 140.94 56.3 200.55 12.0  Denver 7 3.094 174.29 80.8 140.94 56.3 200.55 12.0  Denver 7 3.094 174.29 80.8 140.94 56.3 200.55 12.0  Denver 7 3.094 174.29 80.8 140.94 56.3 200.55 12.0  Denver 8 4.344.8 237.64 82.5 195.16 1.250.1 399.64 285.3  International 5 1.4.99 158.97 69.7 110.79 23.1 169.04 4.5  All Locations - Nominal USS 83 45.847 5258.66 82.1% 5193.37 51.273.2 530.64 527.2 9  Non-comparation totals 7 4.507 — 210.2 — 33.6  Cash on sale of properly and corporate level inconsequences — (16.5)	Atlanta	5		187.76	76.8					12.8				
Miami         2         843         147.96         79.9         115.23         13.0         169.08         2.1           Orange County         3         1.178         180.76         80.1         144.73         24.8         231.12         5.0           Oritago         1         2.00         177.39         70.7         125.33         53.8         298.91         122           Chicago         6         2.393         224.69         63.8         183.34         56.1         257.40         14.8           Houston         4         1,716         1816.99         74.6         135.49         30.2         193.31         4.1           Deriver         3         1,340         176.07         79.4         139.86         25.7         210.69         5.2           Other         7         3,084         174.29         80.8         140.84         56.3         200.55         12.0           Domestic         78         44.345         237.64         82.5         196.16         1,250.1         309.64         268.3           International         5         1,499         155.97         69.7         110.79         23.1         190.4         4.6           A	Northern Virginia	4	1.551	216.65	79.8	172.97	37.8	268.16	9.1	12.6				
Orange County 3 1,178 180.76 80.1 144.73 24.8 231.12 8.0 Orange County 1 2,004 177.96 70.7 125.33 53.8 295.11 12.2 Orange County 1 2,004 177.96 70.7 125.33 53.8 295.11 12.2 Orange County 1 2,004 177.96 70.7 125.33 53.8 295.11 12.2 Orange County 1 2,004 177.96 70.7 125.33 53.8 295.11 12.2 Orange County 1 2,004 18.8 183.4 56.1 257.40 14.8 Orange County 1 2,004 183.8 295.1 12.2 Orange County 1 2,004 183.8 29	San Antonio	1	512	191.14	78.6	150.16	9.4	201.00	2.1	3.1				
Orlando 1 2,004 177.39 70.7 125.33 53.8 298.11 12.2 Chicago 6 2.393 224.69 63.6 183.4 56.1 257.40 11.8 Chicago 6 2.393 224.69 63.6 183.44 56.1 257.40 11.8 Chicago 71.6 Chicag	Miami	2	843	147.95	79.9	118.28	13.0	169.08	2.1	3.6				
Chicago 6 2383 22469 83.8 168.34 86.1 257.40 11.8 houston 4 1.77.6 18169 74.6 138.49 30.2 193.31 4.1 houston 4 1.77.6 18169 74.6 138.49 30.2 193.31 4.1 houston 7 1.8 houston 7 1.8 houston 1 1.8 houst 1 1.8 houston 1 1.8 housto	Orange County	3	1,178	180.76	80.1	144.73	24.8	231.12	5.0	7.5				
Houston 4 1.716 181.69 74.6 135.49 30.2 193.31 4.1 Determer 3 1.340 176.07 79.4 138.83 25.7 210.69 5.2 Other 7 3.094 174.29 80.8 140.84 96.3 200.55 12.0 Denesto 78 44.345 237.64 82.5 196.16 1.2501 399.64 269.3 International 5 1.499 158.97 69.7 110.79 23.1 169.04 4.5 All Locations - Nominal USS 83 45.847 \$238.46 82.16 5193.37 \$1.273.2 \$305.0 \$272.9 Non-comparable hotels 7 4.507 210.2 - 33.6 Gail on sale of properly and corporate level inconnections (16.5)	Orlando	1	2.004	177.39	70.7	125.33	53.8	295.11	12.2	17.8				
Demier 3 1,340 176.07 79.4 139.88 25.7 210.69 5.2 Other 7 3,09.4 174.29 80.8 14.084 86.3 20.55 12.0 Demestic 78 44.345 237.64 82.5 196.16 1.250.1 309.64 288.3  International 5 1,499 158.97 69.7 110.79 23.1 169.04 4.6  All Locations - Nominal USS 83 45.847 203.46 82.1% 5193.37 51.273.2 \$305.04 \$27.29 Non-comparable hotels 7 4.807 — 1 210.2 — 33.6  Gain or sale of property and corporate level inconsequence — 1 (16.5)	Chicago	6	2,393	224.69	83.8	188.34	56.1	257.40	14.8	21.6				
Other 7 3,084 174.29 80.8 140.84 56.3 200.55 12.0  Domestic 7 3,084 174.29 80.8 140.84 56.3 200.55 12.0  Domestic 7 3 44.345 237.64 82.5 195.16 1.200.1 399.64 269.3  International 5 1,499 158.97 69.7 110.79 23.1 169.04 4.6  All Locations - Nominal USS 83 45.847 \$235.46 82.14 \$193.37 \$1.273.2 \$305.04 \$272.9  Non-comparable hotels 7 4,507 - 210.2 - 33.6  Gain on sale of properly and corporate level incomesterplense	Houston	4	1,716	181.69	74.6	135.49	30.2	193.31	4.1	8.9				
Domestic   78	Denver	3	1.340	176.07	79.4	139.88	25.7	210.69	5.2	9.3				
See	Other	7	3.084	174.29	80.8	140.84	56.3	200.55	12.0	17.5				
All Locations - Nominal LISS 83 45,847 \$235.46 82.1% \$193.37 \$1,273.2 \$305.04 \$277.9 \$305.04 \$277.9 \$305.04 \$277.9 \$305.04 \$277.0 \$305.04 \$277.0 \$305.04 \$307.0 \$305.0	Domestic	78	44,348	237.64	82.5	196.16	1,250.1	309.64	268.3	406.8				
All Locations - Nominal LISS 83 45,847 \$235.46 82.1% \$193.37 \$1,273.2 \$305.04 \$277.9 \$305.04 \$277.9 \$305.04 \$277.9 \$305.04 \$277.0 \$305.04 \$277.0 \$305.04 \$307.0 \$305.0	International	5	1.499	158.97	69.7	110.79	23.1	169.04	4.6	7.1				
Non-comparable hotels 7 4,807 — 210.2 — 33.6  Gain on sale of property and corporate level incompense — (16.5)	All Locations - Nominal US\$	83			82.1%				7	\$413.9				
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense — (16.5)										57.0				
100	Gain on sale of property and corporate		-,001							44.4				
	Total	90	50.654				\$1,483.4	_	\$290.0	\$515.3				

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain items from our statement of operations are not allocated to individual properties, including interest on our senior notes, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in "gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense". Refer to the table below for reconciliation of net income to EBITDA by location.

(2) CBD refers to the central business district.

### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$ Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income to Hotel EBITDA

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Quarter ended June 30, 2019											
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Hotel Net Income	Plus: Depreciation	Plus: Interest Expense	Plus: Income Tax	Equals: Hotel EBITDA					
Maul/Oahu	3	1,682	\$19.0	\$8.9	\$	5	\$27.9					
Jacksonville	1	445	10.0	2.3			12.3					
Florida Guif Coast	3	940	6.6	3.3	_	_	9.9					
Phoenix	5	2,163	14.1	12.8	_	19 <u>24</u>	26.9					
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	31.6	9.8	_	_	41.4					
New York	3	4,259	19.3	11.1	_	_	30.4					
Los Angeles	4	1,726	6.8	4.9	_	<del>-</del>	11.7					
San Francisco/San Jose	5	2,353	12.9	6.8	_	_	19.7					
San Diego	4	4,341	26.7	20.2	_	_	46.9					
Philadelphia	2	810	6.9	3.2	_	_	10.1					
Boston	4	3,185	26.0	8.5	_	_	34.5					
Seattle	2	1,315	5.7	4.0	_	_	9.7					
New Orleans	1	1,333	8.1	2.6	_	_	10.7					
Atlanta	5	1,936	8.0	4.8	_	_	12.8					
Northern Virginia	4	1,551	9.1	3.5	_	_	12.6					
San Antonio	1	512	2.1	1.0	_	_	3.1					
Miami	2	843	2.1	1.5	_	_	3.6					
Orange County	3	1,178	5.0	2.5	_	_	7.5					
Orlando	1	2,004	12.2	5.6	_	_	17.8					
Chicago	6	2,393	14.8	6.8	_	_	21.6					
Houston	4	1,716	4.1	4.8	_	_	8.9					
Denver	3	1,340	5.2	4.1	_	_	9.3					
Other		3,084	12.0	5.5		_	17.5					
Domestic	78	44,348	268.3	138.5			406.8					
International	5	1,499	4.5	2.5	_	_	7.1					
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	45,847	\$272.9	\$141.0	5—	\$	\$413.9					
Non-comparable hotels	7	4,807	33.6	23.4		_	57.0					
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense			(16.5)	1.1		16.4						
Total	90	50.654	\$290.0	\$165.5		\$16.4	\$515.3					

#### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics and per room basis)

				Quarter ended June 30, 2018										
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room	Hotel Net Income	Hotel EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>					
Maul/Oahu	3	1,682	\$342.49	91.7%	\$313.94	\$75.8	\$495.50	\$17.3	\$26.6					
Jacksonville	1	446	400.02	84.6	338.47	30.1	741.04	10.1	12.3					
Florida Gulf Coast	3	940	253.36	72.8	184.54	29.3	342.76	5.4	8.7					
Phoenix	5	2,163	239.04	74.5	177.97	76.5	387.91	11.1	24.2					
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	287.52	89.7	257.90	107.4	364.36	30.7	40.8					
New York	3	4,259	302.85	91.0	275.50	158.3	408.48	24.8	39.0					
Los Angeles	4	1,726	230.17	89.5	205.90	48.0	305.41	6.8	12.0					
San Francisco/San Jose	5	2.353	229.61	85.1	195.50	58.4	272.95	14.2	21.0					
San Diego	4	4,341	232.31	84.7	196.69	133.8	338.73	23.0	43.6					
Philadelphia	2	810	223.69	89.0	199.05	24.4	331.56	5.4	8.6					
Boston	4	3.185	262.60	89.1	233.87	91.5	315.58	23.9	33.0					
Seattle	2	1,315	253.60	88.6	224.66	36.1	301.53	8.5	12.5					
New Orleans	1	1,333	196.05	85.4	167.43	28.1	231.49	7.4	10.1					
Atlanta	5	1,936	183.48	80.1	146.93	40.0	226.88		13.4					
Northern Virginia	4	1,551	210.02	82.1	172.47	38.8	275.19	8.7	13.0					
San Antonio	1	512	198.76	76.4	151.84	9.4	201.75	1.9	3.1					
Miami	2	843	143.52	80.9	116.09	13.3	173.14	2.1	3.9					
Orange County	3	1,178	188.90	80.2	151.58	25.4	237.44	5.3	8.0					
Orlando	1	2.004	186.83	75.0	140.15	56.5	310.02	12.4	18.3					
Chicago	6	2,393	234.71	83.9	197.01	56.9	261.57	14.9	22.1					
Houston	4	1,716	178.28	74.9	133.49	30.6	195.67	3.7	8.9					
Denver	3	1,340	169.90	81.3	138.10	24.4	199.97	4.3	8.7					
Other	7	3.084	170.71	81.2	138.56	55.6	198.17	12.0	17.9					
Domestic	78	44,348	236.94	84.1	199.33	1,248.6	309.39	262.1	409.7					
International	5	1,499	164.45	66.7	109.63	23.6	173.05	4.1	6.9					
All Locations - Nominal USS	83	45.847	\$235.05	83.6%	\$196.40	\$1,272.2	\$304.93		\$416.6					
Non-comparable hotels	7	4,807	_	_	-	245.8	_		65.3					
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense		4,001				_		(94.2)	(32.5)					
Total	90	50,654		_		\$1,518.0	_	\$211.0	\$449.4					

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain items from our statement of operations are not allocated to individual properties, including interest on our senior notes, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in "gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expenses". Refer to the table below for reconciliation of net income to EBITDA by location.

### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$ Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income to Hotel EBITDA

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Quarter ended June 30, 2018											
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Hotel Net Income	Plus: Depreciation	Plus: Interest Expense	Plus: Income Tax	Equals: Hotel EBITDA					
Maul/Oahu	3	1,682	\$17.3	\$9.	\$ <b>—</b>	5	\$26.6					
Jacksonville	1	445	10.1	2.	2 _	4 <u>4</u>	12.3					
Florida Guif Coast	3	940	5.4	3.	-	_	8.7					
Phoenix	5	2,163	11.1	13.	_	19 <u>24</u>	24.2					
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	30.7	10.	-	_	40.8					
New York	3	4,259	24.8	14.	_	V <u>~</u>	39.0					
Los Angeles	4	1,726	6.8	5.	-	<del>-</del>	12.0					
San Francisco/San Jose	5	2,353	14.2	6.			21.0					
San Diego	4	4,341	23.0	20.0	-	_	43.6					
Philadelphia	2	810	5.4	3.	_	_	8.6					
Boston	4	3,185	23.9	9.	-	<del>-</del>	33.0					
Seattle	2	1,315	8.5	4.	_	_	12.5					
New Orleans	1	1,333	7.4	2.	· –	_	10.1					
Atlanta	5	1,936	8.2	5.	_	_	13.4					
Northern Virginia	4	1,551	8.7	4.		_	13.0					
San Antonio	1	512	1.9	1.3	_	_	3.1					
Miami	2	843	2.1	13	3 —	<u>-</u>	3.9					
Orange County	3	1,178	5.3	2.	_	_	8.0					
Orlando	1	2,004	12.4	5.5	-	<u>-</u>	18.3					
Chicago	6	2,393	14.9	7.	-	_	22.1					
Houston	4	1,716	3.7	5.	2 —	<u>-</u>	8.9					
Derver	3	1,340	4.3	4.	-	_	8.7					
Other	7	3,084	12.0	5.	-	_	17.9					
Domestic	78	44,348	262.1	147.			409.7					
International	5	1,499	4.1	2.	-	_	6.9					
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	45,847	\$266.2	\$150.	5—	5-	\$416.6					
Non-comparable hotels	7	4,807	39.0	24.	1.4		65.3					
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense			(94.2)	0.		17.3	(32.5					
Total	90	50.654	\$211.0	\$176.		\$17.3	5449.4					

#### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics and per room basis)

	Year-to-date ended June 30, 2019											
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room	Hotel Net Income	Hotel EBITDA (1)			
Maul/Oahu	3	1,682	\$376.50	90.9%	\$342.19	\$159.3	\$523.28	\$40.8	\$58.8			
Jacksonville	1	445	391.86	81.4	318.88	58.3	722.04	17.6	22.2			
Florida Gulf Coast	3	940	297.71	80.3	238.93	74.9	440.35	21.7	28.4			
Phoenix	5	2,163	296.68	80.1	237.53	190.5	486.65	49.8	75.9			
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	265.11	82.5	218.62	183.3	312.73	40.5	60.3			
New York	3	4,259	266.94	78.5	209.56	249.5	323.62	3.0	26.1			
Los Angeles	4	1,726	226.22	87.8	198.59	92.1	294.83	11.0	21.1			
San Francisco/San Jose	5	2,353	242.68	78.5	190.62	111.0	260.53	26.2	40.0			
San Diego	4	4,341	237.09	79.8	189.18	270.5	344.22	46.8	87.5			
Philadelphia	2	810	220.90	83.9	185.41	44.7	304.83	7.2	13.6			
Boston	4	3,185	233.09	78.2	182.20	147.6	256.05	23.5	41.0			
Seattle	2	1,315	215.31	81.3	174.95	56.6	237.90	5.5	13.6			
New Orleans	1	1,333	203.37	81.3	165.38	58.3	241.84	16.7	22.1			
Atlanta	5	1,936	206.28	77.3	159.48	85.7	244.63	20.9	30.9			
Northern Virginia	4	1,551	211.48	73.6	155.70	69.0	245.64	13.3	20.7			
San Antonio	1	512	197.50	78.7	155.38	19.8	213.22	4.9	6.9			
Miami	2	843	180.61	83.4	150.62	31.6	207.39	9.1	11.8			
Orange County	3	1,178	186.79	79.6	148.73	50.8	238.20	10.1	15.4			
Orlando	1	2,004	193.57	74.8	144.76	123.3	339.92	32.8	44.0			
Chicago	6	2,393	189.47	73.2	138.60	82.8	191.07	6.7	20.6			
Houston	4	1,716	182.15	75.2	136.92	61.1	197.16	8.4	18.1			
Denver	3	1,340	169.71	72.1	122.41	44.8	184.62	5.8	14.2			
Other	7	3,084	171.22	75.8	129.81	102.8	184.13	18.7	29.6			
Domestic	78	44,348	233.93	79.1	184.97	2,368.3	295.04	441.0	722.8			
International	5	1,499	151.58	68.7	104.09	42.1	155.00	6.1	11.2			
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	45,847	\$231.58	78.7%	\$182.33	\$2,410.4	\$290.47	\$447.1	\$734.0			
Non-comparable hotels	7	4,807	_	-	_	463.0	_	105.9	152.0			
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense						_		(74.0)	32.5			
Total	90	50.654			_	\$2.873.4		\$479.0	\$918.5			

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain items from our statement of operations are not allocated to individual properties, including interest on our senior notes, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in "gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense". Refer to the table below for reconciliation of net income to EBITDA by location.

### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$ Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income to Hotel EBITDA

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Year-to-date ended June 30, 2019										
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Hotel	Net Income	Plus: Depreciation	Plus: Interest Expense	Plus: Income Tax	Equals: Hotel EBITDA			
Maul/Oahu	3		1,682	\$40.8	\$18.0	\$ <del></del>	\$ <del></del>	\$58.8			
Jacksonville	1		446	17.6	4.6		_	22.2			
Florida Guif Coast	3		940	21.7	6.7	<del>-</del>	_	28.4			
Phoenix	5		2,163	49.8	26.1	<u>-</u> 3	_	75.9			
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5		3,238	40.5	19.8	<del></del>	_	60.3			
New York	3		4,259	3.0	23.1	<u> </u>	_	26.1			
Los Angeles	4		1,726	11.0	10.1		_	21.1			
San Francisco/San Jose	5		2,353	26.2	13.8	<u>~</u> *;	_	40.0			
San Diego	4		4,341	46.8	40.7	_	_	87.5			
Philadelphia	2		810	7.2	6.4	_	_	13.6			
Boston	4		3,185	23.5	17.5	_	_	41.0			
Seattle	2		1.315	5.5	8.1	<u>~</u> *	<u>-</u>	13.6			
New Orleans	1		1,333	16.7	5.4		_	22.1			
Atlanta	5		1,936	20.9	10.0	<u>-</u>	N <u>-1-</u> -	30.9			
Northern Virginia	4		1,551	13.3	7.4	_	_	20.7			
San Antonio	1		512	4.9	2.0	<u></u> :	<u>-</u>	6.9			
Miami	2		843	9.1	2.7	<del>-</del>	_	11.8			
Drange County	3		1,178	10.1	5.3	<u>20</u> %	12	15.4			
Orlando	1		2,004	32.8	11.2	_	_	44.0			
Chicago	6		2,393	6.7	13.9	<u></u>		20.6			
Houston	4		1,716	8.4	9.7	_	_	18.1			
Denver	3		1,340	5.8	8.4	<u>20</u> 4	_	14.2			
Other	7		3,084	18.7	10.9	_	_	29.6			
Domestic	78	4	4,348	441.0	281.8			722.8			
International	5		1.499	6.1	5.1	_	-	11.2			
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	4	5,847	\$447.1	\$286.9	5-	5—	\$734.0			
Non-comparable hotels	7		4.807	105.9	46.1	<u>-</u>	_	152.0			
Gain on sale of property and corporate level incomelexpense				(74.0)	2.6	86.4	17.5				
Total	90		0.654	\$479.0	\$335.6	586.4	\$17.5	\$918.5			

#### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics and per room basis)

	Year-to-date ended June 30, 2018											
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Average Room Rate	Average Occupancy Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available Room	Hotel Net Income	Hotel EBITDA(1)			
Maul/Oahu	3	1,682	\$369.42	91.5%	\$338.07	\$156.3	\$513.44	\$39.1	\$57.7			
Jacksonville	1	446	379.63	78.0	296.04	52.7	652.57	14.2	18.6			
Florida Guif Coast	3	940	290.69	78.7	228.71	71.0	417.34	19.4	26.0			
Phoenix	5	2,163	280.57	79.0	221.75	173.7	444.04	39.4	64.8			
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5	3,238	271.10	80.8	218.98	180.7	308.40	38.7	58.9			
New York	3	4,259	279.78	84.4	236.06	274.1	355.61	11.8	40.6			
Los Angeles	4	1,726	230.21	89.3	205.66	94.2	301.57	12.2	22.7			
San Francisco/San Jose	5	2.353	227.62	82.7	188.17	112.2	263.43	24.4	38.1			
San Diego	4	4,341	232.08	83.3	193.25	266.4	339.05	45.5	86.5			
Philadelphia	2	810	208.50	86.3	179.87	43.5	296.75	6.5	13.1			
Boston	4	3,185	227.91	79.9	182.21	145.2	251.90	20.9	38.7			
Seattle	2	1.315	229.83	81.9	188.18	60.7	254.98	9.2	17.0			
New Orleans	1	1,333	196.70	84.1	165.33	56.4	233.70	15.1	20.4			
Atlanta	5	1,936	187.72	79.4	149.03	82.0	234.06	17.0	27.7			
Northern Virginia	4	1,551	206.27	76.4	157.49	70.5	251.14	12.5	20.8			
San Antonio	1	512	202.81	77.0	156.24	19.3	208.41	4.2	6.5			
Miami	2	843	176.63	84.7	149.54	31.8	208.27	8.7	12.2			
Orange County	3	1,178	190.81	78.1	149.09	49.6	233.21	9.4	14.9			
Orlando	1	2,004	199.24	78.3	156.02	126.4	348.47	33.2	44.7			
Chicago	6	2,393	196.59	75.6	148.68	86.6	200.05	9.1	23.6			
Houston	4	1,716	178.56	75.7	135.11	62.9	202.53	9.2	19.8			
Denver	3	1.340	162.24	74.4	120.78	42.7	176.12	4.2	13.0			
Other	7	3,084	170.32	76.5	130.37	104.7	187.53	19.3	31.4			
Domestic	78	44,348	231.89	80.9	187.59	2,363.6	294.51	423.2	717.7			
International	5	1,499	158.97	64.3	102.21	43.0	158.63	5.2	10.9			
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	45,847	\$229.98	80.4%	\$184.79	\$2,406.6	\$290.07	\$428.4	\$728.6			
Non-comparable hotels	7	4.807	_	_	_	457.0	_		130.0			
Gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense		4,001				_		(44.7)	64.4			
Total	90	50.654				\$2,863.6		\$467.0	\$923.0			

<sup>(1)</sup> Certain items from our statement of operations are not allocated to individual properties, including interest on our senior notes, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in "gain on sale of property and corporate level income/expense". Refer to the table below for reconciliation of net income to EBITDA by location.

### Comparable Hotel Results by Location in Nominal US\$ Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income to Hotel EBITDA

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)

	Year-to-date ended June 30, 2018										
Location	No. of Properties	No. of Rooms	Hotel Net I	Income	Plus: Depreciation	Plus: Interest Expense	Plus: Income Tax	Equals: Hotel EBITDA			
Maul/Oahu	3		,682	\$39.1	\$18.6	\$ <del></del>	\$ <del></del>	\$57.7			
Jacksonville	1		446	14.2	4.4		_	18.6			
Florida Guif Coast	3		940	19.4	6.6	<del>-</del>	_	26.0			
Phoenix	5		2,163	39.4	25.4	<u></u> 3	_	64.8			
Washington, D.C. (CBD)	5		,238	38.7	20.2	<del></del>	_	58.9			
New York	3		,259	11.8	28.8	<u> </u>	_	40.6			
Los Angeles	4		,726	12.2	10.5	_	_	22.7			
San Francisco/San Jose	5		2,353	24.4	13.7	<u>-</u>	_	38.1			
San Diego	4		1,341	45.5	41.0	_	_	86.5			
Philadelphia	2		810	6.5	6.6	<u>20</u> 2	_	13.1			
Boston	4		3,185	20.9	17.8	_	_	38.7			
Seattle	2		,315	9.2	7.8	<u></u>	\ <u></u>	17.0			
New Orleans	1		,333	15.1	5.3		_	20.4			
Atlanta	5		,936	17.0	10.7	_	_	27.7			
Northern Virginia	4		,551	12.5	8.3	_	-	20.8			
San Antonio	1		512	4.2	2.3	<u>62</u> 8	) <u></u>	6.5			
Miami	2		843	8.7	3.5	_	_	12.2			
Drange County	3		,178	9.4	5.5	<u></u>	_	14.9			
Orlando	1		2,004	33.2	11.5	_	_	44.7			
Chicago	6		2,393	9.1	14.5	<u></u>	_	23.6			
Houston	4		,716	9.2	10.6	_	_	19.8			
Denver	3		,340	4.2	8.8	<u> </u>	_	13.0			
Other	7		3,084	19.3	12.1	_	_	31.4			
Domestic	78	4	.348	423.2	294.5			717.7			
international			,499	5.2	5.7	_	_	10.9			
All Locations - Nominal US\$	83	4	5,847	\$428.4	\$300.2	5-	5—	\$728.6			
Non-comparable hotels	7		.807	83.3	44.1	2.6	_	130.0			
Gain on sale of property and corporate level incomelexpense				(44.7)	1.8		21.0				
Total	90	5/	0.654	\$467.0	\$346.1	\$88.9	\$21.0	\$923.0			

### Top 40 Domestic Hotels by RevPAR For the Year ended December 31, 2018

	Hotel	Location		Average Room	Average Occupancy	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Total Revenues per Available	Hotel Net Income	Hofel EBITDA □
4	Fairmont Kea Lani, Maul	Vaul/Oahu Location	No. of Rooms 450	Rate 8599.46	Percentage 84.8%	8508.25	S120.8	Room 8735.38	(Loss) 825.8	HOSE ESIDA "
2	Andaz Maul at Wallea Resort R	Vaul/Oahu	301	580.51	85.1	494.08	85.3	776.69	14.6	2
3	The Ritz-Carlton, Naples	Florida Guif Coast	450	616.00	54.9	338.31	111.6	679.12	18.7	3
4	Hyatt Regency Maul Resort & Sce	Waul/Oahu	806	327.56	92.2	301.99	151.5	514.96	38.2	
5	The Ritz-Carlton, Marina del Rey	Los Angeles	304	360.20	83.6	301.04	53.4	481.01	8.2	
6	New York Marriott Marquis	New York	1,966	331.90	89.4	296.65	332.7	463.70	37.2	
7	Srand Hyatt San Francisco ≈	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	668	312.40	90.4	282.51	88.0	364.02	10.4	
	The Ritz-Cariton, Amela Island	Jacksonville	446	364.02	74.0	269.32	97.9	601.08	23.7	
9	Ban Francisco Marriott Fishermaris Wharf	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	285	282.47	92.3	260.68	32.0	307.26	5.4	
10	N Hollywood	Los Angeles	305	305.35	83.1	253.74	47.1	422.65	3.2	19
11	San Francisco Marriott Marquis	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	1,500	285.01	86.2	245.82	196.3	358.51	33.5	
12	The Phoenidan, A Luxury Collection Resort	Phoenix	645	345.15	70.3	242.79	127.3	540.65	4.9	
13	JW Marriott Washington, DC	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	777	269.23	84.9	228.51	89.6	315.96	20.1	
14	Sheraton New York Times Square Hotel	New York	1.780	264.13	85.9	226.94	205.3	315.91	(3.0)	
15	New York Marriott Downtown	New York	513	258.08	85.7	221.28	52.3	279.39	9.1	
16	Axiom Hotel	San Francisco/San Jose	152	251.97	86.9	218.84	15.2	275.17	3.6	
17	Varina del Rey Marriott	Los Angeles	370	243.03	89.4	217.35	41.7	308.60	9.4	
18	N Seattle	Seattle	424	256.50	84.3	216.31	41.3	266.77	7.8	
19	Marriott Marquis San Diego Marina	San Diego	1,360	254.86	82.5	210.16	182.9	368.51	30.4	
20	Boston Marriott Copley Place	Boston	1,144	246.20	85.3	209.89	123.2	295.13	23.4	
21	The Westin Chicago River North	Chicago	429	256.19	81.7	209.19	45.6	290.91	7.1	
22	Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Sos	San Diego	300	258.73	80.7	208.82	36.2	330.94	5.3	
23	The Ritz-Cariton, Tysons Corner	Northern Virginia	398	262.94	76.7	201.57	53.0	365.08	4.9	
24	The Don CeSer	Florida Guif Coast	347	285.69	70.3	200.90	53.5	422.70	10.8	
25	The Ritz-Cariton Golf Resort, Nagles	Florida Guif Coast	295	360.68	55.4	199.76	38.2	354.27	4.4	
26	Manchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	San Diego	1.628	240.23	82.7	198.59	205.1	345.17	42.9	
27	Embassy Suites by Hilton Chicago Downtown Magnificent Mile	Chicago	455	223.00	88.6	197.53	36.9	221.93	5.2	
28	Brand Hyatt Washington	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	897	249.93	78.6	196.34	97.6	298.10	15.0	
29	The Logan	Philadeithia	391	240.52	81.6	196.20	54.4	381.43	7.1	
30	Mashington Marriot at Metro Center	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	459	233.82	82.8	193.56	41.9	250.33	9.4	
31	The Westin Seattle	Seattle	891	232.68	83.0	193.20	87.4	268.69	15.1	
32	The Westin Georgetown, Washington D.C.	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	267	235.36	81.6	192.10	23.0	235.96	3.4	
33	Sheraton Boston Hotel	Boston	1,220	235.10	80.0	188.07	107.0	240.39	9.1	
34	Santa Clara Marrioti	San Francisco/San Jose	759	250.37	74.5	186,61	72.8	262.78	23.8	
35	Hyatt Regency Cambridge, Overlooking Boston	Boston	470	220.93	83.6	184.79	43.5	253.52	13.5	
36	The Westin Klerland Resort & Soa	Phoenix	732	247.61	73.9	182.88	115.2	431.05	26.2	
37	Hyatt Place Walkiki Beach	(laul/Oahu	426	196.09	92.7	181.70	30.7	197.67	6.0	
38	Hyatt Regency San Francisco Airport	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	789	200.65	90.1	180.74	76.5	265.79	9.3	
39	The St. Regis Houston	Houston	232	289.56	61.5	178.15	24.6	290.42	1.6	
40	Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa R	Florida Guif Coast	454	228.90	77.1	176.50	63.5	383.23	11.3	
	Total Top 40		26,485	\$280.39	82.6%	\$231.55	\$3,502.0	\$362.34	\$556.0	- 5
	Remaining 62 hotels ®		24,886	176.96	76.0%	134.55	1,896.6	208.97	304.1	
	Pro forms adjustment for three Hyatt hotel acquisition R						(65.8)		(15.2)	
	Sain on sale of procerty, solid procerty operations, and corporate level incorrelespense						191.4		306.1	

Represents 63% of our FRITDAre

The operating saults for either horise accounted in lateral 2018 are included on a por form bases, which includes operating results assuming the horisis were owned as of January 1, 2018 and based on actual results obtained from the manager for periods prior to our ownership. For these horises, since the operations includes periods prior to our ownership, the results many not necessarily consequent to our actual results.

<sup>(</sup>f) Certain items from our statement of operations are not allocated to individual properties, including interest on our senior notes, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in gain on sale of property, solid property operations and corporate level income/sequence. Refer to the

#### Top 40 Domestic Hotels by RevPAR Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income (Loss) to Hotel EBITDA and EBITDAre

				d December 31, 2018						
	Hotel	Location	No. of Rooms	Hotel Net Income (Loss)	Plus: Depredation	Plus: Interest Expense P	lus: Income Tax	Less: Gain on dispositions	Plus: Equity Investment Adjustments	Equals: Hote
1	Fairmont Kea Lani, Maui	Maul/Cahu	450		\$16.3	Ş-	§-		S- S-	. 54
2	Anglaz Maul at Wallea Resort ®	Maul/Oahu	301		8.8				i.	
3	The Ritz-Carlton, Naples	Florida Guif Coast	450	18.7	13.3					
4	Hyatt Regency Maul Resort & Spa	Maul/Cahu	806	38.2	15.1					
5	The Ritz-Cariton, Marina del Rey	Los Angeles	304	8.2	4.6					
6	New York Marriott Marouls	New York	1,966	37.2	29.3		2			
7	Grand Hyatt San Francisco R	San Francisco/San Jose	668		11.7					
8	The Ritz-Cariton, Amelia Island	Jacksonville	446		8.8				-0.00	
9	San Francisco Marriott Fishermaris Wharf	San Francisco/San Jose	285	5.4	3.9		-			
10	// Hollywood	Los Angeles	305	3.2	7.4		-			
11	San Francisco Marriott Marquis	San Francisco/San Jose	1,500	33.5	16.7	-	-			
12	The Phoenidan, A Luxury Collection Resort	Phoenix	645	4.9	29.7				-0	
13	JW Marriott Washington, DC	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	777	20.1	8.2		-			
14	Sheraton New York Times Square Hotel	New York	1.780	(3.0)	27.7					
15	New York Marriott Downtown	New York	513	9.1	4.6		-			
16	Axiom Hotel	San Francisco/San Jose	152	3.6	4.4				•0	
17	Varina del Rey Marriott	Los Angeles	370		3.3		-			
18	W Scattle	Seattle	424	7.8	5.9					
19	Varriott Marquis San Diego Marina	San Diego	1,360		33.5					
20	Boston Marriott Copley Place	Boston	1,144		11.8		¥			
21	The Westin Chicago River North	Chicago	429		6.2					
22	Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Sos	San Diego	300		6.0		-			
23	The Ritz-Cariton, Tysons Corner	Northern Virginia	398		7.0					
24	The Don CeBer	Florida Guif Coast	347		6.6					
25	The Ritz-Cariton Gof Resort, Nacies	Florida Guif Coast	295		5.3					
26	Vanchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	San Diego	1,628		29.3		·			
27	Embassy Suites by Hilton Chicago Downtown Magnificent Mile	Chicago	455		5.5					
28	Brand Hyatt Washington	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	897		15.7					
29	The Logan	Philadelpha	391		10.2					
30	Washington Marriott at Metro Center	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	459		2.6		22			
31	The Westin Seattle	Seattle	891		9.8					
32	The Westin Georgetown, Washington D.C.	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	267		3.2		10			
33	Sheraton Boston Hotel	Boston	1,220		15.2					
34	Sante Clara Marriott	San Francisco/San Jose	759		25					
35	Hyatt Regency Cambridge, Overlooking Boston	Boston	470		4.6					
36	The Westin Kierland Resort & Size	Phoenix	732		11.0		i i			
37	Hyati Place Wakiki Beach	Maul/Oahu	426		5.2				17	
38	Hyati Regency San Francisco Airport	San Francisco/San Jose	789		14.1		- 6			
39	The St. Reals Houston	Houston	232		2.8					
40	Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa R	Florida Gulf Coast	454		6.7					
40	Fotal Top 40	Fiorida dell'odas	26,485		8434.5	- S-	8-		S- S-	
	Remaining 62 hotels (1)		24,866		249.4				· .	
			24,866			- :	- :			
	Pro forms adjustment for three Hyatt hotel acquisition ©			(15.2)	(6.8)					
	Sain on sale of property, sold property operations and corporate level income! expens			306.1	266.8	176.4	149.6	(90)	2.9) 43.8	

The Westin New York Grand Central is evoluted from this total as it was sold subsequent to year end on January 9, 2019. Its operations for the year are included in sold property operations.

The operating results for the three note as acquired in Marco 2015 are included on a pro forma basis, which includes operating results assuming the hotels were owned as of January 1, 2015 and based on actual results obtained from the manager for periods prior to our ownership. For these hotels, since the operations include periods prior to our ownership, the results may not necessarily correspond to our actual results.

24

### Top 40 Domestic Hotels by RevPAR For the Year ended December 31, 2016

		A 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		Average Room	Average Occupancy		1430	Total Revenues per Available	Hotel Net Income	
	Hotel	Location	No. of Rooms	Rate	Percentage	RevPAR	Total Revenues	Room	(Loss)	Hotel EBITDA (1)
1	Fairmont Kea Lani, Maul	(laul/Oshu	450	\$552.99	86.4%	\$478.00	\$114.2	\$693.52	\$24.0	\$4
2	The Ritz-Cariton, Naples	Florida Gulf Coast	450	535.08	70.2	375.57	130.6	793.07	26.6	- 1
3	W New York - Union Square ®	New York	270	388.45	90.8	352.74	41.4	419.41	2.5	
4	New York Marriott Marquis	New York	1,966	328.59	89.7	294.62	335.3	465.96	35.5	- 1
5	The Ritz-Cariton, Marina del Rey	Los Angeles	304	344.76	77.5	267,13	49.4	444.06	5.4	33
6	Hyatt Regency Maul Resort & Spa	Vlaul/Cahu	806	286.66	91.4	261.93	133.5	452.66	31.9	
- 7	Ban Francisco Marriott Marquis	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	1,500	282.77	89.9	254.31	201.5	366.95	34.2	
8	The Westin New York Grand Central ®	New York	774	292.72	85.5	250.42	87.1	307.55	(4.8)	
9	// New York ®	New York	696	299.87	81.6	244.58	79.6	312.36	(6.7)	
10	The Ritz-Cariton, Amelia Island	Jacksonville	446	337.37	71.5	241.38	87.1	533.76	16.9	7.
11	Sheraton New York Times Square Hotel	New York	1,780	256.73	91.0	233.58	200.1	307.09	(5.5)	- 0
12	New York Marriott Downtown	New York	513	275.95	84.3	232.76	54.0	287.43	8.1	
13	JW Marriott Washington, DC	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	777	274.59	84.5	231.99	94.0	330.70	19.8	
14	Ban Francisco Marriott Fishermarks Wharf	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	285	269.10	83.8	225.58	28.0	268.28	5.3	
15	Varina del Rey Marriott	Los Angeles	370	247.51	87.1	215.66	41.6	306.99	9.6	
16	The Westin Georgetown, Washington D.C.	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	267	246.27	86.6	213.27	26.8	274.56	4.8	
17	The Westin Chicago River North	Dhicago	429	253.06	82.4	208,61	48.5	308.95	9.7	
18	The St. Regis Houston	Houston	232	299.88	67.2	201.62	26.5	312.23	2.6	
19	The Phoenidan, A Luxury Collection Resort	Phoenix	643	335.16	60.0	201.09	112.1	476.15	12.1	
20	Boston Marriott Copiey Place	Boston	1,144	241.25	82.2	198.28	118.8	283.73	20.2	
21	The Ritz-Cariton Goff Resort, Naples	Florida Guif Coast	295	312.69	62.6	195.76	37.2	344.25	4.4	
22	Manchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	San Diego	1,628	225.46	86.3	194.66	188.9	316.97	35.9	
23	Embassy Sultes by Hilton Chicago Downtown Magnificent Mile	Dhicago	455	219.80	88.5	194.62	36.0	216.38	6.4	
24	Washington Marriott at Metro Center	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	459	243.12	79.4	193.12	42.9	255.36	8.5	
25	Brand Hyatt Washington	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	897	239.83	80.3	192.54	94.3	287.27	12.3	
26	Doronado Island Marriott Resort & Spa	San Diego	300	239.76	79.8	191.41	32.6	296.76	3.0	
27	Warrlott Marquis San Diego Marina	San Diego	1,360	235.82	80.2	189.15	151.3	303.96	20.0	
28	Sheraton Boston Hotel	Boston	1,220	231.78	79.8	184.94	112.2	251.26	12.3	
29	Hyatt Place Wakiki Beach	Maul/Oahu	426	196.17	93.5	183.47	30.0	192.50	6.4	
30	Santa Clara Marriott	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	759	244.25	73.4	179.27	71.4	257.08	21.3	
31	Hyatt Regency Cambridge, Overlooking Boston	Boston	470	222.36	30.4	178.89	43.1	250.57	13.1	
32	The Whitey, A Luxury Collection Hotel, Atlanta Buckhead	Atlanta	510	243.74	72.5	176.71	55.4	296.96	7.8	
33	The Westin Seattle	Seattle	891	214.80	82.1	176.41	82.6	253.14	13.1	
34	Hyatt Regency Washington on Capitol Hill	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	838	220.86	79.4	175.41	80.3	261.71	10.5	
35	The Ritz-Cariton, Tysons Corner	Northern Virginia	398	254.20	68.7	174.54	47.6	326.93	2.5	
36	The Westin Klerland Resort & Soa	Phoenix	732	237.37	72.8	172.72	108.7	405.78	22.2	
37	N Seattle	Seattle	424	237.42	71.5	169.79	34.0	218.89	4.5	
38	Axiom Hotel	Ban Francisco/Ban Jose	152	236.22	70.3	166.05	11.4	166.72	1.5	
39	Philadeighia Airport Marriott	Philadelphia	419	185.65	84.3	156.52	33.3	217.43	6.5	
40	The Westin Derver Downtown	Denver	430	194.96	79.9	155.85	33.5	212.79	5.3	
	Total Top 40		27,165	\$268.71	82.1%	\$220.73	\$3,336.8	335.63	\$469.7	3:
	Remaining 68 hotels		27,001	174.51	72.9%	127.22	2,010.7	203.37	283.4	-
	Bain on sale of procenty, solid procenty operations, and corporate level imported	pense	10000				82.5		17.9	
	Total		54,166				85,430.0		\$771.0	\$1.

\*Represents 61% of our EBITDAre.

(2) W New York - Union Square, W New York, and the Westin New York Grand Central were sold during 2018 and 2019.

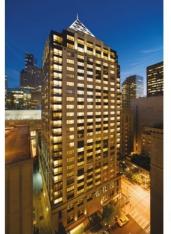
<sup>(</sup>f) Certain literals from our statement of operations are not allocated to including inposents, including interest on our seal or mode, corporate and other expenses, and the provision for income taxes. These items are reflected below in 'gain on sale of property, solid property operations and corporate level income/expenses.' Refer to the taxis hashing for from the foreign formation of the income income for all process formation of the income income for all process formation of the income income formation of the income income for all process formation.' The total processes that the first fill design is a final process. The sale is a final processes.' The first fill processes that the fill of the income income formation is a final process. The sale is a final process from the first fill process. The sale is a final process from the fill process from the fill of the process from the fill pro

#### Top 40 Domestic Hotels by RevPAR Reconciliation of Hotel Net Income (Loss) to Hotel EBITDA and EBITDAre

	Hotel	Location	No. of Rooms	Hotel Net Income (Loss)	Plus: Depredation	Plus: Interest Expense	Plus: Income Tax	Less: Gain on dispositions	Plus: Equity Investment Adjustments	Equals: Hotel EBITDA
1	Fairmont Kea Lani, Maui	Maul/Oahu	450	\$24.0	\$16.6	5-	§-		S- S-	54
2	The Ritz-Cariton, Naples	Florida Guif Coast	450	26.6	13.9					4
3	W New York - Union Square (1)	New York	270	2.5	5.9					
4	New York Marriott Marquis	New York	1,966	35.5	37.4					
5	The Ritz-Cariton, Marina del Rey	Los Angeles	304	5.4	4.7					
6	Hyatt Regency Maul Resort & Sos	Maul/Oahu	806	31.9	129		-			
7	San Francisco Marriott Marquis	San Francisco/San Jose	1,500	34.2	19.5					
8	The Westin New York Grand Certral 10	New York	774	(4.8)	18.6					
9	W New York 10	New York	696	(6.7)	11.5					
10	The Ritz-Cariton, Amelia Island	Jacksonville	446	16.9	9.8					
11	Sheraton New York Times Square Hotel	New York	1,780	(5.5)	32.9					
12	New York Marriott Downtown	New York	513	8.1	6.4					
13	JW Marriott Washington, DC	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	777	19.8	9.5					
14	San Francisco Marriott Fishermarts Wharf	San Francisco/San Jose	285	5.3	2.1					
15	Varina del Rey Marriott	Los Angeles	370	9.6	3.2					
16	The Westin Georgetown, Washington D.C.	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	267	4.8	3.9					
17	The Westin Chicago River North	Chicago	429	9.7	6.5					
18	The St. Regis Houston	Houston	232	2.6	3.5		9			
19	The Phoenidan, Alburry Collection Resort	Phoenix	643		17.2					
20	Boston Marriott Copley Place	Boston	1,144		12.8					
21	The Ritz-Cariton Gof Resot, Nagles	Florida Guif Coast	295		4.5				2	
22	Vanchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	San Diego	1,628		31.3					
23	Embassy Sultes by Hilton Chizago Downtown Magnificent Mile	Chicago	455		5.9					
24	Washington Marriott at Metro Center	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	459	8.5	3.4		-			
25	Grand Hyatt Washington	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	897		15.1					
26	Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Sos	San Diego	300		6.3					
27	Varriott Marquis San Dègo Marina	San Diego	1,360		27.1					
28	Sheraton Boston Hotel	Boston	1,220	12.3	15.6					
29	Hyatt Place Wakiki Beach	Maul/Cahu	426	6.4	5.4					
30	Banta Clara Marriott	San Francisco/San Jose	759		4.1					
31	Hyatt Regency Cambridge, Overlooking Boston	Boston	470		4.3					
32	The Whitey, A Luxury Collection Hotel, Atlanta Buckhead	Atlanta	510		6.5					
33	The Westin Seattle	Seattle	891	13.1	10.5					
34	Hyatt Regency Washington on Capitol Hill	Washington, D.C. (CBD)	838		10.9					
35	The Ritz-Cariton, Tysons Corner	Northern Virginia	398		6.0					
36	The Westin Kierland Resort & Sos	Phoenix	732		11.2					
37	N Seattle	Seattle	424		5.8					
38	Axiom Hotel	San Francisco/San Jose	152		4.0					
39	Philadeithia Arpot Marriott	Philadelphia	419		3.5					
40	The Westin Derver Downtown	Denver	430		5.0					
**	Fotal Top 40	BUTTO .	27,165		8435.2	5-	5-		S- S-	- 8
	Remaining 68 hotels a		27,001	283.4	279.7	10.0			Ĭ. Ĭ.	
			27,001							
	Balin on sale of property, solid property operations, and corporate level income/expense			17.9	8.8	144.1	40.1	(249	(9) 44.4	

<sup>(1)</sup> W New York - Union Square, W New York, and the Westin New York Grand Central were sold during 2018 and 201









#### **Comparative Capitalization**

Shares/Units	As of June 30, 2019	As of March 31, 2019	As of December 31, 2018	As of September 30, 2018	As of June 30, 2018
Common shares outstanding	730.0	740.9	740.4	740.0	739.8
Common shares outstanding assuming conversion of OP Units (1)	737.8	748.6	748.1	748.1	748.0
Preferred OP Units outstanding	.01	.01	.02	.02	.02
Security pricing					
Common stock at end of quarter ©	\$18.22	\$18.90	\$16.67	\$21.10	\$21.07
High during quarter	19.88	20.14	20.97	21.94	22.25
Low during quarter	17.80	16.35	15.94	20.10	18.24
Capitalization					
Market value of common equity (3)	\$13,443	\$14.149	\$12,471	\$15,785	\$15,760
Consolidated debt	3.864	3,862	3,837	4.079	4,228
Less: Cash	(1,107)	(1,082)	(1,542)	(1,269)	(646)
Consolidated total capitalization	16.200	16,929	14,766	18,595	19,342
Plus: Share of debt in unconsolidated investments	147	148	150	456	458
Pro rata total capitalization	\$16,347	\$17,077	\$14,916	\$19,051	\$19,800
	Quarter ended June 30,	Quarter ended March 31,	Quarter ended December 31,	Quarter ended September 30,	Quarter ended June 30,
	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018
Dividends declared per common share	\$0.20	\$0.20	\$0.25	\$0.20	\$0.20

Dividends declared per common share

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#### **Consolidated Debt Summary**

Debt						
Senior debt	Rate	Maturity date	Jun	e 30, 2019	Dece	mber 31, 2018
Series Z	6%	10/2021	S	\$299	S	299
Series B	51/4%	3/2022		348		348
Series C	4 1/4%	3/2023		448		447
Series D	3¾%	10/2023		398		398
Series E	4%	6/2025		497		497
Series F	41/2%	2/2026		397		397
Series G	3 ⅓%	4/2024		396		396
2017 Credit facility term loan (1)	3.5%	5/2021		499		499
2015 Credit facility term loan (1)	3.5%	9/2020		499		499
Credit facility revolver (1)(2)	3.0%	5/2021		54		51
			-	3,835		3,831
Other debt						
Other debt	5.0% - 8.8%	12/2020 - 02/2024		29		6
Total debt(3)(4)			S	3,864	\$	3,837
Percentage of fixed rate debt				73%		73%
Weighted average interest rate				4.3%		4.4%
Weighted average debt maturity				3.7 years		4.2 years
Credit Facility						
Total capacity (1)			S	1,000		
Available capacity				943		
Assets encumbered by mortgage debt				<u></u>		

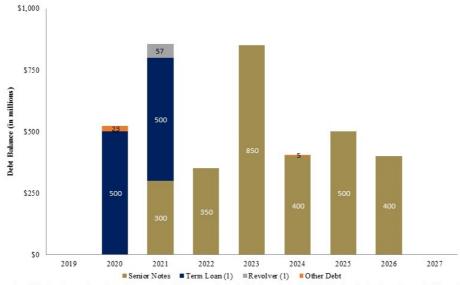
Subsequent to quarter end, the term loans and revolver under our credit facility were amended, increasing the total capacity of the revolver to \$1.5 billion and extending the maturities of the revolver and term loans to 2025, including all extension options, subject to meeting certain conditions.

(2) The interest rate shown is the weighted average rate of the outstanding credit facility borrowings at June 30, 2019.

(3) In accordance with GAAP, total debt includes the debt of entities that we consolidate, but of which we do not own 100%, and excludes the debt of entities that we do not consolidate, but of which we have a non-controlling ownership interest and record our investment therein under the equity method of accounting. As of June 30, 2019, our share of debt in unconsolidated investments is \$147 million and none of our debt is attributable to non-controlling interests.

(4) Total debt as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 includes net discounts and deferred financing costs of \$21 million and \$24 million, respectively.

#### Consolidated Debt Maturity as of June 30, 2019



(1) Subsequent to quarter end, the term loans and revolver under our credit facility were amended, extending the maturities to 2025, including all extension options, subject to meeting certain conditions.

#### Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following table presents the calculation of Host's leverage ratio using GAAP

	GAAP Leverage Ratio
	June 30, 2019
Debt	\$3,864
Net income - trailing twelve months	1,163
GAAP Leverage Ratio	3.3x

The following table presents the calculation of Host's leverage ratio as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility:

	Leverage Ratio per Credit Facility
	June 30, 2019
Net debt (1)	\$2,859
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA – trailing twelve months (2)	1,557
Leverage Ratio	1.8x

(1) The following presents the reconciliation of debt to net debt per our credit facility definition:

	June 30, 2019
Debt	\$3,864
Less: Unrestricted cash over \$100 million	(1,005)
Net debt per credit facility definition	\$2,859

(2) The following presents the reconciliation of net income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and EBITDA per our credit facility definition in determining leverage ratio:

	Trailing twelve months June 30, 2019
Net income	\$1,163
Interest expense	173
Depreciation and amortization	674
Income taxes	147
EBITDA	2,157
Gain on dispositions	(843)
Non-cash impairment expense	239
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(20)
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments	50
EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre	1,583
Pro forma EBITDA – Acquisitions	25
Pro forma EBITDA - Dispositions	(40)
Restricted stock expense and other non-cash items	14
Non-cash partnership adjustments	(25)
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$1,557

#### Reconciliation of GAAP Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following tables present the calculation of our fixed charge coverage ratio using GAAP measures and as used in the financial covenants of the credit facility.

	GAAP Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio		Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio
	Trailing twelve months June 30, 2019		Trailing twelve months June 30, 2019
Net income	\$1,163	Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA(1)	\$1,284
Interest expense	173	Fixed Charges <sup>(2)</sup>	196
GAAP Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	6.7x	Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	6.6x

(1) The following reconciles Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA. See Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio for calculation and reconciliation of Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA.

	Trailing twelve months June 30, 2019
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA	\$1,557
Less: 5% of Hotel Property Gross Revenue	(273)
Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio EBITDA	\$1,284
(2) The following table reconciles GAAP interest expense to interest expense per our credit facility definition to fixed charges:	
	Trailing twelve months June 30, 2019
GAAP Interest expense	\$173
Deferred financing cost amortization	(6)

 Deferred financing cost amortization
 (6)

 Capitalized interest
 3

 Accretion expense
 (1)

 Pro forma interest adjustments
 (2)

 Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense
 167

 Cash taxes on ordinary income
 29

 Fixed Charges
 \$196

#### Reconciliation of GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio to EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio

(unaudited, in millions, except ratios)

The following tables present the calculation of our interest coverage ratio using GAAP measures and as used in the senior notes indenture covenants:

	GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio
	Trailing twelve months June 30, 2019
Net income	\$1,163
Interest expense	173
GAAP Interest Coverage Ratio	6.7x
	EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio
	Trailing twelve months June 30, 2019
Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA (1)	\$1,557
Non-controlling interest adjustment	2
Adjusted Senior Notes EBITDA	\$1,559
Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense (2)	\$167
EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio	9.3x

<sup>(1)</sup> See Reconciliation of GAAP Leverage Ratio to Credit Facility Leverage Ratio for the calculation of Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA and reconciliation to net income.
(2) See Reconciliation of GAAP Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio to Credit Facility Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio for the calculation of Adjusted Credit Facility interest expense and reconciliation to GAAP interest expense. This same measure is used for our senior notes.

#### Ground Lease Summary as of June 30, 2019

		As of June 30, 2019				
	Hotel	No. of rooms	LessorInstitution Type	Minimum rent_	Currentexpiration	Expiration after all potential options <sup>(1)</sup>
1	Atlanta Marriott Midtown Suites(5)	254	Private	743,092	1/3/2025	1/3/210
2	Boston Marriott Copley Place	1,144	Public	N/A ©	12/13/2077	12/13/2077
3	Coronado Island Marriott Resort & Spa	300	Public	1,378,850	10/31/2062	10/31/2078
4	Denver Marriott West	305	Private	160,000	12/28/2028	12/28/2058
5	Houston Airport Marriott at George Bush Intercontinental	573	Public	1,560,000	10/31/2053	10/31/2053
6	Houston Marriott Medical Center	395	Non-Profit	160,000	12/28/2019	12/28/2059
7	Manchester Grand Hyatt San Diego	1,628	Public	6,600,000	5/31/2067	5/31/2083
8	Marina del Rey Marriott	370	Public	1,777,140	3/31/2043	3/31/2043
9	Marriott Marquis San Diego Marina	1,360	Public	7,650,541	11/30/2061	11/30/2083
10	Newark Liberty International Airport Marriott	591	Public	2,476,119	12/31/2055	12/31/2055
11	Philadelphia Airport Marriott	419	Public	1,206,786	6/29/2045	6/29/2045
12	San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter	1,001	Private	700,000	12/31/2033	12/31/2063
13	San Francisco Marriott Marquis	1,500	Public	1,500,000	8/25/2046	8/25/2076
14	San Ramon Marriott	368	Private	482,144	5/29/2034	5/29/2064
15	Santa Clara Marriott	759	Private	90,932	11/30/2028	11/30/2058
16	Sheraton San Diego Hotel & Marina	1,053	Public	2,195,987	10/31/2078	10/31/2078
17	Tampa Airport Marriott	298	Public	1,497,946	12/31/2033	12/31/2033
18	The Ritz-Carlton, Marina del Rey	304	Public	1,453,104	7/29/2067	7/29/2067
19	The Ritz-Carlton, Tysons Corner	398	Private	992,722	6/30/2112	6/30/2112
20	The Westin Cincinnati	456	Public	100,000	6/30/2045	6/30/2075 (3
21	The Westin Los Angeles Airport	747	Private	1,225,050	1/31/2054	1/31/2074 (4
22	The Westin South Coast Plaza, Costa Mesa	393	Private	178,160	9/30/2025	9/30/2025
23	Toronto Marriott Downtown Eaton Centre Hotel	461	Non-Profit	396,863	9/20/2082	9/20/2082
24	W Hollywood	305	Public	366,579	3/28/2106	3/28/2106
	Weighted average remaining lease term (assuming all extension options)(5)		55 years			
	Percentage of leases (based on room count) with Public/Private/Non-Profit le	ssors	67%/27%/6%			

Host Hotels & Resorts

Electise of Hosts option to elend its subject to certain continuous interest particular interest and in the subject to certain continuous, including the existence of no dealulus and subject to any applicable rent escalation or rent re-negotistion provisions. All rental payments nate been previously past and no further rental payments are required for the remainder of the lease term. No remember large laces of dearnings to indicate the continuous and positions are not any of the continuous and the continuous of the continuous and the continuous and continu

#### 2019 Property Dispositions

	Sales Price (in millions)(1)	GAAP Cap Rate(4)	Cap Rate(2)(4)	Net Income Multiple(4)	EBITDA multiple(3)(4)
2019 completed and anticipated sales	\$979	4.8%	5.7%	21.0x	15.3x

- (1) The table includes six properties that have sold as of August 5, 2019, and six properties that are under contract, subject to customary closing conditions. There can be no assurances that we will complete the
- (2)
- (3)
- transactions.
  The cap rate is calculated as the ratio between the trailing twelve month net operating income (NOI) and the sales price plus avoided capital expenditures. Avoided capital expenditures represents \$160 million of estimated capital expenditures spend requirements for the properties in excess of escrow funding over the next 10 years, discounted at 8%.
  The EBITDA multiple is calculated as the ratio between the sales price plus avoided capital expenditures over the trailing twelve-month Hotel EBITDA. Avoided capital expenditures represents \$315 million of estimated capital expenditure spend requirements for the properties including escrow funding over the next 10 years, discounted at 8%.
  Cap rates and multiples are based on the trailing twelve months from the disposition date of the hotel, or as of June 30, 2019 for hotels not yet sold. GAAP cap rate is calculated as the ratio between the trailing twelve month net income and the sales price. Net income multiple is calculated as the ratio between the sales price over the trailing twelve-month Hotelnet income. The following presents a reconciliation between the GAAP and non-GAAP measures. There was no interest expense or income tax related to these hotels for the periods presented.

	Trailing Twelve Months from Disposition Date (in millions)					
	50-3000 (00000 acces) (00000 acc	SECTION 6.00 50000	99 39	A STATE OF THE STA	Renewal & Replacement	Hotel Net Operating
	Hotel Net Income (Loss)	Plus: Depreciation	Equals	s: Hotel EBITDA	funding	Income
2019 completed and anticipated sales	\$46	5.5	\$32.4	\$78.9	\$(1	(6.3) \$62.6







36

The Company estimates its 2019 operating results as compared to the prior year will change in the following range:

	Previous Full Year 2019 Guidance	Current Full Year 2019 Guidance	the Mid-Point
Total comparable hotel RevPAR - Constant US\$ (1)	0.0% to 2.0%	(1.0)% to 0.0%	(150) bps
Total revenues under GAAP	0.1% to 2.1%	(1.5)% to (0.5)%	(210) bps
Operating profit margin under GAAP	460 bps to 550 bps	470 bps to 530 bps	(5) bps
Comparable hotel EBITDA margins (2)	(25) bps to 35 bps	(25) bps to 25 bps	(5) bps

<sup>(1)</sup> Forecast comparable hotel results include 74 hotels that are assumed will be classified as comparable as of December 31, 2019. See the 2019 Forecast Schedules for a listing of hotels excluded from the full year 2019 comparable hotel set.
(2) At the 0.0% high end of the RevPAR guidance, the improvement in comparable hotel EBITDA margin is 50 basis points higher compared to the previous guidance.

Based upon the above parameters, the Company estimates its 2019 guidance as follows:

	Previous Full Year 2019 Guidance	Current Full Year 2019 Guidance	Change in Full Year 2019 Guidance to the Mid-Point
Net income (in millions)	\$619 to \$683	\$956 to \$993	\$323.5
Adjusted EBITDAre (in millions)	\$1,535 to \$1,600	\$1,500 to \$1,540	\$(47.5)
Diluted earnings per common share	\$.82 to \$.91	\$1.28 to \$1.33	\$.44
NAREIT FFO per diluted share	\$1.76 to \$1.84	\$1.73 to \$1.78	\$(.05)
Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$1.76 to \$1.84	\$1.73 to \$1.78	\$(.05)

See the 2019 Forecast Schedules and the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information for other assumptions used in the forecasts and items that may affect forecast results.

#### Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, and Adjusted EBITDAre and Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share for 2019 Forecasts<sup>(1)</sup>

(unaudited, in millions, except per share amounts)	Full Yea	ar 2019
	Low-end	High-end
	ofrange	ofrange
Netincome	\$956	\$993
Interest expense	175	175
Depreciation and amortization	671	671
Income taxes	28	31
EBITDA	1,830	1,870
Gain on dispositions	(346)	(346)
Equity investment adjustments:		
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(10)	(10)
Pro rata EBITDAre of equity investments	26	26
EBITDA <i>r</i> e	1,500	1,540
Adjusted EBITDAre	\$1,500	\$1,540
	Full Yea	ar 2019
	Low-end	High-end
	ofrange	ofrange
Net income	\$956	\$993
Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(13)	(13)
Net income attributable to HostInc.	943	980
Adjustments:		
Gain on dispositions	(346)	(346)
Depreciation and amortization	667	667
Equity investment adjustments:		
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(10)	(10)
Pro rata FFO of equity investments	18	18
Consolidated partnership adjustments:		
FFO adjustment for non-controlling interests of Host LP	(3)	(3)
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	1,269	1,306
Weighted average diluted shares - EPS, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO	735.0	735.0
Diluted earnings per common share	\$1.28	\$1.33
NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share	\$1.73	\$1.78
	91.75	\$1.70

- (1) The forecasts are based on the below assumptions:

   Total comparable hotel RevPAR in constant US\$ will decrease 1.0% to 0.0% for the low and high end of the forecast range, which excludes the effect of changes in foreign currency. However, the effect of estimated changes in foreign currency has been reflected in the forecast of net income, EBITDA,
  - earnings per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share.
     Comparable hotel EBITDA margins will decrease 25 basis points or increase 25 basis points for the low and high ends of the forecasted RevPAR range, respectively.
  - We expect to spend approximately \$315 million to \$345 million on ROI capital expenditures and approximately \$235 million to \$265 million on renewal and replacement capital expenditures.
  - The above forecast assumes the sale of six additional properties. The transactions are subject to customary closing conditions which may not be satisfied and there can be no assurances that we will be able to complete

the transactions at the prices assumed in the forecast.

For a discussion of additional items that may affect forecasted results, see the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information.

38

#### Schedule of Comparable Hotel Results for 2019 Forecasts(1)

(unaudited, in millions, except hotel statistics)	Full Year	Full Year 2019		
	Low-end of range	High-end of range		
Operating profit margin (2)	14.3%	14.9%		
Comparable hotel EBITDA margin (4)	28.75%	29.25%		
Net Income	\$956	\$993		
Depreciation and amortization	671	671		
Interest expense	175	175		
Provision for income taxes	28	31		
Corporate level Income/expense	(266)	(266)		
Non-comparable hotel results, net (4)	(271)	(276)		
Comparable hotel EBITDA	\$1.293	\$1,328		

	16	Low-end of range			
		Adjus	ments		
	GAAP Results	Non-comparable hotel results, net(4)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results	
Revenues		11-			
Rooms	\$3,431	\$(587)	_	\$2,844	
Food and beverage	1,628	(265)	_	1,363	
Other	382	(92)		290	
Total revenues	5,441	(944)		4,497	
Expenses	-				
Hotel expenses	3,877	(673)	_	3,204	
Depreciation	671	_	(671)	_	
Corporate and other expenses	115	_	(115)	10 <u>-</u>	
Total expenses	4,663	(673)	(786)	3,204	
Operating Profit - Comparable Hotel EBITDA	\$778	\$(271)	\$786	\$1,293	

	High-end of range			
		Adjust	ments	
	GAAP Results	Non-comparable hotel results, net(4)	Depreciation and corporate level items	Comparable Hotel Results
Revenues	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Rooms	\$3,466	\$(594)	_	\$2,872
Food and beverage	1,644	(267)		1,377
Other	385	(93)		292
Total revenues	5,495	(954)	_	4,541
Expenses	44			
Hotel expenses	3,891	(678)	_	3,213
Depreciation and amortization	671	_	(671)	_
Corporate and other expenses	115	_	(115)	
Total expenses	4,677	(678)	(786)	3,213
Operating Profit - Comparable Hotel EBITDA	\$818	\$(276).	\$786	\$1,328

(1) Forecast comparable hotel results include 74 hotels (of our 90 hotels owned at June 30, 2019) that we have assumed will be classified as comparable as of December 31, 2019. See "Comparable Hotel Operating Statistics" in the Notes to Supplemental Financial Information. No assurances can be made as to the hotels that will be in the comparable hotel set for 2019. Also, see the notes to the "Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA, EBITDAre, and Adjusted EBITDAre and Diluted Earnings per Common Share to NAREIT and Adjusted Funds From Operations per Diluted Share for 2019 Forecasts" for other forecast assumptions and further discussion of transactions affecting our comparable hotel set.

(2) Operating profit margin under GAAP is calculated as the operating profit divided by the forecast total revenues per the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

(3) Comparable hotel EBITDA margin is calculated as the comparable hotel EBITDA divided by the comparable hotel aresults, net, includes the following items: (i) the results of operations of our non-comparable hotel are and sold hotels, which operations are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as continuing operations, (ii) gains on insurance settlements and business interruption proceeds, and (iii) the results of our office spaces and other non-hotel income. The following hotels are expected to be non-comparable for full-year forecast:

Acquisitions:
Andaz Maui at Wallea Resort (acquired in March 2018)
Grand Hyatt San Francisco (acquired in March 2018)
Hyatt Regency Coconut Foint Resort and Spa (acquired in March 2018)
1 Hotel South Beach (acquired in February 2019)

Renovations:
The Ritz-Cartion, Naples (business disruption beginning in the second quarter of 2018)
San Francisco Marriott Marquis (business disruption beginning in the third quarter of 2018)
San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter (business disruption beginning in the second quarter of 2019)
Minneapolis Marriott City Center (business disruption in 2019)

Minneapolis Marriott City Center (business disruption in 2019)

Dispositions or properties under contract (includes forecast or actual results from January 1, 2019 through the anticipated or actual sale date);
The Westin New York Grand Central (sold January 9, 2019)
The Westin Mission Hills Golf Resort & Spa (sold April 2, 2019)
Washington Dulles Airport Marriott (sold June 7, 2019)
Washington Dulles Airport Marriott (sold June 7, 2019)
Courtyard Chicago Downtown/River North (sold July 1, 2019)
Residence In Arington Perlapon City (sold July 1, 2019)
Scottsdale Marriott Suites Old Town (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
Scottsdale Marriott at McDouell Mountains (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
Costa Mesa Marriott (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
Atlanta Marriot Suites Mictions (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
The Westin Indianapolis (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)
Chicago Marriott Suites O'Hare (expected to close in the third quarter 2019)









40

#### **FORECASTS**

Our forecast of earnings per diluted share, NAREIT and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NOI and comparable hotel results are forward-looking statements and are not guarantees of future performance and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results and performance to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forecasts. Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forecasts are based upon reasonable assumptions, we can give no assurance that the expectations will be attained or that the results will not be materially different. Risks that may affect these assumptions and forecasts include the following: potential changes in overall economic outlook make it inherently difficult to forecast the level of RevPAR and margin growth, the amount and timing of acquisitions and dispositions of hotel properties is an estimate that can substantially affect financial results, including such items as net income, depreciation and gains on dispositions; the level of capital expenditures may change significantly, which will directly affect the level of depreciation expense and net income; the amount and timing of debt payments may change significantly based on market conditions, which will directly affect the level of interest expense and net income; the amount and timing of shorts of our common stock may change based on market conditions; and other risks and uncertainties associated with our business described herein and in our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC.

#### COMPARABLE HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS

To facilitate a quarter-to-quarter comparison of our operations, we present certain operating statistics (i.e., Total RevPAR, RevPAR, average daily rate and average occupancy) and operating results (revenues, expenses, hotel EBITDA and associated margins) for the periods included in this presentation on a comparable hotel basis in order to enable our investors to better evaluate our operating performance..

Because these statistics and operating results relate only to our hotel properties, they exclude results for our non-hotel properties and other real estate investments. We define our comparable hotels as properties:

- (i) that are owned or leased by us and the operations of which are included in our consolidated results for the entirety of the reporting periods being compared; and
- (ii) that have not sustained substantial property damage or business interruption, or undergone large-scale capital projects (as further defined below) during the reporting periods being compared.

The hotel business is capital-intensive and renovations are a regular part of the business. Generally, hotels under renovation remain comparable hotels. A large scale capital project that would cause a hotel to be excluded from our comparable hotel set is an extensive renovation of several core aspects of the hotel, such as rooms, meeting space, lobby, bars, restaurants and other public spaces. Both quantitative and qualitative factors are taken into consideration in determining if the renovation would cause a hotel to be removed from the comparable hotel set, including unusual or exceptional circumstances such as: a reduction or increase in room count, rebranding, a significant alteration of the business operations, or the closing of the hotel during the renovation.

We do not include an acquired hotel in our comparable hotel set until the operating results for that hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year. For example, we acquired the 1 Hotel South Beach in February 2019. The hotel will not be included in our comparable hotels until January 1, 2021. Hotels that we sell are excluded from the comparable hotel set once the transaction has closed. Similarly, hotels are excluded from our comparable hotel set from the date that they sustain substantial property damage or business interruption or commence a large-scale capital project. In each case, these hotels are returned to the comparable hotel set when the operations of the hotel have been included in our consolidated results for one full calendar year after completion of the repair of the property damage or cessation of the business interruption, or the completion of large-scale capital projects, as applicable.

#### COMPARABLE HOTEL OPERATING STATISTICS (CONTINUED)

Of the 90 hotels that we owned on June 30, 2019, 83 have been classified as comparable hotels. The operating results of the following hotels that we owned as of June 30, 2019 are excluded from comparable hotel results for these periods:

- · Andaz Maui at Wailea Resort (acquired in March 2018)
- · Grand Hyatt San Francisco (acquired in March 2018);
- · Hyatt Regency Coconut Point Resort and Spa (acquired in March 2018);
- 1 Hotel South Beach (acquired in February 2019);
- The Ritz-Carlton, Naples, removed in the second quarter of 2018 (business disruption due to extensive renovations including restoration of the façade that required closure of
  the hotel for over two months, coordinated with renovation and expansion of restaurant areas and renovation to the spa and ballrooms);
- San Francisco Marriott Marquis, removed in the third quarter of 2018 (business disruption due to renovations of guestrooms, ballrooms, meeting space, and extensive renovations of the main lobby); and
- San Antonio Marriott Rivercenter, removed in the second quarter of 2019 (business disruption due to renovations of guestrooms, conversion of public areas into meeting space, and an extensive repositioning of the lobby area).

The operating results of eight hotels disposed of in 2019 and 2018 are not included in comparable hotel results for the periods presented herein.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Included in this supplemental information are certain "non-GAAP financial measures," which are measures of our historical or future financial performance that are not calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, within the meaning of applicable SEC rules. They are as follows: (i) FFO and FFO per diluted share (both NAREIT and Adjusted), (ii) EBITDA, (iii) EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre, (iv) NOI, (v) Comparable Hotel Property Level Operating Results, (vi) Credit Facility Leverage and Fixed Charge Coverage Ratios and (vii) Senior Notes EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio. The following discussion defines these measures and presents why we believe they are useful supplemental measures of our performance.

NAREIT FFO AND NAREIT FFO PER DILUTED SHARE

We present NAREIT FFO and NAREIT FFO per diluted share as non-GAAP measures of our performance in addition to our earnings per share (calculated in accordance with GAAP). We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share as our NAREIT FFO (defined as set forth below) for a given operating period, as adjusted for the effect of dilutive securities, divided by the number of fully diluted shares outstanding during such period, in accordance with NAREIT guidelines. Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted NAREIT's definition of FFO included in NAREIT's Funds From Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement. The adoption did not result in a change in the way we calculate NAREIT FFO. NAREIT defines FFO as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains and losses from the sale of certain real estate assets, gains and losses from change in control, impairment write-downs of certain real estate assets and investments and adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated affiliates.

Adjustments for consolidated partially-owned entities and unconsolidated affiliates are calculated to reflect our pro rata share of the FFO of those entities on the same basis.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

We believe that NAREIT FFO per diluted share is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance and that the presentation of NAREIT FFO per diluted share, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share, provides beneficial information to investors. By excluding the effect of real estate depreciation, amortization, impairments and gains and losses from sales of depreciable real estate, all of which are based on historical cost accounting and which may be of lesser significance in evaluating curren performance, we believe that such measures can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and with other REITs, even though NAREIT FFO per diluted share does not represent an amount that accrues directly to holders of our common stock. Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. As noted by NAREIT in its Fom Operations White Paper – 2018 Restatement, the primary purpose for including FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance of a REIT is to address the artificial nature of historical cost depreciation and amortization of real estate and real estate-related assets mandated by GAAP. For these reasons, NAREIT adopted the FFO metric in order to promote a uniform industry-wide measure of REIT operating performance.

#### Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share

We also present Adjusted FFO per diluted share when evaluating our performance because management believes that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. Management historically has made the adjustments detailed below in evaluating our performance, in our annual budget process and for our compensation programs. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted FFO per diluted share, when combined with both the primary GAAP presentation of earnings per share and FFO per diluted share as defined by NAREIT, provides useful supplemental information that is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. We adjust NAREIT FFO per diluted share for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted FFO per diluted share:

- Gains and Losses on the Extinguishment of Debt We exclude the effect of finance charges and premiums associated with the extinguishment of debt, including the acceleration of the write-off of deferred financing costs associated with the original issuance of the debt being redeemed or retired and incremental interest expense incurred during the refinancing period. We also exclude the gains on debt repurchases and the original issuance costs associated with the retirement of preferred stock. We believe that these items are not reflective of our ongoing finance costs.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance

In unusual circumstances, we may also adjust NAREIT FFO for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. For example, in 2017, as a result of the reduction of corporate income tax rates from 35% to 21% caused by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, we remeasured our domestic deferred tax assets as of December 31, 2017 and recorded a one-time adjustment to reduce the deferred tax assets and increase the provision for income taxes by approximately \$11 million. We do not consider this adjustment to be reflective of our on-going operating performance and therefore excluded this item from Adjusted FFO.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

#### EBITDA and NOI

Earnings before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization ("EBITDA") is a commonly used measure of performance in many industries. Management believes EBITDA provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations because it helps us and our investors evaluate the engoing operating performance of our properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense) and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Management also believes the use of EBITDA facilitates companisons between us and other lodging REITs, hotel owners that are not REITs and other capital-intensive companies. Management uses EBITDA to evaluate property-level results and EBITDA multiples (calculated as sales price divided by EBITDA) as one measure in determining the value of acquisitions and dispositions. Like FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDA it is widely used by management in the annual budget process and for our compensation programs. Management also uses NOI when calculating capitalization rates (Cap Rates) to evaluate acquisitions and dispositions. For a specific hotel, NOI is calculated as the hotel or entity level EBITDA less an estimate for the annual contractual reserve requirements for renewal and replacement expenditures. Cap Rates are calculated as NOI divided by sales price. Management believes using Cap Rates allows for a consistent valuation method in comparing the purchase or sale value of properties.

#### EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre

We present EBITDAre in accordance with NAREIT guidelines, as defined in its September 2017 white paper "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate," to provide an additional performance measure to facilitate the evaluation and comparison of the Company's results with other REITs. NAREIT defines EBITDAre as net income (calculated in accordance with GAAP) excluding interest expense, income tax, depreciation and amortization, gains or losses on disposition of depreciated property (including gains or losses on change of control), impairment write-downs of depreciated property and investments in unconsolidated affiliates caused by a decrease in value of depreciated property in the affiliate, and adjustments to reflect the entity's pro rata share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated affiliates.

We make additional adjustments to EBITDAre when evaluating our performance because we believe that the exclusion of certain additional items described below provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our ongoing operating performance. We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDAre, when combined with the primary GAAP presentation of net income, is beneficial to an investor's understanding of our operating performance. Adjusted EBITDAre also is similar to the measure used to calculate certain credit ratios for our credit facility and senior notes. We adjust EBITDAre for the following items, which may occur in any period, and refer to this measure as Adjusted EBITDAre.

- Property Insurance Gains We exclude the effect of property insurance gains reflected in our consolidated statements of operations because we believe that including them
  in Adjusted EBITDAre is not consistent with reflecting the ongoing performance of our assets. In addition, property insurance gains could be less important to investors given
  that the depreciated asset book value written off in connection with the calculation of the property insurance gain often does not reflect the market value of real estate assets.
- Acquisition Costs Under GAAP, costs associated with completed property acquisitions that are considered business combinations are expensed in the year incurred. We exclude the effect of these costs because we believe they are not reflective of the ongoing performance of the Company.
- Litigation Gains and Losses We exclude the effect of gains or losses associated with litigation recorded under GAAP that we consider outside the ordinary course of business. We believe that including these items is not consistent with our ongoing operating performance.

In unusual circumstances, we also may adjust EBITDAre for gains or losses that management believes are not representative of the Company's current operating performance. The last such adjustment was a 2013 exclusion of a gain from an eminent domain claim.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Limitations on the Use of NAREIT FFO per Diluted Share, Adjusted FFO per Diluted Share, EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and NOI

We calculate NAREIT FFO per diluted share in accordance with standards established by NAREIT, which may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies that do not use the NAREIT definition of FFO or do not calculate FFO per diluted share in accordance with NAREIT guidance. In addition, although FFO per diluted share is a useful measure when comparing our results to other REITs, it may not be helpful to investors when comparing us to non-REITs. We also calculate Adjusted FFO per diluted share, which is not in accordance with NAREIT guidance and may not be comparable to measures calculated by other companies. This information should not be considered as an alternative to net income, operating profit, cash from operations or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Cash expenditures for various long-term assets (such as renewal and replacement capital expenditures, with the exception of NOI), interest expense (for EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre and NOI purposes only) and other items have been and will be made and are not reflected in the EBITDA, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO per diluted share, Adjusted FFO per diluted share and NOI presentations. Management compensates for these imitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statement of operations and cash flows include interest expense, capital expenditures, and other excluded items, all of which should be considered when evaluating our performance, as well as the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures. Additionally, NAREIT FFO per diluted share, EBITDA, EBITDARe, Adjusted EBITDARe and NOI should not be considered as a measure of our liquidity or indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions. In addition, NAREIT FFO per diluted share and Adjusted FFO per diluted share do not measure, and should not

Similarly, EBITDAre, Adjusted EBITDAre, NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of our equity investments and NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share include adjustments for the pro rata share of non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships. Our equity investments consist of interests ranging from 11% to 67% in seven domestic and international partnerships that own a total of 10 properties and a vacation ownership development. Due to the voting rights of the outside owners, we do not control and, therefore, do not consolidate these entities. The non-controlling partners in consolidated partnerships primarily consist of the approximate 1% interest in Host LP held by outside partners, and a 15% interest held by outside partners in a partnership owning one hotel for which we do control the entity and, therefore, consolidate its operations. These pro rata results for NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share, EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre were calculated as set forth in the definitions above. Readers should be cautioned that the pro rata results presented in these measures for consolidated partnerships (for NAREIT FFO and Adjusted FFO per diluted share) and equity investments may not accurately depict the legal and economic implications of our investments in these entities.

Comparable Hotel Property Level Operating Results

We present certain operating results for our hotels, such as hotel revenues, expenses, food and beverage profit, and EBITDA (and the related margins), on a comparable hotel, or "same store," basis as supplemental information for investors. Our comparable hotel results present operating results for hotels owned during the entirety of the periods being compared without giving effect to any acquisitions or dispositions, significant property damage or large scale capital improvements incurred during these periods. We present comparable hotel EBITDA to help us and our investors evaluate the ongoing operating performance of our comparable properties after removing the impact of the Company's capital structure (primarily interest expense), and its asset base (primarily depreciation and amortization). Corporate-level costs and expenses are also removed to arrive at property-level results. We believe these property-level results provide investors with supplemental information into the ongoing operating performance of our comparable hotels. Comparable hotel results are presented both by location and for the Company's comparable properties in the aggregate. We eliminate depreciation and amortization because, even though depreciation and amortization are property-level expenses, these non-cash expenses, which are based on historical cost accounting for real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. As noted earlier, because real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many real estate industry investors have considered presentation of historical cost accounting for operating results to be insufficient by themselves.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (CONTINUED)

Because of the elimination of corporate-level costs and expenses and depreciation and amortization, the comparable hotel operating results we present do not represent our total revenues, expenses, operating profit or net income and should not be used to evaluate the performance of our Company as a whole. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of our operating performance. Our consolidated statements of operations include such amounts, all of which should be considered by investors when evaluating our performance.

We present these hotel operating results on a comparable hotel basis because we believe that doing so provides investors and management with useful information for evaluating the period-to-period performance of our hotels and facilitates comparisons with other hotel REITs and hotel owners. In particular, these measures assist management and investors in distinguishing whether increases or decreases in revenues and/or expenses are due to growth or decline of operations at comparable hotel results is a "same stop our portfolio") or from other factors, such as the effect of acquisitions or dispositions. While management believes that presentation of comparable hotel results is a "same stop or or supplemental measure that provides useful information in evaluating our ongoing performance, this measure is not used to allocate resources or to assess the operating performance cach of these hotels, as these decisions are based on data for individual hotels and are not based on comparable hotel results. For these reasons, we believe that comparable hotel results when combined with the presentation of GAAP operating profit, revenues and expenses, provide useful information to investors and management.

Credit Facility Leverage and Fixed Charge Coverage Ratios and Senior Notes EBITDA to Interest Coverage Ratio

Host's credit facility and senior notes indenture contain certain financial covenants, including allowable leverage fixed charge coverage and EBITDA to interest coverage ratios, which are determined using EBITDA as calculated under the terms of our credit facility ("Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA") and senior notes indenture ("Adjusted Senior Notes EBITDA"). The leverage ratio is defined as and tedet plus preferred equity to Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA. The fixed charge coverage ratio is defined as Adjusted Credit Facility EBITDA divided by fixed charges, which include interest expense, required debt amortization payments, cash taxes and preferred stock payments. The EBITDA to interest coverage ratio is defined as Adjusted Senior Notes EBITDA to interest expense as defined by our senior notes indenture. These calculations are based on pro forma results for the prior four fiscal quarters, genting effect to transactions such as acquisitions, dispositions and financings as if they coursed at the beginning of the period. Under the terms of the credit facility and senior notes indenture, interest expense excludes items such as the gains, and losses on the extinguishment of debt, deferred financing charges related to the senior notes or the credit facility, amortization of debt premiums or discounts that were recorded at issuance of a loan to establish its fair value and non-cash interest expense, all of which are included in interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations.

Additionally, total debt used in the calculation of our leverage ratio is based on a "net debt" concept, under which cash and cash equivalents in excess of \$100 million are deducted from our total debt balance. In this presentation we have presented our credit facility leverage and fixed charge coverage ratios and senior notes EBITDA to interest coverage ratio, which are considered non-GAAP financial measures. Management believes these financial ratios provide useful information to investors regarding our ability to access the capital markets and in particular debt financing.

Limitations on Credit Facility and Senior Notes Credit Ratios

These metrics are useful in evaluating the Company's compliance with the covenants contained in its credit facility and senior notes indentures. However, because of the various adjustments taken to the ratio components as a result of negotiations with the Company's lenders and noteholders they should not be considered as an alternative to the same ratios determined in accordance with GAAP. For instance, interest expense as calculated under the credit facility and senior notes indenture excludes the items noted above such as deferred financing charges and amortization of debt premiums or discounts, all of which are included in interest expense on our consolidated statement of operations. Management compensates for these limitations by separately considering the impact of these excluded items to the extent they are material to operating decisions or assessments of performance. In addition, because the credit facility and indenture ratio components are also based on pro forma results for the prior four fiscal quarters, giving effect to transactions such as acquisitions, dispositions and financings as if they occurred at the beginning of the period, they are not reflective of actual performance over the same period calculated in accordance with GAAP.